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TELEGRAMS.

The Alabama Claims in the British House of Lords.

Strike of Coal Miners at Charleroi, Belgium.

The Austrian Civil Marriage Bill Almost a Law.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Parliamentary Proceedings—The Alabama Question in the House of Lords—Irish Reform—Church Reform Postponed.

LONDON, Friday, March 27.

In the House of Lords, this evening, the question of the *Alabama* claims came up and gave rise to some debate.

Earl RUSSELL made a speech in which he reviewed the relations of Great Britain and the United States during the war of rebellion, and defended the policy pursued by him in the case of the *Alabama* and other Confederate cruisers.

Lord CAIRNS sustained the course of the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Lord STANLEY, in the controversy with the American Government on the *Alabama* claims.

Lord WESTBURY defined the laws of England bearing upon the question at issue, and denied the justice of the claims for indemnity urged by Mr. SEWARD.

In the House of Commons this evening Lord STANLEY gave notice that on Monday next he should offer a resolution that the consideration of the question of reform in the Irish Church Establishment be left to the next Parliament.

The Fenians—Capt. Deasy Not Captured—Sentence of Mullady and Thompson.

LONDON, Friday, March 27.

There is no doubt that the officers who made an arrest at Salford the other day were imposed upon. It now appears that the person arrested was not the Fenian Capt. DEASY, as at first supposed, although the prisoner closely resembled DEASY. The authorities are now fully satisfied that DEASY has successfully escaped to the United States.

The Fenians, THOMPSON and MULLADY, who were tried in Manchester for the murder of Police Sergeant BRETT, and convicted and afterward reprieved, have been sentenced to imprisonment and hard labor for life.

ITALY.

Admiral Farragut at Naples.

NAPLES, Friday, March 27.

Admiral FARRAGUT has returned to this city from Rome. He will remain here a few days for repose and recruitment of his health, and then sail with his fleet for Constantinople.

Attempted Repression of Brigandage.

FLORENCE, Friday, March 27.

The Government is taking active measures to repress the system of brigandage now prevalent in various parts of the Kingdom. A large body of troops is to be immediately put in readiness under Gen. PALLAVICINI, to operate against the outlaws in the province of Naples.

BELGIUM.

Strike of Coal Miners at Charleroi—The Rioters Fired Upon.

LONDON, Friday, March 27.

Dispatches have been received here stating that a strike has occurred among the operatives of the coal mines at Charleroi, in Belgium. The discontented workmen assembled in a body, and soon became riotous. The authorities found it necessary to call out the troops to repress the disorder.

After the rioters had been warned to desist and disperse, they were at last fired upon by the soldiers, and many of them killed and wounded. The latest telegrams announce that the riot has been suppressed, and that the town is tranquil.

AUSTRIA.

The Civil Marriage Bill as Amended Agreed to by Both Houses of the Reichsrath.

LONDON, Friday, March 27.

The report telegraphed from Vienna a day or two ago that the Civil Marriage bill had finally passed both Houses of the Reichsrath, was premature. Some amendments were made before its passage in the Upper House, and the bill was returned to the Lower House for its concurrence. These amendments were agreed to to-day by the lower branch of the Reichsrath, and the bill, as amended, now stands passed by both Houses, and only awaits the assent of the Emperor to become a law.

SPAIN.

Indemnity to Great Britain for the Seizure of a Vessel.

MADRID, Friday, March 27.

The Spanish Cortes has passed a bill granting indemnity to Great Britain for the seizure and detention of the vessel *Queen Victoria*.

Members of Congress to be voted for at the Louisiana Election.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, March 27.

Gen. BUCHANAN has issued an order for an election in Louisiana for members of the House of Representatives of the United States, and such State, judicial, parish and municipal officers as provided by the Constitution to be submitted. This election is to be in all respects part of the election heretofore ordered in Special Orders, March 11, (subject only to such modifications as may be required by act of Congress,) under which it is ordered that ballots for or against the Constitution shall have on them the names of the several officers voted for, and the returns of the elections shall be made to the Commanding General.

The river is at a stand 3 feet and 10 inches below the high-water mark of 1862.

The Galveston steamer *Ariadne*, reported to have been wrecked, has arrived here safely.

The Union Pacific Railroad.

OMAHA, Friday, March 27.

The Union Pacific Railroad is completed to a point twenty-seven miles west of Cheyenne, and within four miles of the highest summit on the entire route. The number of men now employed in that section is 3,000.

A British Ships' Captain and Mate Arraigned in Boston for Manslaughter.

BOSTON, Friday, March 27.

CHAS. H. MACLOON and NICHOLAS KEARNEY, master and mate of the British ship *Telegda* were arraigned in the Municipal Court to-day, charged with manslaughter in causing the death of CHARLES EDWIN HOOPER. The accused pleaded "not guilty," and were held to bail in the sum of $8,000 each for trial.

SONORA.

Terminus of the Southern Pacific Railroad—Sonora to be Annexed to the United States.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, March 27.

Advices from Sonora represent that there is considerable excitement at Guaymas in regard to the location at that point of the terminus of the Southern Pacific Railroad. A survey of the port has been ordered to be made.

Gov. McCORMICK, of Arizona, is said to have called the attention of the Government to the importance of Sonora.

Gov. PESQUERA, of Sonora, is in correspondence with Gen. McDOWELL, and it is believed a plan is maturing for annexation to the United States.

The cotton crop of Sonora the present year is a success.

JUAREZ has appointed JESUS GARCIA MORALES commanding General of Sonora, entirely separating the military and civil governments. Trouble is anticipated in consequence, MORALES having already interfered with the plans of PESQUERA.

LOWER CALIFORNIA.

Threatened Revolution—Destruction of American Commerce.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, March 27.

Lower California advices state that the law abolishing servitude for debt, which passed the last Legislature, meets with opposition in the rural districts. Rumors of a revolution are rife.

Complaints are made of the discrimination of the Mexican Government in favor of European Commerce. Many foreign cargoes have been entered at Guaymas and other ports, at a reduction of one-half the duties, thus destroying American trade.

It is stated that the United States Gulf Squadron has entered into competition with the British fleet for the transportation of specie and bullion.

The mining interests of Lower California are progressing slowly. Eighty-five thousand dollars were shipped by the last steamer. It is the intention of the Government to establish a mint at Lapaz.

American Silver in Canada—Fenian Prisoners.

OTTAWA, C. W., Friday, March 27.

In the House, yesterday, Hon. Mr. ROSE said that it was the intention of the Government to introduce very soon a bill making American silver a legal-tender up to a certain amount, at such rates as the Government in council may determine.

Among the papers laid before the House regarding the case of Rev. JOHN McMAHON and other Fenian prisoners in Canada, is a letter dated Jan. 11, to Lord MONCK, from the Duke of Buckingham, in which the latter says that Her Majesty's Government would not be justified in mitigating their sentence.

It is said that the government has resolved to repeal the duties on corn, flour, &c., as a concession to New-Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

It is understood that the Government will yield to the wishes of the life insurance companies and accept deposits of $50,000, to be held by the Government as security to policy-holders, the deposits to be increased according to the annual receipts until $100,000 have been deposited; and the deposits to be made in Dominion stock, except in case of American companies, from whom American securities may be accepted.

The Democracy of Georgia—Resolutions Adopted.

MACON, Ga., Friday, March 27.

The Democratic Central Executive Committee adjourned this morning. The following resolution comprises the material part of their action:

Resolved, That for reasons founded alike on the illegitimacy of its origin and its odious character, we urge upon our friends throughout the State sternly to oppose, by all lawful means, on the hustings and at the polls, a ratification of the instrument recently promulgated at Atlanta as a constitution for Georgia; but,

Whereas, The Atlanta Constitution may be imposed upon us notwithstanding our opposition thereto; and, in that event, it will be of vital importance to all the people of Georgia to have good and sound men to administer the State Government under it; and,

Whereas, Hon. AUGUSTUS REESE has declined the candidacy for Governor of Georgia, tendered him by this Committee, and it is deemed impracticable from want of time to hold a Nominating Convention, in which all parts of the State shall be fairly and fully represented; and

Whereas, Owing to disfranchisement and other causes, numerous and serious embarrassments surround the question of a strict party nomination for Governor at the present time; for these reasons,

Resolved, That the State Central Committee of the Democratic Party deem it unadvisable to make any nomination for Governor at the approaching election, and advise and urge the Democrats and Conservatives of the State to cast their votes a unit for the independent candidate now in the field, the Hon. DAVID IRWIN. We are satisfied that he holds no views inimical to the honor or welfare of Georgia. We confide in his ability, integrity and devotion to his State, and in these have a guarantee that if elected he will administer the Government solely in the interest of the people.

Resolved, That our friends throughout the State be urged to bring into the field in every County and Senatorial District good and true men for the Legislature, in every case, selecting candidates who are registered voters, as we are advised that none others will be allowed to take their seats.

Cheap Transportation from the West—Resolutions of the Chicago Business Men.

CHICAGO, Friday, March 27.

The following resolutions were read on Change to-day; they will come up for final action to-morrow:

Whereas, The question of cheap transportation is one of vital importance to the productive industry of the Northwest; and,

Whereas, The construction of competing lines of railroad from the West to the seaboard has always been regarded by us as a means to secure the end, and consideration for which important rights have been surrendered; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we cannot view with indifference the efforts now being made by the chief manager of one of the most important of these lines, by the means and influence which the New-York Central Railroad furnishes, to control the travel and commerce of the Northwest.

Resolved, That we hereby pledge our sympathy, influence and patronage to such lines of traffic, conducted on their own merits, as will afford us the cheapest and most expeditious routes to the seaboard market.

Resolved, That in the judgment of this Board of Trade the tolls on produce exacted on the Erie Canal are extortionate, and calculated to, and are diverting commerce from the lakes to the Mississippi River route, and that however eligible the route through Central New-York to the seaboard may be esteemed, it is not so eligible as to be beyond the reach of competition, as the managers may realize when too late to retrieve their error—for long forbearance is not acquiescence in extortion.

A Hackman Killed by a Policeman in Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Friday, March 27.

A shooting affray took place to-night in front of the United States Hotel. "Yankee" BLIGH, a police officer, in attempting to arrest two hackmen who were scuffling, was assaulted by them, when he drew his revolver and fired twice at one of the assaulting party, the balls taking effect in his neck and body, producing mortal wounds.

The Alta Vela Island and the Pennsylvania Legislature.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Friday, March 27.

The Senate to-day passed a joint resolution requesting the President to protect American citizens in the guano trade, and to compel the St. Domingo Government to restore at once the Island of Alta Vela.

Bank Robbery in Kansas.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, March 27.

The banking-house of HALE RICE, at Junction City, Kansas, was robbed yesterday morning of $16,000, deposited the evening before by Mr. F. RAMALLE. No clue has been obtained to indicate who are the robbers.

The Mississippi Convention.

JACKSON, Miss., Friday, March 27.

In the Convention to-day the report of the Judiciary Committee was under consideration.

GIBBONS, the assassin of ESTELLO, was committed to jail without the privilege of bail.

Calendar of the Court of Appeals.

ALBANY, Friday, March 27.

The day calendar of the Court of Appeals to-morrow is: Nos. 17½, 25, 27, 28, 29, 33, 36, 38, 40, 41, 42, 115, 116, 117, 118.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Friday, March 27.

Mr. CONKLING introduced a joint resolution for the relief of certain officers, non-commissioned officers and soldiers of the army, which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

NEVADA.

Mr. STEWART introduced a bill to fix the salary of the Attorney of the State of Nevada, which was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

COASTING TRADE.

Mr. CHANDLER called up the bill to regulate the coasting trade on the Northern, Northwestern and Northeastern frontiers of the United States, for which he offered an elaborate substitute. Mr. CHANDLER explained that a vessel clearing at Buffalo, is now obliged to take out a manifest at every port at which she touches.

The bill authorized the captain to state in the original manifest what his cargo is, and where it is to be delivered, without requiring him to take out any other until he should reach his destination. The fees were otherwise but slightly changed.

At the suggestion of Mr. FESSENDEN the bill was laid over, Mr. CHANDLER giving notice that he would call it up to-morrow.

OUR MINERAL RESOURCES.

Mr. ROSS offered a resolution to print 5,000 additional copies of J. ROSS BROWNE on the Mineral Resources of the Territories. Referred to the Committee on Printing.

NATIONAL CURRENCY.

Mr. CATTELL moved to take up the bill supplementary to an act "to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864.

Mr. HOWARD and others urged that the bill in relation to the Central Branch of the Union Pacific Railroad be taken up, and the discussion on it concluded.

Mr. CATTELL's motion prevailed, and he addressed the Senate in support of the bill. He claimed that the National Banking system should have a fair trial; that it was based on sound principles; that it had been shown already to be a great improvement upon the system of State banks. This bill would correct what experience had shown to be a defect in the system, namely, a plethora of money in the Eastern cities to the impoverishment of other places, resulting from sending bank reserves which are intended to be the conservative power of the system from the country to city banks, which pay interest on them and appropriate them as if they were usable capital, thus destroying the reserve required by law to be kept. Banks were property lenders, not borrowers. When they departed from their proper sphere they became speculators in money. His friend from Missouri (HENDERSON) would, probably, before the session closes, introduce some measure looking to an increase in the volume of the currency for the benefit of the West, when the manifest tendency of the practice he had referred to would be to continue the scarcity of money in the West. The only thing to correct this evil, in his opinion, was such a bill as the present one, forbidding the practice.

Mr. CAMERON said country banks found it necessary at certain seasons of the year, when their funds were otherwise employed, to keep their balances in the city to draw interest. He moved to amend the bill by inserting in the first section as follows: "Nor shall any bank located in said cities loan to brokers or other persons engaged in stock speculations any portion of their funds." He then suggested that as this bill required consideration, it be laid over.

Mr. MORRILL, of Maine, moved to lay the bill aside, for the purpose of taking up the Naval Appropriation bill.

Mr. HOWARD again urged that his bill, above-named, be taken up.

Mr. SUMNER asked a division of the question, hoping the Pacific Railroad bill would be continued until disposed of.

The first part of Mr. MORRILL's motion, postponing the pending bill, was agreed to.

NAVAL APPROPRIATIONS.

After further discussion on the propriety of taking up one bill or the other, the second part of the motion prevailed, and the Naval Appropriation bill was taken up.

The Committee on Appropriations report the following amendment:

"The proviso requiring unexpended balances, or money derived from sales of public property, which may remain unexpended next July, to be covered into the Treasury, is stricken out, as is also the provision that the civil engineers, naval storekeepers and master mechanics of the several navy-yards shall be appointed by the President, with the consent of the Senate, from civil life, and not from the navy.

The appropriation for pay of the Marine Corps is reduced from $877,000 to $170,000; that for provisions for the Marine Corps is reduced from $127,000 to $100,000, and for clothing, from $102,000 to $100,000; and for transportation of officers and recruits, same corps, from $20,000 to $12,000. The amount appropriated for the pay of mechanics and laborers, and for the support of the Department of Steam Engineering at naval academies, is reduced from $7,000 to $5,000, and the amount for binnacles, &c., to be made in navy yards, from $6,000 to $3,000. The following appropriations are stricken out: For libraries for vessels, $45,000; for salary of deputy clerks at the Naval Observatory, $4,000; for the Naval Laboratory, $20,000; for repairs of marine barracks at Washington, $5,000. The appropriation for the pay of Professors at the Naval Academy is increased from $73,000 to $76,000, and that for the expenses of visitors from $1,000 to $2,000.

There is also an amendment to authorize the enlistment of 1,250 apprentices and boys, in addition to the 8,500 seamen, landsmen and mechanics authorized by the bill, to be employed in the navy. On the amendment striking out the proviso that the civil engineers and naval storekeepers, at the several navy-yards, and the persons appointed at the several navy-yards to superintend the mechanical department, specifying them, shall be appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall be men skilled in their several duties and appointed from civil life, and not from offices of the navy.

Mr. WILSON said he hoped the amendments would not be agreed to.

Some discussion followed in regard to the system of political proscription in navy-yards.

Mr. SUMNER and others urged the necessity of the provision in that view.

Mr. JOHNSON ridiculed the idea of the Senate trying the merits of carpenters, joiners and sailmakers. It was beneath their dignity.

Mr. FESSENDEN said no political object could be served by the provision, as most of such changes had already been made. The Republican Party expected to be successful at the next election, and will probably have a new Secretary of the Navy, when these evils could be corrected. He saw no reason for forbidding the appointment of officers of the navy, which would doubtless save expense. Officers could be appointed who would otherwise be idle.

Mr. WILSON was opposed to the system of placing navy officers over mechanics. He moved to strike out the words "civil engineers and naval storekeepers at the several navy-yards;" also the words "appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate."

The amendment was agreed to.

In reply to a remark by Mr. SUMNER in regard to his personal knowledge of the ill effects of the system of political proscription in navy yards, Mr. HENDRICKS provoked considerable amusement by drawing a picture of the Senator passing judgment upon the work of the operatives. Mr. SUMNER had cultivated his judgment so highly, however, in everything else that his judgment on machinery was not worth a groat. It was quite impossible for a man to know everything. Those men and their families took as much pride in their good name as machinists and their honesty, in an humble way, as did the Senator in his knowledge of law and philosophy, and especially literature, in which what he did not know was not worth looking after. What right had he to blacken their names for skill and honesty?

Mr. SUMNER denied having detracted from their skill and honesty. He had said changes had been made under malign influences, that were not for the better, and that good men had been displaced.

Mr. HENDRICKS thought this outcry uncalled for. He had not, as a member of the Naval Committee, heard any complaints in regard to Superintendents of navy-yards. He deprecated the introduction of politics into the question.

Mr. NYE had no doubt the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. SUMNER) knew as much of mechanics as the Secretary of the Navy. He alluded to the conflict existing between the Engineer's Department and the other departments of the navy, and said there would soon be a bill to regulate the management of the yards, which would result in augmenting their efficiency. He believed that to follow the course of the British Government and go into the market for our engineering would save untold millions. He congratulated the working men of Indiana in having such an able advocate here. They would doubtless read his remarks with great pleasure.

Mr. SUMNER said the Senator from Indiana could not torture anything he had said into an argument against laboring men. He desired to prevent them being proscribed for their opinions. Good Union men had been removed from the Navy-yard at Boston to make way for those holding opinions like those of the present Secretary of the Navy. It was an abuse which ought to be remedied.

The question recurred on striking out the proviso as amended, which was agreed to, 23 to 8.

On the amendment striking out the provision for three aids to the Clerk of the Naval Observatory, at the expense of $4,000, Mr. FESSENDEN asked the object, saying he thought their services were necessary.

Mr. MORRILL, of Maine, said the Committee found no authority for these officers as such, in the statute to which they were referred.

Mr. HENDRICKS suggested that the appropriation be left as it is, and that they economize on something else.

Mr. CONKLING said the Chairman of the Committee the opinion that these officers were unnecessary.

Mr. FESSENDEN suggested that the Clerk could not get along with his observations alone.

Mr. CONKLING replied that there was other assistance available.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the amendment of the clause striking out in the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery "for naval laboratory $20,000," Mr. HENDRICKS asked an explanation.

Mr. MORRILL said they had asked $80,000 for buildings, and having been allowed only this amount, it was evidently inadequate.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the amendment striking out $877,000 and inserting $170,000 for pay, &c., of the Marine Corps, Mr. MORRILL, in reply to a question by Mr. TRUMBULL, said it was based on a reduction of the service, which, with the fact that a balance remained of this appropriation, would make it sufficient.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the amendment substituting the word "excluding" for "including" in the provision for 8,500 seamen, &c., including apprentices and boys, and inserting a provision for 1,250 of the latter, Mr. CONKLING opposed it on the ground that it made a large increase of the navy at a time when we are cutting down all the expenses of the Government.

Mr. MORRILL said the bill left the navy in numbers as it was before the war, but provided for a continuance of the system of apprentices adopted and found valuable during the war.

Mr. EDMUNDS argued that to reduce the navy to a peace footing they should leave the bill as it came from the House. The navy had been kept upon a large scale before the war to suit the ideas of Presidents with what were called "Democratic instincts."

Mr. BUCKALEW thought the arguments conclusive against the amendment: they should not increase any appropriation without its merits being clearly shown.

Further discussion was had by Messrs. CONKLING and MORRILL on the question, the former arguing that the effect of the amendment was to add 1,250 to the effective force of the navy as it stood before the war, and Mr. MORRILL showing that the addition would be only 450, which would be done in accordance with the law in regard to apprentices, there having been 800 boys in the navy before the war.

The amendment was agreed to—11 to 14.

REPORTS OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEES.

Pending the final action on the bill, the reports of the Committee of Conference on the bill in regard to covering into the Treasury the proceeds of captured and abandoned property, and the bill to relieve certain manufactures from internal tax, were presented by the Clerk of the House, with the announcement of the concurrence of the House.

At the instance of Mr. SHERMAN the latter was immediately taken up. He explained that the Senate amendment has been substantially agreed to; and also explained the nature of the House amendment punishing whisky frauds by fine and imprisonment.

Mr. NYE thought the last provision was unjust. Circumstances might arise to necessitate the call of a man's stock at a rate lower than the tax.

Mr. SHERMAN said it did not prevent the manufacturer selling whisky at three cents a gallon if he desired; but it prevented his carrying on the manufacture at the same time. No man but a fool or insane person would sell for less than the tax, unless he intended to commit fraud.

Mr. NYE replied that there was no law to punish madmen or fools, and he denied the propriety of a law assuming a man to be guilty of fraud in carrying on a lawful business.

Mr. HENDRICKS thought the bill had better go over and be printed. It was too important to decide hastily.

Mr. FESSENDEN coincided in the opinion of Mr. BUCKALEW, and condemned the system of legislation by which, as in this bill, new matter was introduced into a bill that has passed both Houses.

Mr. SHERMAN argued to let the report go over and be printed, and the motion prevailed.

THE SUPREME COURT BILL.

Mr. WILSON offered a resolution, which was adopted, providing for sending the bill, passed over the President's veto last evening, to the Secretary of State for promulgation, signed by the Secretary of the Senate and Clerk of the House.

At 5 o'clock, without further action on the Navy Appropriation bill, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. MEYERS presented a memorial of fifty members of the Philadelphia Commercial Exchange, in favor of a remission of dues on taxes on shipbuilding materials, and of a judicious system of subsidies for ocean steamer lines.

REPORTS.

The Speaker announced that the regular business in the morning hour was the Committees for reports of a private character.

Mr. WELKER took the floor to make a report from the Committee on the District of Columbia.

Mr. BURR suggested, in view of the pendency of the Alabama Bill, which is to be voted on at 4:30 o'clock to-day, that the morning hour be dispensed with, so as to allow more time for discussion.

Mr. WELKER objected, and reported a bill concerning property of married women in the District of Columbia.

Mr. MAYNARD made a point of order, that the bill was a public one and should not be reported under the call for private business, and the Speaker so ruled.

The morning hour was occupied with business appertaining to the District of Columbia, and was of no great interest.

THE ALABAMA ELECTION RETURNS.

After the morning hour Mr. BOUTWELL, from the Reconstruction Committee, reported a resolution calling on the Secretary of War for copies of all reports made by Major-Gen. MEADE to the General of the Army relating to the election in Alabama, which was adopted.

LOYAL CLAIMS.

Mr. THOMAS offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Claims to inquire into the expediency of devising means for ascertaining the precise amounts severally due to loyal claimants by the United States, for which payment is not now authorized by law, and providing for the payment thereof by a grant of public land, &c.

NATURALIZATION.

Mr. SPAULDING presented resolutions of his Legislature in relation to the rights of naturalized citizens abroad. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE SCRIP.

Mr. ASHLEY, of Nevada, introduced a bill making Agricultural College scrip receivable in payment of preëmption claims. Referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

THE SUPREME COURT VETO.

The SPEAKER, at a quarter before two o'clock, laid before the House the message from the Senate, communicating the President's veto of the bill amending the Judiciary act, and its action thereon. The veto message was thereupon read.

The SPEAKER stated that the question was, "Will the House, on reconsideration, agree to the passage of this bill."

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, took the floor.

Mr. WOODWARD at the same time sought the floor.

Mr. WILSON asked how much time the gentleman from Pennsylvania desired.

Mr. WOODWARD suggested that he desired to have an hour.

Mr. WILSON said that was all the time he had.

Mr. ELDRIDGE inquired what the gentleman from Iowa meant by that? The bill was in his control, and it was not absolutely imperative on him to call the previous question.

Mr. WILSON said he meant simply this, that he was in possession of the floor, and was entitled to hold it for one hour.

Mr. ELDRIDGE repeated that it was not necessary for the gentleman to move the previous question.

Mr. WILSON said it was nevertheless his purpose to demand the previous question.

Mr. MAYNARD suggested that the discussion go on until four o'clock, as he was curious to hear what objection the ingenious gentleman on the other side could urge against the bill.

Mr. WILSON notified Mr. WOODWARD that he could have fifteen minutes.

Mr. WOODWARD said he would have to decline accepting fifteen minutes.

Mr. WILSON said he would allow the minority half an hour, and the gentleman from Pennsylvania might have it all.

Mr. BROOKS hoped the gentleman from Pennsylvania would not take fifteen minutes, but would let the majority gag down the minority.

Mr. WILSON—Very well, then; I withdraw my offer to allow half an hour.

Mr. BROOKS said he had not heard that offer.

Mr. WILSON renewed the offer, adding that, if the minority were satisfied that the gentleman from Pennsylvania should consume the hour, half of it was satisfactory to him.

Mr. ELDRIDGE did not wish it understood that that time was satisfactory to the minority of the House. They did not consider that that was a proper, reasonable time to discuss such a measure; and as one of the minority, he protested against the bill being rushed through after one hour's discussion.

Mr. WOODWARD took the floor to speak against the bill. He had no objection whatever to the first section, which was all right, and should be passed; but he asked what was the constitution of that mind which could insist on such a law for the taxpayer, and deny the citizen of the United States the *habeas corpus?* Did gentlemen think that questions which touched the pocket were superior to questions which touched the life and liberty of the citizens? Were gentlemen descended from those Saxon ancestors who toiled and suffered for centuries to obtain and maintain those great principles of civil liberty, ready now to surrender them quietly, while they would hedge around and guard by legislation the interest which the citizen had in questions of public taxes. He argued that in the McArdle case the rights of McARDLE were vested, and he suggested that those rights were just as worthy of being respected and protected by Congress as if he were a negro. Admitting the proposition that the passage of the law would divest the Supreme Court of its jurisdiction in that case, what would be the position before the country of Congress? This law prostrated the distinction between the coördinate branches of the Government, and trampled the Constitution under foot. He looked upon any interference whatever with the Courts of judicial action as not only a great indelicacy, but as a most dangerous precedent. The Tenure of Office bill had virtually destroyed the independence of the Executive Department of the Government, and now this bill was aimed at the judicial department. What were the people to understand? Just this: that the legislative department of the country was determined to consolidate all the powers of the Government in its own hands into a grand legislative oligarchy, the country to be governed by the Legislature, and the Legislature to be governed by—the Lord knew who.

Mr. HUBBARD, of Connecticut, having five minutes allowed him, spoke against the bill. He did not agree with the gentleman from Pennsylvania (WOODWARD) that the bill would not reach the McArdle case. He believed that it would reach it and sweep it out of existence. The bill, if he might use a somewhat course expression, was a Demarara team—a horse and a jack-ass yoked together. If a man's ass, or his horse, or his ox were illegally distrained by a tax collector, he might under this bill travel to the Supreme Court for the purpose of recovering it; but if his wife, or his child, or himself happened to be distrained against the laws of the United States, he could not go to the Supreme Court without finding the doors slammed on him. That was the purpose and effect of this bill. A white man, for exercising the liberty of criticizing a military despotism, is seized. By whom? By the Sheriff, under the civil law? Not at all; but by an epauletted gentleman. He is committed to a dungeon, and what takes place next? He asks for a writ of *habeas corpus*, and when he gets to the Supreme Court the door is turned on its hinges against him by Congress.

Mr. WILSON (Iowa) closed the discussion. He said it seemed strange that after listening to the wails of the two gentlemen who had just been addressing the House, it seemed that the party they belonged to never discovered until now that it was important that the Supreme Court should have appellate jurisdiction in such cases as the one to which they have called our attention. This power never was vested in the Supreme Court of the United States until Feb. 5, 1867. By whom was it vested? By the Congress of the United States; and, if my recollection does not mislead me, vested after no little opposition made thereto by members of the Democratic Party on this floor. It was one of the measures adopted by the majority in Congress for the purpose of reaching a particular end. It was to enable persons held under the apprentice laws in some of the former slave States, to reach a destination of their right to freedom. The Supreme Court misapprehended the intention of Congress in passing that law, and attached jurisdiction under it to a class of cases which it was never intended to include. Finding that that use was being made of it, the House passed an amendment to the bill now pending, repealing that clause of the act of 1867. Have we in that violated any power invested in Congress? Does the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. WOODWARD) say that we have exceeded our powers? Does the gentleman from Connecticut (Mr. HUBBARD) say that we have? No, Sir; for they both tell us that the effect of this bill will be to deprive the Supreme Court of jurisdiction in the McArdle case. They thereby inform us in advance that the constitutionality of this bill will be sustained by the Supreme Court.

In reply to a remark of Mr. ELDRIDGE, Mr. WILSON said he was urging the passage of this bill, not because he believed that the act of 1867 gave the Supreme Court jurisdiction in the McArdle case, but because that Court had, by a misconstruction of it, assumed jurisdiction, and it was necessary to correct that assumption. Why, he asked, had not the Democratic Party in the days of its power given such jurisdiction to the Supreme Court; it was because, said Mr. ELDRIDGE in reply, that in the days of our power there was no such wrong inflicted on white citizens, as in the days of your power.

Mr. WILSON—During the time the gentleman's party held the reins of government, it held in slavery four millions of people and their descendants, and yet you come here to-day and lecture us for not being mindful of the liberties of man.

Mr. ELDRIDGE asked Mr. WILSON whether his real purpose was not to prevent a division of the Supreme Court as to the constitutionality of the Reconstruction laws?

Mr. WILSON replied—It may have entered into the considerations presented to my mind to endeavor to prevent any Court and especially the Supreme Court from usurping a power (if there be any intention in the minds of the Judges to do so) which has been denied to it by the Constitution of the United States, and which denial the Supreme Court has recognized from the earliest decisions of cases involving political questions to the present time. In conclusion, Mr. WILSON moved the previous question:

The previous question was seconded; the main question ordered by 110 to 34, and the bill passed. Yeas 112, nays 34; a strict party vote.

The Speaker proclaimed that the bill had become a law, it having passed the two Houses by the constitutional majority, notwithstanding the President's objections.

INDIAN APPROPRIATIONS.

The bill with the Senate amendment making partial appropriations for the service in the Indian Department, was taken from the Speaker's table, and gave rise to discussion as to its appropriate reference, Mr. WINDOM urging that it should be referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs, and Mr. BLAINE contending that its appropriate reference was the Committee on Appropriations. Pending the discussion,

PROCEEDS OF CAPTURED AND ABANDONED PROPERTY.

Mr. WASHBURN, of Wisconsin, from the Conference Committee on the joint resolution directing certain moneys now in the hands of the United States Treasurer as special agent of the Treasury Department, to be covered by warrant into the United States Treasury, made a report which was agreed to. It limits the sum allowed to the Secretary of the Treasury for contesting suits, to $75,000.

TAX EXEMPTIONS.

Mr. SCHENCK, from the Conference Committee on the bill exempting certain manufactures from taxation, made a report as follows: The House recedes from its amendment to the Senate amendment relative to contract machinery. In reference to drawbacks, none is to be allowed after the 1st day of June next. In reference to the tax on sales, the tax is to be on sales of all manufactures of $5,000, unless where specially provided for. The provision to guard against whisky frauds is somewhat altered. The report was agreed to.

After the conference report was read,

Mr. SCHENCK proceeded to explain the report. The provision about closing up all the distilleries in a district where whisky is on sale for ten days at less the amount of the tax, caused various interrogatories to be put to him. He said that bad as the whisky frauds were in Chicago, they were a little worse in New-York and very much worse in Philadelphia.

Mr. BROOKS suggested that he supposed the object of the bill was to stop distillation in the great cities and to confine it entirely to the rural districts.

Mr. SCHENCK denied that, and said that the rule was general, applying to the rural districts as well as the cities.

Mr. BROOKS remarked that most of the frauds in the cities were perpetrated by men coming from the rural districts.

Mr. SCHENCK thought it very likely. He added—men who were born away up in the New-England States, and who wandered down to the great cities, were very apt to fall into bad practices [laughter] and to become rather demoralized.

Mr. HOLMAN inquired whether if whisky was shipped from the West to New-York and was sold in New-York at less than the tax, the effect of the provision would be not only to close the distilleries of New-York, but also to close the distilleries in the district from which the whisky was shipped?

Mr. SCHENCK said it would only apply to the district where sales are made.

Mr. EGGLESTON put the case of a few whisky speculators who, in order to have the distilleries closed up, would combine to sell whisky, for ten days, below the tax, and then, the distilleries being all closed up, raise the price in the market

Mr. SCHENCK did not think that a very likely case. The worst possible consequences that could follow would be that distilleries would be shut up, and he did not think there would be many tears shed on that account. It might be that some innocent, pious distiller would be injured, but his impression was that where an instance of wrong would be done to an innocent, God-fearing distiller—[Laughter]—there was much more likelihood of catching a thousand rogues.

Various other questions were put by VAN WYCK, STEVENS, of Pennsylvania, BOUTWELL, BENTON and others, and were replied to by Mr. SCHENCK, but no explanation was asked or given as to what public advantage it would be to compel fraudulent distillers and whisky dealers to exact larger profits than they are satisfied with at present.

Finally the report was agreed to without a division.

THE INDIAN SERVICE.

The question relating to the reference of the bill making partial appropriation for the Indian service was resumed, and the bill was referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

IMPEACHMENT MATTERS.

Mr. BOUTWELL, from the Impeachment Managers, reported a resolution that after Monday next the House will postpone action on all matters except questions relating to the Impeachment of the President, until the conclusion of the trial now pending in the Senate.

The resolution provoked much discussion.

Mr. DAWES represented that the Committee on Elections had four important cases to bring before the House which would occupy much time.

Mr. PIKE suggested that considerable business might be done in the morning hours.

Mr. SCOFIELD said that if the House had sessions during the trial, that the result would be that all matters which ought to be defeated would be passed, and that all matters which ought to be passed would be defeated.

Mr. PIKE inquired whether that remark did not apply to much of the legislation done at present.

Mr. SCOFIELD said it did and that thin houses were always sought for the passage of improper measures.

Mr. STEVENS, of Pennsylvania, inquired whether the resolution had been authorized by the Impeachment managers.

Mr. BOUTWELL replied that on consultation between a majority of the Managers it had been agreed to.

Subsequently, owing to the suggestion of Mr. STEVENS, Mr. BOUTWELL withdrew the resolution, and the House at 5 o'clock adjourned until to-morrow, when the session is to be for business purposes, not for general debate.

The Tax Exemption Bill.

The following is the bill as passed by the House to-day, by adopting the report of the Committee of Conference. The Senate has not yet taken action on the subject:

AN ACT to exempt certain manufactures from internal tax and for other purposes.

Be it enacted, &c., That sections 94 and 95 of the act entitled "An Act to provide internal revenue to support, to pay the interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," approved June 30, 1864, and all acts and parts of acts amendatory of said sections be, and the same are, hereby repealed, except only so much of the said sections and amendments thereto as relates to the taxes imposed thereby on gas made of coal, wholly, or in part, or of any other material; on illuminating, lubricating or other mineral oil, or articles the products of the distillation, redistillation or refining of crude petroleum, or of a single distillation of coal, shale, peat, asphaltum, or other bituminous substance; on wines therein described, and on snuff and all the other manufactures of tobacco, including cigarettes, cigars and cheroots, provided that the products of petroleum and bituminous substances heretofore mentioned, except illuminating gas, shall, from and after the passage of this act, be taxed at one-half the rates fixed by the said section ninety-four, and nothing herein contained shall be construed as a repeal of any tax upon machinery or other articles which have been or may be delivered on contracts made with the United States prior to the passage of this act.

SEC. 2. That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to repeal or interfere with any law regulating or provision for the assessment or collection of any tax which, under existing laws, may accrue before the 1st day of April, A. D. 1868.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, that after the 1st day of June next, no drawback of internal taxes paid on manufactures shall be allowed on the exportation of any article of domestic manufactures on which there is no internal tax at the time of exportation; nor shall such drawback be allowed in any case unless it shall be proved by sworn evidence in writing to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue that the tax had been paid, and that such articles of manufacture were, prior to the 1st day of April, 1868, actually purchased or actually manufactured and contracted for, to be delivered for such exportation; and no claim for such drawback, or for any drawback of internal tax on exportations made prior to the passage of this act, shall be paid, unless presented to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue before the 1st day of October, 1868.

SEC. 4. That every person, firm or corporation, who shall manufacture by hand or machinery any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise specifically taxed as such, or who shall be engaged in the manufacture or preparation for sale of any articles or compounds, not otherwise specifically taxed, or shall put up for sale in packages with his own name or trade-mark thereon any articles or compound not otherwise specifically taxed, and whose annual sales exceed $5,000, shall pay for every additional $1,000 in excess of $5,000, $2; and the amount of sales within the year in excess of $5,000 shall be returned monthly to the Assistant Assessor; and the tax on sales in excess of $5,000 shall be assessed by the Assessor and paid monthly, as other monthly taxes are assessed and paid; and the assessment for the month of April, A. D. 1868, shall be made on the excess of sales above the rate of $5,000 per annum; and thereafter the annual period for the assessment of such tax shall commence on the 1st day of May in each year.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That every person who shall engage in, or carry on the business of a distiller, with intent to defraud the United States of the tax on the spirits distilled by him, or any part thereof, shall forfeit the distillery and distillery apparatus used by him; and all distilled spirits and all raw materials for the production of distilled spirits found in the distillery, and on the distillery premises, and shall, on conviction, be fined not less than $500 nor more than $5,000, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than three years.

SEC. 6. If it shall at any time come to the knowledge of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue that distilled spirits are selling directly or indirectly in any collection district at a market price less than the tax on such spirits, he shall forthwith institute a strict examination into the cause of such reduced sales, and into the business and conduct of all the Revenue officers in the district in which such sales are being made, and in the district in which such spirits have been manufactured, and when such sales below the amount of tax shall have been continued, or shall hereafter be continued in any collection district for a period of ten days, the Commissioner of Internal revenue shall forthwith cause every distillery in which the business of distilling is carried on in the district, to be seized and closed, and after such seizure no such distillery shall be permitted to continue or resume business, either under bond or any other pretext or arrangement, until relieved by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue from such seizure.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, that if any officer or agent appointed and acting under the authority of any revenue law of the United States, shall be guilty of a gross neglect in the discharge of any of the duties of his office, or shall conspire or collude with any other person to defraud the United States, or shall make an opportunity for a person to defraud the United States, or shall do or omit to do any act with the intent to enable any other person to defraud the United States, or shall make or sign any false certificate or return, in any case where he is by law or regulation required to make a certificate or return, or having knowledge or information of the violation of any revenue law by any person, or of fraud committed by any person against the United States, or any revenue law of the United States, shall fail to report in writing such knowledge or information to his next superior officer and to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, he shall, on conviction, be fined not less than $1,000 nor more than $5,000, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than three years.

NEW-YORK.

Legislative Proceedings—The Erie Railroad Controversy—Report of the Committee—The Excise Bill.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Friday, March 27, 1868.

The Drew and Vanderbilt fight culminated in the Assembly this morning. The Railroad Committee reported adversely to the petition of the Erie Company for a law legalizing the late issue of stock. An effort was made to table the report, but it was lost, and then, without debate, concurred in by a vote of yeas 83 to nays 33, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Ackert, Allis, W. S. Andrews, Babcock, Bamler, Bentley, Bergen, Bradstreet, Brush, Buel, D. Burns, P. Burns, Campbell, Chapman, Chism, W. S. Clark, Cornwall, Daily, Dayton, Decker, Eaton, Flack, F. H. Flagge, Frear, Furman, Galvin, Guigon, Halsey, Hartman, Hasbrouck, Howard, Hubbard, Humphrey, Irving, Jacobs, Johnson, Jones, Keady, Kiernan, La Bau, Lefler, Loughran, Lounsbery, Madden, Mallison, Matthewson, McKiever, Miller, Moran, Murphy, Nelson, Nicholson, O'Reilley, Parshall, Penfield, Pitts, Pond, Prince, Quinn, Raber, Rider, Riley, Root, Skeels, Skillman, C. L. Smith, Speaker, Stevens, Stewart, Sullard, Sumner, Torrey, Tower, Trainer, Van Brunt, Van Valkenburgh, Wellington, Wells, Wiley, Williams, A. I. Wood, F. H. Woods, Younglove—83.

NAYS—Messrs. Balcom, Bennet, Bigelow, Button, Cady, Cameron, Clark, Davis, J. L. Flagg, Gleason, Glenn, Juliand, Kinney, Lasher, Lawrence, Mann, Palmer, Place, Ranney, Ray, Reeve, A. Richardson, S. Richardson, Sargent, Selkreg, Sherman, L. E. Smith, Stannard, Starr, Tarbox, Topliff, Weed—32.

It is hardly likely to come up again in the House in any direct manner, but it may come down through the Senate, should the Select Committee of that body, which is to report on Tuesday next, take a different view from that entertained by the House Committee, or the regular Radical Committee of the Senate (which has a bill before it) may report favorably. It is hardly possible that so large a bone could have been picked clean by the Assembly.

The remainder of the session of the Assembly was devoted to the dullest of routine.

IN THE SENATE

it was slightly different. After a dreary hour or so of the monotony of the third reading of bills, the Finance Committee reported adversely on the following bills granting State aid to Railroads, which had already passed the Assembly:

1. Southern Central.
2. Buffalo and Washington.

Also, adversely on the following, which were Senate bills:

3. Dunkirk, Warren and Pittsburg.
4. Lake Ontario, Lake Shore—running from Oswego to Lewiston.

Also, for the consideration of the Senate, the following Assembly bill:

5. Albany and Susquehanna.

After a sharp debate the reports of the committees were disagreed to, (except No. 5,) and the bills ordered to the Committee of the Whole by the following votes: No. 1, yeas 17, nays 12; No. 2, yeas 18, nays 11; No. 3, yeas 17, nays 11; No. 4, yeas 17, nays 11.

Mr. FOLGER moved to disagree with the report of the Committee on No. 5, but his motion failed—yeas 10, nays 20.

At any rate, it is plain to see that at least six bills giving State aid (in the aggregate $1,500,000) are to pass both branches. What will be their fate in the Executive Chamber remains to be seen; but it must soon be known, as the pioneer bill has now been in the Executive Chamber several days. The vote to-day shows that probably they cannot pass over a veto, though it will be tight work for the eyes to prevent it in the Assembly, where three of six originated.

THE EXCISE BILL

was the next excitement. After the wreck had been cleared away, Senator TWEED thought it was time to stir them up again. After reciting clearly and plausibly the condition of the Committee on Internal Affairs, (of which he is a member,) and its relations to the Excise bill, which passed the Assembly some time since, and solemnly assuring the Senate that he was satisfied a majority of that Committee could not agree on any bill, he moved to discharge the Committee from the further consideration of the Assembly Excise bill, and to refer it to the Committee of the Whole.

The vote was taken in "silence and standing," or without debate, and stood yeas 14, nays 14, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Banks, Beach, Bradley, Caldwell, Creamer, Edwards, Genet, Mattoon, Morris, Murphy, Nichols, Norton, Pierce, Tweed.—14.

NAYS—Messrs. Campbell, Chapman, Crowley, Folger, Hale, Humphrey, Morgan, Nicks, O'Donnell, Parker, Stanford, Thayer, Van Petten.—14.

Absent or not voting only 4, and there were paired Mr. Palmer with *Mr. Graham*, and *Mr. Hubbard* with Mr. Kennedy—Republicans in Roman, Democrats in *italic*. It will be seen that the vote is a party one, except that Mr. MATTOON, Republican, voted with the Democrats.

The Lieutenant-Governor declared the motion of Mr. TWEED lost, when Mr. CREAMER moved a reconsideration, and proceeded on that motion to make a long and able speech in opposition to the present License law. He probably exhausted that side of the question, or rather said all that could be well said. Mr. O'DONNELL followed on the other side, presenting earnestly, eloquently and forcibly (as a man always talks when his heart is with the subject) on the side of temperance and the benefits which had followed the enactment of the law it was now proposed substantially to repeal. His convictions of duty were so clear that instead of retrograding, he would advance until the blessings of prohibition had been achieved, which he believed would soon be. Mr. FOLGER followed in a remonstrance against what he said the boys called "jerking a bill out of the Committee," and moved that for the present the resolution to reconsider be laid on the table, which motion prevailed, yeas 23, nays 2, which I presume will close the question for the session. The Democrats have tried their strength, and, though beaten, have demonstrated to their constituents their willingness to serve them. If Senators all voted, and as they did to-day, it would be 16 and 16, which defeats the bill. Besides, I doubt if the Democrats really want the bill passed, for, if passed, what are now active and earnest workers would settle down into passive and satisfied adherents, who could not hereafter be stirred up. Such is the prevalent idea, at least.

THE NEW CAPITOL.

The Finance Committee of the Senate yesterday had a long session to investigate the affairs of the New Capitol Commissioners. I thought lawyers and doctors could, would or should disagree, but that architects will disagree is a fixed fact.

Mr. SMITH says the Capitol can be built after the plan of GILMAN and FULLER for $3,870,000. I forget the odd cents. Mr. LATHAM on the stand swears that either the GILMAN or the SCHULZE plan (which latter the witness favors) will cost $8,000,000, in round numbers, and, as I understand, without counting for any extra ornamentation. This is a wide difference, but as it is at best but guesswork on both sides, perhaps it is excusable.

But on what should be a matter of fact, the disparity is equal. Recollect, our course of the investigation was the charge that the excavation upon the foundation was being done by day's work, at an extravagant price, under the supervision of Mr. BRIDGFORD, while it should have been done by contract. To prove the extravagance Mr. LATHAM produced an experienced engineer, who swears that the amount excavated was 26,000 yards. Then the other side produced another expert who certified that 35,000 yards had been taken out, and these two statements pretend to be based on actual measurements, and of an excavation that is as easily figured up as the square inches in a packing-box. The Committe were so taken aback at this wide disparity of statements, that they adjourned the further hearing until Thursday next, and in the meantime will direct a State engineer to determine the actual number of yards excavated.

LEO.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE......ALBANY, Friday, March 27.

BILLS ORDERED TO A THIRD READING.

The Town of West Farms Boulevard bill.

For the establishment of a nautical school.

Amending the Brooklyn, E. D., Fire law.

For the improvement of Park-avenue in Brooklyn.

Incorporating the Brooklyn Eye and Ear Infirmary.

Incorporating the Free Will Baptist General Conference of North America.

For the relief of certain religious societies in New-York, Westchester and Kings Counties.

Authorizing the prisoners sentenced in Kings County for less than five years to be confined in the Kings County Penitentiary.

Extending the time for the construction of the Grand Hotel.

Authorizing certain life insurance companies to make annual dividends.

Incorporating the Commercial Agency and Credit Guarantee Company.

Amending the New-York Common School law by allowing $10 per head on the average attendance of pupils.

BILLS REPORTED.

Against incorporating the Tontine Association, which was agreed to.

Authorizing the Commissioners of the United States Circuit Court to take affidavits and acknowledgments, which was laid on the table.

Incorporating the American Trading Company of Borneo, which was laid on the table.

Fixing the hours during which the offices of county clerks and registers shall be kept open, which was laid on the table.

Relative to the power and duties of the Recorder and City Judge of New-York, which was laid on the table.

BILLS PASSED.

Incorporating the Geneva Savings Bank.

Authorizing the Fishkill Savings Bank to invest in certain town bonds.

Changing the name of the New-York Ladies' Educational Union.

Incorporating the Ursuline Convent.

Extending the time three years for the completion of the New-York and Housatonic Railroad.

Authorizing the authorities of the town of Yonkers to convey certain lands to the Yonkers Hospital Association.

The West Farms and New-Rochelle Town Hall bills.

Incorporating the Safe Deposit Company of Rochester.

Incorporating the Niagara Water Works Company.

Amending the charter of Buffalo relative to department expenses and unpaid taxes.

Authorizing the extension of Dock-street, Yonkers, to the New-York City line.

Amending the charter of Syracuse by requiring the tax rolls to be completed by the 15th of December.

Amending the certificates of incorporation of the Central Virginia Copper and Gold Mining and Smelting Company.

Mr. O'DONNELL, of the Finance Committee, reported against granting State aid to the Southern Central Railroad, the Buffalo and Washington Railroad, the Dunkirk, Warren and Pittsburg, and Lake Ontario Shore Railroads. The reports were disagreed to and the bills referred to the Committee of the Whole, also for the consideration of the Senate.

Appropriating $250,000 to the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad. Referred.

Mr. TWEED moved that the Committee on Internal Affairs of Towns and Counties be discharged from the consideration of Assembly bill amending the Metropolitan Excise law, and that the same be advanced to the Committee of the Whole. Lost by 14 to 14—the Lieutenant-Governor giving the casting vote in the negative.

Mr. CREAMER moved for a reconsideration of the vote.

Mr. FOLGER moved to lay the motion on the table. Carried.

ASSEMBLY.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Also, to amend the charter of the Franklin Insurance Company.

By Mr. KIERNAN—To incorporate the Depositors' Loan Institution of New-York.

By Mr. BENTLY—To incorporate the new Health and Accident Insurance Company.

By Mr. G. L. SMITH—To regulate ferries between New-York and Brooklyn.

By Mr. JONES—To authorize the Street Commissioner to make a contract for filling in a certain lot on the south side of Manhattan-street.

By Mr. LAWRENCE—In relation to the storage of combustible materials in New-York.

BILLS REPORTED.

Mr. PRINCE, from the Committee on Railroads, made a unanimous report against the bill legalizing the acts of the directors of the Erie Railway Company.

Mr. GLEASON moved to lay the report on the table, which was lost by a vote of 31 to 85.

The report was then agreed to by a vote of 83 to 32. Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

On motion of Mr. SELKRIGE, the House went into Committee of the Whole on the Arcade Underground Railroad bill. The names of several corporators were added.

Mr. YOUNGLOVE moved to amend so that a special meeting of the stockholders, called for that purpose, may increase the capital stock of the company to $10,000,000, which was carried.

Progress was reported, when Mr. PITTS moved to order the bill to a third reading; which was carried.

Mr. PITTS moved that the bill be now read a third time, which was carried, and the bill was passed by yeas, 101; nays, 1.

BILLS ORDERED TO A THIRD READING.

To authorize the removal of Genesee College from Lima to Syracuse.

To incorporate Security Savings Bank at Buffalo.

Mr. O'REILLY moved to reconsider the vote on the passage of the bill providing for the appointment of a Supreme Court reporter.

It was laid on the table.

Mr. RILEY introduced a bill to open, widen and extend Amity-street.

The House adjourned.

AFFAIRS IN ENGLAND.

Disraeli's Mistake—The Attack on the Premier—How Impeachment Strikes the English—A Pension to Lady Brewster.

From Our Own Correspondent.

LONDON, Saturday, March 14, 1868.

There was certain, of course, to be a "row" over that inexplicable mistake which Mr. DISRAELI committed last week. Why should a man, at the supreme moment of success, betake himself to writing letters in defence of himself to the newspapers—and in answer to Lord RUSSELL, too? Does Lord RUSSELL's word in these days have the least influence with any one? Mr. BRIGHT said last night, justly enough, that the mistake of his pamphlet on Ireland was that it ought to have been published forty years ago. The Duke of Argyll, a faithful friend of Lord RUSSELL, told the peers yesterday that he (RUSSELL) would be remembered when most of them were forgotten. Very likely. In the country of the blind the one-eyed man is king. But for DISRAELI to reply in the newspapers to the attack of a man who is almost as politically dead as Lord BROUGHAM himself! And then, too, it was such a hopeless case that the Prime Minister defended. Want of consistency? Why, who ever looks for anything else in "DISRAELI?" Lack of principle? Of course. The Premier has scarcely an opinion which he would not sacrifice willingly for a year of power. His treachery last year is wholly unexampled in the annals of modern legislation, and then to think of trying to get out of it by writing a letter to the papers—that is unpardonable. The Duke of Argyll made it the subject of a bitter attack on the Premier last night in the House of Lords, and everyone who could flocked to that gilded chamber to look on at the fray. A good personal tilt is not often witnessed in that lofty sphere. Probably the Duke of Argyll would not have been so ready to provoke the combat if Mr. DISRAELI had been there to answer him. It is easy to attack an absent man. Imagine the mincemeat DISRAELI of the sword would have made of the Duke of Argyll. The Lord Chancellor fairly threw out a hint to this effect last night in defending his chief, and the peers laughed and cheered, feeling the justice of the suggestion. As it was the Duke of Argyll waxed valiant, and aimed heavy blows at the Minister, who was unable to return them.

Need it be said that Lord RUSSELL enjoyed this scene? The little man is in his glory when a political opponent is being hit in the back, and he is not unwilling to lend a helping hand himself. He, too, launched out philippics against DISRAELI. And why is all this? I am, personally, no admirer of the Premier, no defender of his tergiversation; but do you suppose (does any one here suppose) that political reasons have aught to do with the hatred of DISRAELI which is cherished in the House of Lords; with the anger of the Duke of Argyll? No! The Dukes are up in arms against the *parvenu* who has triumphed against the power of their order, and who has given a greater shock to their caste than it has received since the days when a common man and a hewer's son, named CROMWELL, reigned over England. To Lord RUSSELL's eyes it is an impiety that any one not entitled to be called "my lord" should be allowed to sit in the chief place of government. His soul is vexed within him. He believes in his heart that a heavy judgment will overtake England for passing by the Bedford family and taking up a man of foreign lineage and simple name. *Lloyd's Newspaper*, which is truly the organ of the working classes, is quite right: "In Mr. DISRAELI's success," it says, "we see the breaking up of those insolent Tory and Whig coteries that have so long hindered progress by their pretensions, and have cast crumbs of patronage to the men of genius who have served them." And the *Daily Telegraph* sees the matter in the same light: "To help the peerage," it says this morning, "against BENJAMIN DISRAELI, who has furnished it with brains for many years back, is what we will not do, even though the service be invoked in the noble names of Truth and Candor." The *Telegraph* is grandiloquent, but it means well. The Dukes will not be reconciled to the thought that Tom, Dick or Harry may rise to distinction over their heads.

And yet the Duke of Argyll is a Liberal—that is the "humor of it." He, in theory, would have men placed on an equality so far as politics are concerned. But Mr. DISRAELI has taken this revolution out of the range of probability. He has made it a fact. He pushes aside the holders of the strawberry leaves, and passes a bill which, according to men like Mr. BRIGHT and Mr. STANSFELD, makes England a democracy at one stroke. The Liberals do not mean half they say. See, for example, how they are acting on this Irish question. Have they not all been calling upon Mr. DISRAELI's Government for the abolition of the Irish Church and other reforms? But now not one of them dare open his mouth. Mr. BRIGHT, of course, is not afraid. Why should he be? He has no office or place to lose? But Mr. GLADSTONE might surely say something in the debate which is now going on. Perhaps his friends may yet spur him up to do it. The plain truth, however, is—you hear it wherever three intelligent members have met together—that whichever party moves first is sure to get into mischief. Let the Conservatives propose to abolish the Irish Church, and their organization would be split into fragments. Let Mr. GLADSTONE propose it, and he would find a "Protestant" cry against him, and half his party would fall further away from him than they have done already. The criticism of one of the papers that this debate will come to nothing, is obviously true, but it is also very puerile. "This is all talk," cries the leading journal, morning after morning. Mr. BRIGHT took hold of that feeble murmur last night and dispersed it, amid the general cheers of the House. "I have observed," he said, "that all great questions in this country require talk many times repeated before great questions are settled. There is much shower and much sunshine between the sowing of the seed and the reaping of the harvest, but the harvest is reaped after all." With that ends the silly objection of the newspaper.

But even Mr. BRIGHT's speech did not contribute much to the settlement of the question. He condemned Mr. JOHN STUART MILL's wild and insensate project of confiscation, and was more than usually humorous and eloquent in exposing other fallacies. Roars of laughter were occasioned by his turning to his usual opponents, with a beaming smile on his broad face, and saying, after recapitulating some of the changes he has brought about, "Now, if you would kindly for a moment forget things that you read about me which are not favorable, and which are generally not true." Everybody laughed, too, when he described Lord STANLEY's proposal (in his Bristol speech) as "at once grotesque and imbecile." He gave no advice, however, which is likely to be taken in the present crisis. Lord ARTHUR CLINTON's speech, on the first night, was almost as valuable for practical purposes. It is now currently said that a poor Irish attorney wrote out Lord ARTHUR CLINTON's speech, and that the pet of the Strand Theatre had been trying to cudgel it into his unlucky brains for three weeks before the debate. He took the manuscript in with him, and of course got terribly confused, and had a "break down" of a different kind to that in which he performs on the boards.

To return to the Disraeli letter for a moment: The motive of it was the extreme irritation occasioned by his boast at Edinburgh of having "educated" the Conservative Party. I have mentioned to you before that wherever a Conservative puts his head somebody calls out after him, "What lesson are you at now? How do you get on with your education?" There never was a more stupid boast than this of DISRAELI'S. It is in the vulgar spirit of a small patron who turns upon some one of whom he has bought a picture, and says, "Didn't I educate you?" The amount of "chaff" which the Tory members have to stand on the subject passes human endurance. No wonder they feel coldly toward their chief who has made them ridiculous, or that he should be more seriously alarmed about this social feeling than if he had provoked a great political crisis. Writing letters to the papers only makes the matter ten times worse. When a man is in a hole like that the more he wriggles the deeper he goes down. We have not heard the last of this matter yet.

IMPEACHMENT.

The impeachment of President JOHNSON is naturally the subject of much discussion here, and I hear all sorts of views maintained. The other evening at dinner a worthy Baronet told me across the table that "the Americans couldn't touch the President, because he had done nothing illegal." That settled the matter in my mind until this morning when I took up the *Spectator*, where I read an article headed the "President's *Coup d'Etat*"—I had thought some one else had been making the *coup d'etat*—"We have little doubt that before the middle of April, possibly before the end of March, Mr. JOHNSON will have retired to Tennessee, and Mr. WADE will be till March, 1869, President of the United States." This has unsettled all my opinions. These oracles are all so "cock-shure" (as Lord MELBOURNE said of MACAULAY) of everything, that it is almost a waste of time to study politics. The best thing to do is to wait till the knowing ones have made up their minds, and then hear what they have to say, and "let things rip."

A PENSION TO LADY BREWSTER.

Mr. DISRAELI has already performed one official act which concerns people out of Downing-street. He has recommended the Queen to give a pension of £200 a year to Lady BREWSTER, widow of a man of science whose name will doubtless be familiar to very many in the United States. He has, as we know, also made a Lord Chancellor. By and by, in the natural course of things, he will have to make Bishops—this gentleman of Jewish descent will place Bishops over the English Church. Some curious people are already extremely anxious to find out what sort of men he will appoint. The *Spectator* thinks that he ought to choose men who hold three principles—the race principle, the fatalistic principle and the anti-Erastian principle. He is much more likely to pick out clergymen whom he knows will be popular with the country. I may here mention that the Premier will preside at the dinner of the Royal Literary Fund, to be held on the 6th of May. This fund is intended for the relief of authors and common folks of that kind. It gives, I am told, relief worth the having—sometimes in sums of £100 or £150 to one person, and it gives secretly. A number of men of letters in London had resolved to invite Mr. DISRAELI to a public dinner, but it was thought that this invitation to accept the chair at the anniversary of the Royal Literary Fund would answer a better purpose. The Premier complied with the request, and probably we shall have an interesting speech from him.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The gaieties of the season will soon commence in good earnest. The opera season at Drury Lane, under Mr. MAPLESON's management, opens on the 28th instant. Mr. GYE will begin at Covent Garden on the following Thursday. Miss KELLOGG will sing in Mr. MAPLESON's company, as she was doing last year before Her Majesty's Theatre was burnt down. She then took a decided hold upon public favor, and will be received as a friend when she makes her reappearance. The price of a box for the season at either of the opera houses (grand tier) is only 250 guineas. I always want to order a dozen as I pass by the doors. To-night Mr. SOTHERN performs for the first time in a version of OCTAVE FEUILETT's "Roman d'un Jeune Homme Pauvre," at the Haymarket Theatre. The translation is done by Dr. WESTLAND MARSTON, (author of a "Favorite of Fortune,") and is called "A Hero of Romance."

From the drama I pass to a "gentleman of the Press," one Dr. RUSSELL—he of "Bull Run"—who has just written and published a very interesting novel. It is not a "young lady's novel," as people say; that is, there is not a great deal of billing and cooing in it. But it is full of incident, and will persuade any one who takes it up to go through it steadily.

Such of your readers as have been to England, and suffered annoyance from the disgusting showmen of Westminster Abbey, will be glad to learn that they may dispense with these nuisances the next time they come here. Dean STANLEY has always been anxious to do away with the guides altogether, but mischievous people broke pieces off the tombs, or wrote their names on the side, or otherwise disfigured the building and its contents. It was necessary, therefore, still to send guides round with large parties. But the Dean has now arranged that any respectable person who sends his name in to him, or one of the canons, or even leaves his address at the entrance of the chapels, may inspect the royal tombs and chapels at their leisure. This is a great gain to the public, and it is to be hoped that it will not be abused. Wherever an English snob goes he wants to writes his name on the most valuable object which lies to his hand. But the condition that the name and address should be given at the gates, may, perhaps, be some security against the misuse of the privilege long asked for, and now gained by Dean STANLEY.

The Evening High School.

The large attendance at Steinway Hall last evening to witness the commencement exercises of the Evening High School was an evidence of the interest which is felt by the public in this worthy institution. Eighteen months ago a number of gentlemen connected with the Board of Education, foremost among them Mr. THOS. BOESE, the experienced Clerk of the Board, deeming an Evening High School for young men a pressing necessity, begun the enterprise which has been marvelously successful. THOS. HUNTER, Esq., the Principal of Grammar School No. 35, was chosen for the responsible posistion of Principal of this school, and such professional ability as was best adapted to assist him was secured, and the plan of studies being marked out, the doors of the Grammar-school building, on Thirteenth-street, near Sixth-avenue, were opened for the reception of pupils early in the Fall of 1866. Our readers will remember the crowd of students that poured into the new institution. Over 1,000 names were registered in a few evenings after opening, and hundreds went away disappointed at being denied admission. Through the long six months' session, (two months longer than the grammar evening schools,) this large attendance was wonderfully sustained, and while the common schools diminished in the number of pupils, the High School held its ground with singular tenacity. The fact was, men had at last got together for improvement, and the boyish element with its freaks and pranks was eliminated. The attendance for the session just closed shows what deep root the High School has already taken among the manhood of our City. Not only has the same large number been maintained, but of those who pursued their studies during the late session, considerably more than one-half had been admitted the year previous, and thus have completed a second year's course. There is scarcely a department of our New-York society which has not sent its representative to the High School. Certainly there is no reputable profession, trade, art, calling or employment which has not contributed its full quota of number. On any ordinary school evening the visitor might observe the stair-builder studying geometry, the machinist applying himself to mechanical drawing, the builder to architectural plans, the young druggists, dyers and woolen operatives learning chemistry, clerks in numbers studying book-keeping, young commercial travelers engaged in French, German or Spanish, the embryo lecturer devoting himself to elocution, would-be reporters attentive to phonography, nascent orators, politicians, ministers of the Gospel and lawyers, intent on history and debates, while these reinforced by some from broker's offices, with a good sprinkling of shopkeepers, were assiduous in the cultivation of political economy. To reward the industrious, certificates are issued, graduated according to the scale of merit of the scholar. Thus some obtain first-class certificates, others second and others third, which, at the expiration of the three years' course, will entitle the bearers to a full diploma. The outside public have little idea of the avidity with which these testimonials are sought by scholars of the advanced age of 40 years or over. Several such pupils have this week received these certificates of intellectual progress. The discipline of the Institution is admirable. No one member has been expelled for unbecoming conduct, and in class-room, hall and stairway the nicest order prevails. A person entering the building on session nights would little suspect that seven or eight hundred men occupy the same premises with him, so slight is the noise and confusion.

But to return to last evening's exercises. As we have said, the attendance was very large, many late comers being compelled to go away without gaining admission; even the sidewalk had its patient throng among whom the best of good humor prevailed. On the platform were several of our most prominent citizens, including Mayor HOFFMAN, Hon. JOHN R. BRADY, Mr. R. L. LANEMORE, President of the Board of Education; Mr. THOMAS BOESE and others too numerous to mention. The front seats were assigned to those people who had received certificates to the number of about 450, who could be distinguished by the long roll of parchment tied with red ribbon which they held in their hands. The President of the Board of Education presided, and the following programme was excellently rendered:

Prayer, Rev. Dr. Burchard; Composition, Mr. C. W. Clarke; Declamation, Mr. Thomas L. Feitner; Composition in French, Mr. Henry Warburgh; Declamation in French, Mr. Geo. W. Tibbetts; Scene from "Richelieu," Messrs. Tibbetts and Manning; Declamation, Mr. John Doren; Composition in German, Mr. T. Henry McCann; Declamation in German, Mr. James Finlay; Composition, Mr. Richard Murray; Address, Hon. John R. Brady; Composition, Mr. Isaac L. Taylor; Composition in Spanish, Mr. Joseph Durham; Composition, Mr. Winfield S. Gilmore; Declamation, Mr. Oscar S. Manning; Address, Horatio P. Allen, Chairman of the Committee on Evening Schools.

An able and finished address was delivered to the graduates by Hon. JNO. R. BRADY, and was roundly applauded. Several pieces of good music enlivened the exercises.

LAW REPORTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.

Before Judge Blatchford.

EXCEPTIONS TO LIBEL FOR BREACH OF CHARTER—WANT OF JURISDICTION—EXCEPTIONS ALLOWED AND LIBEL DISMISSED.

Eberhard Feber vs. *The Schooner Gen. Sheridan, her tackle, &c.*—BLATCHFORD, J.—On the 19th of March, 1867, the schooner *Gen. Sheridan* was chartered to the libelant by a written charter party entered into at New-York. The vessel was then at sea, and the charter was for a voyage from one or more of several named places of loading on the west coast of Florida to New-York. The libelant now sues the vessel *in rem*, alleging a breach of the charter in that the vessel did not, as she was required to do by the charter party, proceed to any of the ports of loading therein mentioned, or give notice of her readiness to receive cargo, or take any cargo, but returned to New-York without having fulfilled any of the stipulations of the charter party. The libelant claims damages for such breach to the amount of $5,000. The claimants except to the libel on the ground that the facts set forth in it do not constitute any lien on the vessel, and are not within the jurisdiction of this Court or enforcable in Admiralty.

Authority can be found for maintaining the libel in this case. Thus, in the case of the *Pacific*, (1 Blatchf. C. C. R. 569, 586,) decided in 1850, Mr. Justice Nelson, in the Circuit Court for this district, says that it is not necessary, in order to give jurisdiction to the Admiralty *in rem*, in the case of a contract maritime in its nature and object, that the vessel should have entered upon the performance, and that the breach should have occurred in the course of the voyage, and that, if the vessel refuses to receive the cargo on board, when it is at her side ready to be delivered, she is bound, and the party aggrieved is not obliged to look exclusively to the master or owner. But later cases have overruled this view. In the case of the schooner *Freeman* vs. *Buckingham*, (18 Howard, 182,) decided by the Supreme Court at the December Term, 1855, Mr. Justice Curtis, delivering the opinion of the Court, says: "Under the maritime law of the United States the vessel is bound to the cargo, and the cargo to the vessel, for the performance of a contract of affreightment, but the law creates no lien on a vessel as a security for the performance of a contract to transport cargo, until some lawful contract of affreightment is made and a cargo shipped under it." In the case of Vandewater *vs.* Mills, 19 Howard, 82, decided by the Supreme Court at the December term, 1856, Mr. Justice Grier delivering the opinion of the Court, says: "If the master or owner refuses to perform his contract, or, for any other reason the ship does not receive cargo and depart on her voyage according to contract, the charterer has no privilege or maritime lien on the ship for such breach of the contract by the owners, but must resort to his personal action for damages, as in other cases." This view was applied by this Court in July, 1857, in the case of Reed *vs.* The *Telos*, and in May, 1860, in the case of Torrices *vs.* The *Winged Racer*. It is true that in Vandewater *vs.* Miles the Court say that it was no part of the written agreement sued on in that case that the vessel libeled *in rem* therein should be hypothecated as security for the performance of the agreement, and it is urged on the part of the libelant in this case that the doctrine laid down in Vandewater *vs.* Mills is not applicable to this case, for the reason that by the charter party in this case there is an express hypothecation of the vessel. The libel avers that "the parties to the said charter party did also therein and thereby bind themselves, their executors, administrators and assignees, and the said vessel, freight, tackle and appurtenances, and the merchandise to be laden on board, each to the other for the true and faithful performance of all the covenants and agreements therein contained in the penal sum of the estimated amount of the said charter." This is the usual penal clause inserted in charter parties. (Maclachlan on Merchant Shipping, chap. 8, page 334.) It is founded on the rule of maritime law stated by Cleirac, (597:) "Le batel est obligée à la marchandise et la marchandise au batel," and by Valin, (1 Valin, Ordon de Mar., b. 3, tit. 1. art. 11:) "The ship, with her tackle, the freight and the cargo are respectively bound by the covenants of the charter party." The express covenant of this charter party binding the vessel to the merchandise to be laden on board, and the merchandise to be laden on board to the vessel, must be construed conformably to the principles of the maritime law, and imports nothing more than would have been held, according to those principles, to be a part of the contract, if the express covenant had not been contained in the instrument. The obligations of the vessel to the merchandise to be laden on board, and of the merchandise to be laden on board to the vessel, are mutual and reciprocal. Under the covenant the duty of the vessel, to the performance of which the hypothecation binds her, is to deliver the cargo that may be put on board at the time and place stipulated for such delivery. Any duty that may be violated by the owner or master before the cargo is put on board, is not a duty of the vessel, or one for the breach of which a lien on the vessel is created or can be enforced. So, too, under the covenant, if the cargo is not laden on board it is not bound to the vessel, and therefore the vessel cannot be in default, though the master or owner may be, for the non-delivery of the cargo. To hold that the vessel was bound to the merchandise to be laden on board, where there was no merchandise laden on board, would be to depart from the express terms of the covenant, and to destroy the mutual and reciprocal character of the obligations of the covenant.

This view of the covenant in the charter party is sustained by the opinion of the Circuit Court for this district in the case of Latta *vs.* The Cargo of the *Hermitage*, (November, 1860.) The charter party in that case contained a clause whereby for the fulfillment of the several stipulations of the charter party, each party bound himself to the other, the one the vessel, freight and tackle, the other the merchandise to be laden on board. The charterers put some cargo on board, and then a dispute arose as to some of the provisions of the charter party, whereupon the charterers commenced taking out the cargo, and refused to go on with the charter party. The libelant filed a libel *in rem* against the cargo to recover freight, according to the charter party, for the time the vessel was used by the charterers, and damages for the non-fulfillment by them of the charter party. The District Court, on exceptions filed to the libel, dismissed it on the ground that the suit *in rem* would not lie. On appeal by the libelant, the Circuit Court (Mr. Justice Nelson) reversed the decree of the District Court, and sustained the libel, on the express ground that the cargo had been put on board, and the voyage had, in fact, commenced according to the terms of the charter party, and that the lien on the cargo attached as soon as it was laden on board, and that, so far as the form of remedy was concerned, the case stood in the same position as if the voyage had been broken up by the charterers at any other point in the course of it. And he added: "This case does not fall within that class of cases where nothing has been done under the charter of the vessel; that is, where no goods have been placed on board, and the voyage has not been entered upon, in which cases there can be no lien on the vessel or cargo under the charter party. In such cases, whether the breach of the agreement is on the part of the owner or of the charterer, there can be no proceeding *in rem*, against the vessel or the cargo, as no lien has attached for the benefit of either party." These views are decisive as to the present case. They indicate that the doctrine of the case of the *Pacific* must have been considered by Mr. Justice Nelson himself as unsound, probably in view of the opinion of the Supreme Court in the case of Vandewater *vs.* Miles.

The exceptions are allowed, and the libel is dismissed, with costs.

George De Forest Lord, for the libelant; Beebe, Dean & Donohue for the claimants.

Before Judge Shipman.

COLLISION CASE—STEAMER AND GRAIN ELEVATOR—NEGLIGENCE OF LOOK-OUT.

Stephen K. Lane et al. vs. *The Steamer Hansa.*—SHIPMAN, J.—This is a suit to recover damages for a collision between the steamer *Hansa* and the elevator *Transporter*, owned by the libelant. The former is a large seagoing steamer running between New-York and Bremen, and the latter is a small steam vessel having a tower or elevator on deck, and used about the harbor of New-York for the purpose of transferring grain in bulk. The collision occurred between 5 and 6 o'clock in the afternoon of the 13th of March, 1865, in the Hudson River, opposite New-York City, and near the New-Jersey shore.

The *Hansa* was just in from sea, and bound to her dock at Hoboken. The *Transporter* was crossing the river from New-York to the coal docks at Jersey City. The *Hansa* was in charge of a pilot, and had lookout stationed on her forecastle. This look-out says he first saw the *Transporter* three or four points on the starboard bow of the *Hansa*, crossing the river, and that this might have been eight or ten minutes before collision. He states that he did not report her, because he supposed the captain and pilot of the *Hansa*, who were on the bridge at the time, saw her. He also says that the *Hansa* blew her whistle to the *Transporter*, but whether before or after he first saw her, he cannot say. Both he, and Barrow, the pilot of the *Hansa*, say that the *Transporter* did not change her course till at or about the time of the collision. The captain of the *Hansa* fixes the distance apart of the vessels when he first saw the *Transporter*, at a half a mile, and says that the pilot saw her at the same time. The pilot thinks she might have been three, four or five lengths of the *Hansa* off when he first discovered her. The captain of the *Hansa* says that he feared a collision when he saw the *Transporter*, and commenced blowing his whistle. Newman, the third officer of the *Hansa*, says that when he first heard the whistle blow the *Transporter* was about a length and a-half (of *Hansa*) on her starboard bow ahead of her, and coming at right angles. From the whole evidence presented on part of the *Hansa*, she must have been moving at a speed of six or seven knots just before the collision. The *Transporter* was bound from Pier 1, on the New-York side, to the coal docks at Jersey City, and was moving at not more than half the speed of the *Hansa*. As the tide was ebb she headed, as she neared the west shore, a little up the river. It was broad daylight, and there can be no doubt that the *Hansa* could have discovered the *Transporter* early enough to have taken decisive measures to clear her, unless she was in some way embarrassed in her movements. The vessels were crossing under circumstances which bring them directly within the rule laid down in the 14th article of the statute for preventing collisions, which provides that "if two ships, under steam, are crossing each other, so as to involve risk of collision, the ship which has the other on her starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other." The *Hansa* had the *Transporter* on her starboard side from a point a long distance below where the collision took place and at which it was clearly her duty to have discovered her whether she did in fact or not, and to have gone to starboard of her, unless prevented by circumstances over which she had no control. This was her duty, imperatively fixed by statute. The burden of proof is on her to show that she was prevented from conforming to the rule by circumstances beyond her control. The only important excuse which she offers is that the river was full of vessels at anchor, which rendered her navigation difficult. On this point the evidence is conflicting as to the number and location of the anchored vessels in that section of the river passed over by the *Hansa* between the time she actually discovered the *Transporter* and the moment of collision. The witnesses for the libelants testify that the great bulk of the anchored fleet lay along within three hundred yards of the Jersey shore, while the river to the eastward was comparatively clear. The witnesses for the *Hansa*, who testify on this point, insist that the anchored vessels extended across the river to Castle Garden. Capt. VON SANTEN says he could not have ported his helm, (as he would had to have done to have gone to starboard and astern of the *Transporter*,) because he should have run foul of other vessels, and that vessels were at anchor clear across the river to Castle Garden. This may be true after he entered the anchored fleet, though I am inclined to the opinion, upon the whole evidence, that the vessels at anchor were much more numerous near the Jersey shore, along the route which the *Hansa* took, than in the middle of the river and to eastward. But the difficulty in this part of the defence is that the proof fails to show that the *Hansa* entered among this dense fleet before she reached the point where she might and ought to have discovered the *Transporter*. She is seeking to exonerate herself from the charge of having violated a fixed and well-known rule of navigation. She does not pretend that she was baffled or misled by varying movements of the *Transporter*. Her witnesses say that the latter held her course. The *Hansa* was bound, therefore, to keep out of the way of the *Transporter*, and her only mode of doing so was to have gone to starboard and astern of her. To effectually excuse her for not doing so, she must show that at no time after she was first near enough to have discovered the *Transporter*, could she have ported and thus have avoided all chance of collision. As already remarked on this point, the proof is unsatisfactory, and her defence fails. The look-out on the *Hansa* failed to do his duty. He did not report the *Transporter* when he discovered her, on the ground, as he alleges, that he supposed the Captain and pilot then saw her. This, of itself, was great negligence on his part. Nothing, under such circumstances, should be left to conjecture. He should have reported the steamer at once, and it is possible that his failure to do so may have prevented the *Hansa* from changing her course, as she otherwise would or at least might have done.

Let a decree be entered for the libelants with an order of reference to compute the damages.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.

Before Commissioner Newton.

ANOTHER ALLEGED ILLICIT DISTILLER.

Hugh Hamilton was arrested and brought before the Commissioner yesterday, charged with having carried on the business of a whisky distiller, in North Second-street, E. D., in violation of law. He was held for examination in the sum of $500.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—MARCH 27.

Before Judge Barbour and a Jury.

A SUIT TO RECOVER MONEY PAID TO STOP CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS—COMPOUNDING A FELONY.

George A. Coulter vs. *Waite S. Willard.*—The plaintiff in this action was for a long time a cashier and barkeeper in the defendant's oyster saloon in Broadway. Some time in September, 1867, the defendant caused the arrest of Coulter on the charge of larceny. While the Detective Police had him in custody he was induced, as he (plaintiff) alleges, to sign a release for back wages to the amount of $300, and also to give his check to Mr. Willard for $300 more, upon the condition that all criminal proceedings should from that time cease. In other words Mr. Coulter claims that although he was entirely guiltless of the offence charged against him, he did, for the purpose of saving his character, and his good name from being assailed in a criminal court, on or about the 18th September, 1867, agree with the defendant to give him his check for $300, and also a release for all wages then in arrear, in consideration of the criminal proceedings being abandoned, and upon the defendant agreeing either to take plaintiff into his employ again or to give him such certificates of good character, that he would be enabled to obtain employment elsewhere. The plaintiff says he gave his check for $300, and executed the release for the $300 due for labor upon these conditions, and that when he applied to the defendant for a situation, or for certificates of character, he was repulsed rudely, and told by defendant that a man who had "knocked down" as he had, need expect no favors from him. Thereupon the plaintiff commenced this suit, and in his complaint asks for the sum of $600—$300 for the money paid to defendant, and $300 for his back pay. The claim is based upon the doctrine that any agreement made to stop criminal proceedings, or to compound a felony, is void.

The answer of the defendant sets up that the plaintiff, during the time of his employment, had stolen at least $900 from defendant. This defendant sought to recoupe, and asked judgment against the plaintiff for $300. The trial occupied over two days, during which more than twenty witnesses were examined. Mr. Willard testified that upon one occasion, while the plaintiff was in his employ, he, defendant, went into a clothes closet and watched his cashier. It was between 11 and 12 at night. He saw Coulter take two bills and put them in his pocket. He also saw him put checks in his wallet at the same time. He put one bill in each vest pocket. Another witness testified that Coulter asked him—as a waiter in the saloon—to increase the amount of the checks so that the receipts might be made as large as possible. All this testimony was contradicted by the other side. The plaintiff swore positively that he had never "knocked down," and had never taken a cent which did not legally belong to him while he was in the defendant's employ. On one or two occasions where strangers had come in and taken oysters and had gone away leaving a shilling or so on the counter, the plaintiff had used it in getting brushed at the barbers; but this he contended was not the defendant's money, and that was the extent of his offending. No more no less.

Detective Moore, of the Metropolitan Police, Wm. A. Martinest, James Dwyer, Alexander B. Spencer, Charles W. Simpson and Richard Baker, *alias* Richard Hampshire, were sworn, and all testified that they would not believe the defendant under oath. On the other side Capt. Ira S. Garland, of the Police force, Charles Burch, Samuel Cohen, Mortimer A. Hyatt and David S. Page testified that Mr. Willard had been known to them for some time past; that his character for truth and veracity was good, and that they would believe him on the witness' stand.

In charging the jury, the Court said it was a question of fact for them whether the papers—that is, the release and the check—were executed under fear or apprehension that if they were not executed by the plaintiff the criminal proceedings, which had been initiated by his arrest, would be continued. It was made a crime by the statutes of this State to compound a felony. No one—not even the complainant himself—had a right to stay, or interfere in any manner with the course of a criminal proceeding. If the plaintiff executed the papers, gave the check, &c., under duress, he had a right to recover in the action.

The jury, after a brief consultation, returned a verdict for the plaintiff for $622, the full amount claimed. A motion was immediately made for a new trial on the Judge's minutes, which was denied.

For plaintiff, Mr. Henry L. Clinton; for defendant, Mr. Anthon.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge Ingraham.

In the matter of the application of Jacob Sontharf, a person of supposed unsound mind; motion granted, ordered to be settled on notice.

French et al. vs. Dinsmore, President, &c.; motion granted; costs to abide the event.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—BROOKLYN.

Before Justice Lott.

THE DEGRAW INSURANCE SUIT—VERDICT FOR PLAINTIFF.

A. A. Degraw vs. *The National Insurance Company.*—This case, which began on Thursday, was continued yesterday until a late hour. A large number of witnesses were called to testify as to what certain articles of furniture had cost, and several dealers were put on the stand to estimate the value of carpets, pianos, mirrors and other articles at their depreciated standards caused by the wear and tear, and the change in style which had taken place in the course of ten years. Mr. Jas. B. Cook, a furniture dealer in New-York, testified that in five years furniture would depreciate in value at least two-thirds, and that in ten years the depreciation would be very great, but not so much the last five years as the first five, and that good furniture was not worth more after five years' use than when new, unless a war or something of the sort should intervene. A witness testified that velvet carpets which cost in 1859 $1 75, were now worth $3 50; three-plys which then cost $1 25, now cost $2; ingrain carpets which then cost $1, now cost $1 75, and considering the depreciation which had taken place, the carpet now costing $3 50 per yard, would be worth at cash value for use, $2 per yard.

Abijah Mann, Jr., testified that in 1854 the premises, since occupied by Mr. Degraw, the plaintiff, cost him $30,000, without the greenhouse, and that his only reason for selling it was that he had been afflicted with fever and ague; Ex-Gov. King, however, had lived to a great age in the immediate neighborhood, not having been attacked with fever and ague since 1829. Mr. Degraw testified that during his residence in Jamaica, in the house in question, he had expended about $9,000 in improvements; that during the ten years last past railroad communication with Jamaica had added largely to the value of property in that town; that the lowest price he had offered to sell his house and grounds for was $25,000, without allowing any commission; that Mr. C. H. Simmons, of No. 639 Broadway, New-York, had offered to purchase it, and had put up $500 toward the purchase of it, but the sale thus initiated fell through because Mr. Simmons could not raise the whole amount, and that since the fire he had offered to sell the land and all that stands thereon for $6,000.

Mr. Alexander, of counsel for the defence, in addressing the jury, claimed that plaintiff had overvalued everything in his schedule. He said that they had proved the actual value of the house to be about $15,000, and the furniture about $8,000, making the entire amount of $23,000 cash value of the property destroyed. He regretted the absence of witnesses to prove the two main defences set up by the defendants; these defences being that the estimates of values made by plaintiff were exaggerated and fraudulent, and that by his procurement the house was set on fire and the property destroyed. The witnesses upon whom they relied to support these defences, for some reason he could not state, were not on hand. He placed the standing and respectability of the eight Presidents of Insurance Companies against that of Mr. Degraw, and claimed that unless they had evidence to support their defences, they would not be likely to proceed with that case. Mr. Degraw had made his estimates on present prices, while they proved that the property so estimated had greatly depreciated in value since its purchase. He urged that if the jury should find the difference between the estimates of Mr. Degraw and the actual cash value of the articles destroyed to be, in their opinion, exaggerated, then the Company would not be compelled to pay beyond the said cash value at the time of the fire, and they might, on this finding, also decide that the estimates were fraudulent, in which case the plaintiff would have no further claim upon the Company, and they would not have to pay him anything.

Mr. Parsons, for plaintiff, said they had been in a different fix to the defence, in having plenty of witnesses on the stand, and plenty more to call upon, in case of necessity. He reminded the Jury that it had been shown in testimony that Mr. Degraw had used all proper diligence to discover in what manner his house had been burned; that he had offered $5,000 for the conviction of the person who committed the crime; they had shown by ample testimony that the property was worth from $30,000 to $35,000; the insurance company had not when the premium was paid, hesitated about the value of the property; all the plaintiff asked was $11,000, a sum very far below the estimates of witnesses called by the defence; in that particular suit what they asked at the hands of the jury was the amount on the face of the policy in the National Fire Insurance Company, with interest to date—in all $6,284 70.

The Court charged the jury briefly on the principal points in the case, reading the policy, and reminding them that it was important to decide whether the two defences referred to by counsel for the defendants were supported by evidence. The Company was bound to make good the proportion of the loss claimed unless it was found that the representations were fraudulent. Was there any evidence that the plaintiff had caused the fire? was a question for them to determine. Even if any of the persons in the house at the time of the fire had caused it, and there was no evidence to involve Mr. Degraw in the matter, then there was nothing proved against him, and the defence failed. If, however, these things were proved Mr. Degraw was driven out of Court. The jury must regard the estimates of the property destroyed upon the cash value of the time they were speaking. He reminded the jury of Mr. Mann's testimony as to what the property cost him when labor and material was half what it is now. If they found that plaintiff had acted properly under all the circumstances, then they would return a verdict of $3,000 on the house, $3,000 on the furniture and $284 70 interest to the 27th March, 1868.

The jury, after an absence of ten minutes, returned with a verdict for the plaintiff for $6,000 insurance, and $284 70 interest to the 27th March, 1868.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—March 27, 1868.

$40,000 U. S. 6s, '81, R.s3	110¾	5 Pacific Mail	105
2,000 U. S. 6s, '81, C.	110¾	300 do	104
500 do	110⅜	200 do	103¾
5,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20 C.,		300 do ...b10	105
'64	107⅞	100 do ...b30	103⅞
50,000 do	107⅞	100 do	105
150,000 U. S. 5-20s, C.		500 do ...b30	104¼
'65 ...New.b30	109	300 do ...b30	104½
50,000 do ...s3	108	200 do ...b10	103⅞
6,000 U. S. 5-20s, C '67		1100 do	103
New Issue	107	700 do	103¾
5,000 do	107	200 do	103
500 U. S. 5s, 10-40s, C.	100¾	200 do	103
28,500 do	100⅜	100 do ...b60	103
10,000 U. S. 6s. 5-20s, R.		200 do ...b30	104
'62	108¾	100 do	103
2,000 Tr. Notes. 7 3-10s		200 do ...2d call	103
2d series	105¾	100 N. Y. Cen.	118¾
5,000 do	105⅜	300 do ...c	119
17,500 do ...3d Ser	105⅜	200 do ...b3	118
12,000 Tenn. 6s, new	63¾	100 do ...b15	119
34,000 do	63⅛	1000 do ...b30	119
3,000 Vir. 6s, new	48	800 do	118
8,000 Ga. St. 7s	86½	200 do	118
3,000 do	87	100 do ...b15	119
8,000 do	86¾	100 do ...2d call	118
26,500 N. Car. 6s ...x-o	51½	1000 Erie R.	68
5,000 N. C. S. 6s, new	58	1000 do	68
2,000 Missouri 6s	87	600 do	68
5,000 do	87	400 do ...b30	69
4,000 Mor. & Es. 2d M.	87	100 do ...2d call	69
2,000 Chic. & Alt. In. B.	96½	1200 Reading R.	91
5,000 Chic. & Mil. 1st.	87½	200 do ...b3	91
12 Park Bank	148	200 do ...2d call	90
5 Cent. Nat. Bank	104¾	300 M. S. & N. I. R.	88
42 do	105	200 Ill. Cen. R.	137
20 do	104¾	200 Clev. & Pitts R.	91¼
10 Fourth National	104¾	430 Clev., Col. & Cin. R.	105
45 do	104½	500 Chi. & N. W. Pf.	74¾
30 Del. & Hud. C.	150	100 do ...b30	75
100 do	152	100 do	74
200 West. U. Tel	34	200 do	74
50 do	34¾	200 Clev. & Tol. ...c	102
500 do ...2d call	34	300 Chi. & R. I.	91
100 Union Nav. ...b10	25	800 do	91
100 do	25	100 do ...b15	92
100 do	25¾	100 Mil. & St. P. Pf.	69
70 Mer. U. Ex.	34½	200 do ...b30	70
100 do	34½	300 P., Ft. W. & C. ...c	102
200 Atlantic Mail	87¾	500 do	102
200 Adams Ex.	74	50 do	101
100 Wells-Fargo Ex.	36	100 do ...b15	102
200 do	35¾	100 H. & St. J. R.	77
50 U. S. Ex. Co.	70	100 H. & St. J. Pf. ...b60	86
500 Ohio & Miss.	29¾		

SECOND BOARD.

$1,000 U. S. 6s, '81, R.	111⅛	500 N. Y. Cen.	119¾
50,000 U. S. 6s, '81, C.	111¾	400 do	119⅜
3,000 U. S. 5-20s, R. '65		50 do	119½
new	106⅞	1000 do ...b30	120⅛
58,000 U. S. 5-20s, C.		200 Reading R.	91
'65 ...New	106⅞	200 do	91⅛
1,500 U. S. 5-20s, C.'67		200 Clev. & Pitts ...s10	91⅛
New Issue	107	300 Chi. & N. W. Pf.	74½
10,000 U. S. 5s, 10-40 C.	100¾	100 do	74¾
1,000 Tenn. St. 6s, x-c.	68¼	500 Clev. & Tol.	103½
1,000 do	68⅛	500 Chic. & R. I. R.	92⅛
8,000 Penn. 6s. new	63¾	200 do	93
100 West U. Tel.	34	200 Mil. & St. P.	55
100 Quicksilver	20½	200 do	55⅛
100 Pacific Mail	103½	600 Mil. & St. P. Pf.	70¼
700 do	103⅛	400 do	70
22 do	104	200 Tol., W. & W.	49
100 do	103⅝	200 P., F. W. & C.	102½
100 do	103⅞	100 do	102
200 Atlantic Mail	86¾	200 Alt. & T. H. Pf	69
30 Am. Ex. Co.	68	500 Ohio & Miss. R.	29¾
300 Erie R.	69¾	200 do	29⅞
100 Hudson R.	136		

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

50 U. S. Ex.	70½	200 Reading R.	90⅞
400 Pacific Mail	104¾	100 Mil. & St. P. Pf. ...c	69½
200 do	104	100 P., F. W. & Ch.	102
100 do ...b3	105	100 O. & Miss. R.	29⅞
20 Mer. U. Ex.	34	100 Mich. So. & N. I.	88
200 Atlantic Mail	87¾	100 do	87⅞
100 do	88	200 Clev. & Tol. ...c	102¾
400 N. Y. Cen.	118¾	200 C., R. I. & P.	91¾
200 do ...c	118¾	100 do ...b3	91¾
100 W. U. Tel.	34	100 do	91¾
600 Erie R.	69	100 Chi. & N. W. Pf.	74¾
100 do ...c	69		

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

100 Wells-Fargo Ex.	36	100 Erie Pf.	73
100 Adams Ex.	74	200 N. Y. Cen.	118¾
15 U. S. Ex. Co.	70½	800 do	118⅞
100 Pacific Mail ...c	102¾	200 do ...c	118¾
200 do	102⅝	200 do	118⅞
200 do ...c	102⅞	500 Reading R.	90⅝
100 Atlantic Mail	87¾	200 do ...c	90⅞
100 do	87¼	100 Ohio & M. R.	29¾
200 West. U. Tel. ...c	34½	200 M. S. & N. I. R. ...c	88
300 Erie R.	69⅛	500 Chi. R. I. & P.	92
300 do	69¼	200 Cl. & Tol.	102¾
200 do ...c	69⅛	300 C. & N. W. R Pf.	74½

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

100 Quicksilver	20⅛	100 Alt. & T. H. R.	43
1100 Pac. Mail	103⅞	100 Mil. & St. P. Pf.	70¼
100 Mer. U. Ex.	34⅛	300 do	70
800 N. Y. Cen. R.	119¼	100 P., F. W. & C.	102⅜
100 do ...b3	119⅛	100 Ohio & Miss. R.	29⅞
100 do	119⅛	100 M. S. & N. I.	88⅛
1800 Erie R.	69⅛	200 Clev. & Pitts	91⅛
1300 do ...b3	69⅛	400 Clev. & Tol.	103⅛
1300 do	69¼	100 Mil. & St. P.	55½
300 do ...b30	69⅛	100 Chic. & R. I & P.	92
100 West. U. Tel.	34⅛		

FRIDAY, March 27—P. M.

A sensible improvement in the Wall-street and Stock Exchange markets is observable to-day. The extreme pressure for Money is gradually passing over, and the chances seem fair that before another week the demand from the Brokers will be supplied at 7 ℘ cent., without the extra charges to which they have been subjected for three or four days past. It would be too much, of course, to anticipate a very easy state of affairs until after Friday of next week, the last day of preparation for the April Quarterly Statement of the National Banks, but it is satisfactory to believe that the worst of the present stringency has been experienced, and that the intervening week will be comparatively free from anxiety and all appearance of panic.

The sales of Gold this morning were at rather weaker rates than yesterday, owing to the pressure of Cash Gold and the high cost of carrying over balances, the latter being from 8 to 12 ℘ cent. premium. But later in the day the speculation for a rise, and the demand from parties who are looking to an easy change in the Money and Exchange markets as likely to advance Gold, caused the sales to rise to 138¼@138⅜ ℘ cent. Bills on London were done at 109⅝@109¾ ℘ cent., the feeling somewhat firmer than yesterday.

The Public Funds were about ⅛ ℘ cent. firmer for the U. S. 5-20s of 1862 and 1867, 109⅝ and 107 respectively, and also for the long 6 ℘ cents of 1881. On the other descriptions there was no improvement on the sales of yesterday, though the general feeling was better and the pressure to sell decidedly less than for several days past. The State Bonds were steadier for Tennessees, higher for Georgias, and about the same as yesterday for North Carolinas and Missouris.

On the Stock Exchange the feature of the Miscellaneous Stocks was the continued weakness in price and pressure to sell Pacific Mail. The transactions were very large at all the Boards and in the Long Room, the lowest sales being at 102¾ ℘ cent. as against 105¾ last night and 104¼ at the close of the last Boards this afternoon. The Telegraph and Express Stocks were steady.

The Railway market was comparitively strong throughout the day. The speculation continues to run on New-York Central and Erie. The operators for both the *Bull* and *Bear* account nearly all seem to prefer them this week to the Western Roads, on the principle, we suppose that the fluctuations are more frequent and exciting. To-day the alterations in prices were not so marked as on Wednesday and Thursday. The demand was evidently too strong for the disposition to sell *short* or the necessities of the Money market to force sales for cash. In the Afternoon the Western Stocks attracted more attention, and the general lists, including Reading, was decidedly strong.

After the late Boards broke up the following quotations were made as compared with Thursday night:

	Thur.	Fri.		Thur.	Fri.
U. S. 10-40s	100¾	100⅞	Missouri	87¼	87
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	109⅜	109¾	Northwest	64	64
U. S. Con. 5-20s	106⅞	107	N. West Pref.	74¾	74¾
N. Y. Central	118¾	120	Rock Island	91⅞	92
Erie	68¾	69⅝	Fort Wayne	102	102¾
Hudson	135	136	W. U. Telegraph	34	34¾
Reading	90¾	91⅝	M'chants' Union	34¾	34¾
Mich. Southern	87¾	88¾	St. Paul Pref.	69⅞	70⅛
Ohio and Miss.	29⅞	29⅞	St. Paul Com.	54	55½
Pittsburgh	91⅜	91⅞	Pacific Mail	105¾	103¾
Toledo	102¾	103½	American Gold	138⅝	138⅜
Tenn. 6s, new	63¾	63¾	Bills on London	109¾	109¾

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ℘ cent. 1868	138	5-20 coup. '65 n. is.	106⅜
6 ℘ cent. coupon, 1868	138	5-20 coup. '67	107
6 ℘ ct. reg., 1881	110¾	10-40 reg.	100¾
500 & 1,000, 1881	111¾	10-40 coup., small	100¾
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1862	109¾	10-40 500 & 1,000	100¾
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1864	107¾	7 3-10 2d series	105¾
5-20 reg., 1865	106¾	7 3-10 3d series	105⅝
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1865	107¼		

And the following for the State Bonds:

N. Y. Bounty 7s coup.	108¾	Illinois coupon 6s. 1879	100
N. Y. Bounty 7s reg.	108¾	Illinois war loan	100
N. Y. Canal 7s, 1870	101¾	Michigan 6 ℘ c., 1873	94
N. Y. Canal 7s, 1872-73	100	Michigan 6 ℘ c., 1878	94
N. Y. Canal 6s, 1874-'78	101	Michigan 6 ℘ c. 1883	94
N. Y. Canal 5s, 1874	96	Tennessee 6 ℘ c., 1868	67
Ohio 6 ℘ c., 1870	100½	Tennessee 6 ℘ c. ex-c.	66¼
Ohio 6 ℘ c., 1875	101	Tennessee new bds	63¾
Illinois C. bonds 1860	100	Virginia 6s., ex-c.	48
Illinois reg. 1860	100	Georgia 7s, new bonds	86½
Ill. 6s, cou., '79 aft. 1860	100	North Carolina 6s. x.c.	58
Ill. 6s. cou. '79 aft. 1862	100	North Car. 6s. n. b.	58
Illinois c. 6s '79 aft. 1865	100	Missouri 6s	87
Illinois c. 6s '79 aft. 1870	100	Mis. H. & St. Jo. is	88¼
Illinois coupon 6s. 1877	100	California 7s	133

And the following for the City Bank Stocks

New-York	130	Irving	105
Manhattan	140	Metropolitan	133
Merchants'	118	Market	115
Mechanics'	123	Nassau	107
America	138	Shoe and Leather	112½
National	112	Corn Exchange	120
Merchants' Exch'ge	110	Continental	103
Seventh Ward	111	St. Nicholas	107
State of New-York	113½	Impt'rs. & Traders'	125
Commerce	118	Park	148
Mec. B. Association	116	Central National	105
Ocean	103	Fourth National	104⅜
Bank of N. America	105	Ninth National	104
Hanover	110	Tenth National	100

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	95¼	Tol. & W. 1st Mort.	91
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Es.	91	Tol. & W. 1st M. Ex.	91
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub'n	91	Tol & W. 2d M.	81½
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	113¼	Gt. Western 1st M. '68	101¾
N. Y. Cen. 7's. con. 1876	117	Gt. Western, 1st M. '88	88
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1865-'76	117	Chi. & R. I. Pac. is	94¾
Erie 7s. 5th ind., 1888	91¾	Morris & Essex 2d M.	87
Harlem 1st M. 1869-'72	101	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 1st M.	104
Mich. Cen. n. 1st M. 8s, '82	113	Chi. & Alton S. F. in	96
Chi. B. & Q. 8 ℘ c, 1st M.	113¼	Ohio & Miss. 1st M.	91
Mich. So. 7 ℘ c. 2d M.	92½	Dub. & Sioux C. 1st M.	88
N. Ind. Goshen Line '68	98	Mil. & St. Paul 2d M.	84
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ℘ c.	103¼	Mar. & Cin. 1st M.	90
Ill. Cen. 7 ℘ c. 1870	115	Chic. & Mil. 1st M.	87¼
Chic. & N. W. int. Bds.	90	Chi. & Gt. East. 1st M.	88¼
Con. 7 ℘ cent. conv.	87	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	97
Del. L. & W 1st M.	100		

The day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts, $3,855,627 96; total payments, $3,908,818 31; balance, $100,794,145 45. The receipts include for Customs, $417,000; for Gold Notes, $112,000.

The operations of the Michigan Southern Company for their last fiscal year, ending 29th February, ult., were:

In gross from freights	$2,725,250	
From passengers	1,689,107	
Miscellaneous	332,862	—$4,747,219
At an expense of		2,866 387
Net income		$1,880,432
Interest on $9,150,000 funded debt	$640,516	
Sinking fund on do	151,000	
Dividend on $687,400 guaranteed stock	68,740	
Taxes and rents, &c.	170,823	—$1,031,079
Leaving for $9,813,500 com. stock		$849,752

The present financial situation of the Company is thus represented:

March 1, surplus of 1867-8, as above		$849,752
Cash on hand March 1, 1867		295,698
Sinking Fund Bonds, sold at par		58,000
Union Stock-yard stock, sold at par		50,000
Sales of land at Chicago and elsewhere		67,780
Common stock issued in settlement of back dividends on guaranteed stock		45,000
To be accounted for		$1,366,230
New improvements	$425,077	
Cost of guaranteed conversions	105,330	
Floating Debt paid off	274,846	
Miscellaneous charges	13,343	—$818 596
Balance		$547,633
In cash on hand	$489,976	
Increased material	57,657	—$547,633

The Erie fugitives from New-York justice, who represent themselves as "entrenched" in some common tavern in Jersey City, are occasionally heard from over their own signatures in the New-York papers. Their number, we believe, is now reduced to four out of a Board of Directors of seventeen members. These are ELDRIDGE, the President; DREW, the Treasurer; and FISK and GOULD, the Brokers to the last fraudulent sales of 50,000 new shares. DREW, according to the straight forward evidence of Mr. DAVID GROESBECK at Albany the other day, having appropriated to himself, exclusively, the other 50,000 shares *on his own terms*, ELDRIDGE and DREW unite in a card to say that the proceeds of the whole 100,000 shares are all right. But the public are incredulous. Indeed the suspicion is prevalent that the whole operation, so fraudulent in its inception and purposes, will never be made right except by the summary action of the Courts. As to DREW, his own pocket being, in one sense, the pocket of the Treasurer of the Road, he may possibly be entitled in construing his card to the benefit of the mental reservation to make the Money hereafter his own, or the Money of the great corporation whose trust he persistently abuses, *according to the turn of the Stock Market*. But as to ELDRIDGE, he provokes the double challenge of situation and credibility. His situation is worse than equivocal. In contempt of the New-York Courts he has fled their jurisdiction. Applying for an act of indorsement at Albany, he dare not go to Albany to plead his own justification. In this last respect he is even in a lower deep than DREW. Mr. CHARLES O'CONOR, as counsel for the wronged stockholders of the Road, offered in his speech before the Assembly Committee to give DREW safe conduct to Albany and back to his den of refuge in Jersey City again, if he would only consent to go upon the witness stand for examination. The credibility of ELDRIDGE is involved in his brazen assurance that the 100,000 Shares were "legally" created, and in the evidence of Mr. DIVEN, the Vice-President, who swears that at least one-half the amount was literally abstracted from the office, and put afloat without even the forms of authority or conversion; and further, that he was misled by ELDRIDGE to sign blank certificates of Stock under the pretext that they were to be used in the transfers of *old* Shares, in place of creating *new* Shares against the acknowledged injunction of the Supreme Court.

The Baltimore *Chronicle*, of 26th instant, says:

"The fact that the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have reduced their rates of freight for the transportation of coal has had a very material effect upon the coal companies of Georgetown. Some of the dealers had large orders on hand, which they intended to fill as soon as navigation on the canal was resumed, but in consequence of the above-named company reducing their rates a number of these orders have been withdrawn, the parties giving them intending to transport their coal by rail. The upper levels of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal are already filled, and it is expected that by the 1st of April navigation will be uninterrupted between Alexandria and Cumberland. Boats loaded with coal will be looked for at that city about the 4th of April. The American, Central and Baltimore and Hampshire Coal Companies have located their agencies and coal depots in that city, and will be ready to commence operations as soon as the canal is open. The Cumberland Coal and Iron Company and the Borden Coal Company have determined, it is understood, to continue their agencies and coal depots at Georgetown."

At a meeting of the Directors of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, held on the 26th, at their office in this City, the location of the great suspension bridge across the Missouri River was definitely made and established. The point selected is where the line of the old Missouri and Mississippi Railroad, as surveyed by Gen. G. M. DODGE, strikes the river, and directly between the cities of Council Bluffs and Omaha. The machine shop, it is understood, will remain at Omaha, while the transfer grounds will be at Council Bluffs, for which the Company has purchased eight hundred acres of land. The estimated cost of the bridge is over $2,500,000. Its construction makes Council Bluffs the great railroad centre of the West.

The week's imports at this port of Foreign Dry Goods have been to the value of $1,568,530. The following is the summary for the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT.		WAREHOUSED.		WITHDRAWN.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Man. of Wool	875	$309,587	536	$189,167	787	$272,874
Man. of Cotton	824	266,355	244	69,582	582	153,890
Man. of Silk	398	350,288	53	43,454	130	133,105
Man. of Flax	946	217,042	314	84,378	2,370	139,486
Miscellaneous	493	121,815	610	18,512	3,252	53,757
Total	3,536	$1,265,087	1,757	405,093	7,121	$753,113
		405,093				1,265,087
Total entered		$1,670,180	Total marketed			$2,018,200

The earnings of the Richmond and Danville Railroad for the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1867, as reported by the *American Railroad Journal*, were as follows:

From passengers		$200,428 91
From freight		399,500 93
From express		23,544 15
From United States mails		13,072 58
From telegraph line		3,115 66
Total		$639,662 23
The ordinary expenses were:		
Repairs of road	$102,751 47	
Repairs of bridges	9,287 41	
Repairs of structures	5,691 66	
Repairs of locomotives	17,646 64	
Repairs of cars	22,575 01	
Repairs of machinery	4,795 25	
Passenger train expenses	21,001 27	
Freight train expenses	23,762 62	
Fuel account	30,657 07	
Oil, waste, &c	5,025 18	
Depot expenses	47,910 86	
Telegraph expenses	7,254 14	
Miscellaneous expenses	20,230 85	
Losses and damages	9,649 88	
Salaries of officers, &c	15,778 01	
Taxes and insurance	6,070 06	
United States internal revenue tax	9,363 82—	359,451 19
Net earnings (43.8 per cent.)		$280,211 04
The extraordinary expenses were:		
For old debt incurred prior to July, 1865		$19,813 75
For iron rails, chairs, spike and labor relaying track		103,822 62
For rebuilding depots and water stations		9,603 60
For new bridge over canal at Richmond		11,693 40
Total		$144,933 37
Less cash received for old rails, credited to relaying track		21,814 93
Total extraordinary expenses		$123,618 44

Compared with the business of the previous year, the gross earnings show a decrease of $33,051 77, with a decrease in expenses of $28,473 12—making the decrease in net earnings $4,578 65.

The length of the main line between Richmond and Danville is 140.5 miles. Branch to coal yards at Rockett's, 1.52 miles. Sidings and turnouts laid 11.25 miles. Total equivalent single track, 153.27 miles. The length of the Piedmont Railroad (leased) from Danville, Va., to Greensboro, N. C., is 48.5 miles, or including sidings and turnouts, (1.98 miles) 50.48 miles. Total length of main and branch line operated by Company, 190.52 miles.

The number of locomotives owned by the Company is 24. The mileage of locomotives has been 310,204—an increase over the previous year of 70,252 miles. The present stock of cars is as follows: 16 passenger, 6 baggage and mail, 135 box freight, 54 platform, 51 coal, 11 conductor's, 10 gravel and 1 second-class cars from Piedmont Railroad. Total, 285. The number of miles run by passenger, mail and baggage cars, was 647,122; by express cars, 85,664; by freight and coal cars, 1,282,880; by service cars, 213,340. Total miles run, 2,199,006, an increase over the previous year of 274,096. The cost of maintenance of machinery was $45,016 90, equal to 14½ cents per mile run by all trains. Passengers carried West, 38,962; passengers carried East, 39,729; Government passengers, 815. Total, 79,506. Total miles traveled by passengers, 4,106,364; tons of freight carried, 81,637; tons of freight carried one mile, 5,924,892.

Statement of receipts, disbursements and liabilities of the Company from its organization, Nov. 20, 1847, to Sept. 30, 1867:

Receipts.

Capital stock		$4,000,000 00
Loan of State of Virginia, redeemable in about 34 years, from April 3, 1853, to Sept. 30, 1854, by payment of annuity of 7 per cent.		600,000 00
Bonds guaranteed by State of Virginia, due 1875 and 1876		200,000 00
Bonds extended, due in 1863		25,500 00
Bonds of 4th mortgage, registered, due in 1873		504,000 00
Bonds of 4th mortgage, coupons, due in 1873		423,000 00
Bonds for funding interest, due in 1869 to 1876		82,100 00
Bonds for Roanoke Valley Railroad Company, due in 1869 to 1876		148,200 00
Bonds of consolidated mortgage, coupons		11,000 00
Bonds of consolidated mortgage, registered		500 00
Transportation to Sept. 30, 1866		7,199,132 43
Transportation for the year ending Sept. 30, 1867		639,662 23
Liabilities.		
Interest due on bonds	$64,115 40	
Interest due Board of Public Works	126,000 00	
Dividends	7,983 99	
Loans	32,643 65	
Bills payable	717,889 46	
Sundry accounts, per ledger	77,248 23—	1,025,780 73
Total		$14,858,875 39
Increase of capital stock		$2,000,000 00
Cost of road and property to Sept. 30, 1867		4,929,000 00
Cost of transportation to Sept. 30, 1866		4,569,572 77
Cost of transportation for the year 1867, viz.:		
Maintenance roadway and real estate	$227,214 87	
Maintenance machinery	45,945 75	
Operating expenses	178,697 62	
Insurance	5,957 83	
Internal revenue	9,363 82	
Taxes	112 23	
Salary	15,778 01	
Interest	121,280 03	
Discount on bonds sold	31,007 00	
Lease of Piedmont Railroad to Sept. 30, 1867	72,500 00—	707,856 [illegible]
Dividend account		480,123 10
Fund for redemption of loan of $600,000		86,908 [illegible]
Individual stock		7,301 30
State of Virginia, due on subscription		11,401 60
Piedmont Railroad Company, stock account		1,488,500 00
Piedmont Railroad Company, balance due		403,208 96
Bills receivable		63,806 75
Sundry accounts, per ledger		108,023 87
Balance in banks		9,173 85
Total, as above		$14,858,875 39

President—A. S. BUFORD.
Directors on the part of the State—W. T. Sutherlin, A. Y. Stokes, Thomas Branch.
Directors elected by stockholders—Wood Bouldin, J. R. Edmunds.
Superintendent—Thomas Dodamead.
Secretary and Auditor—John D. Blair,
Treasurer—E. A. Barber.

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Broadway and Houston-st., n. e. cor., 52.5x100x30x100x28x193.8x95.5x197.7	$1,000
Hammond-st., No. 60, 25x95, half share	2,500
Irving-place, n. e. s., 27 ft. n. e. of 17th-st., 26x100	27,500
Ridge-st., e. s., 100 f. s. of Broome-st., 25x73	15,350
4th-st., No. 228, 28.5¼x101	nom.
10th-st., n. s., 64.4 ft. e. of Dry Dock-st., 41.8x75	10,010
20th-st., n. s., 110 ft. e. of 2d-av., 20x92	15,500
24th-st., n. s., 287.9-4-5 ft. w. of 2d-av., 19.5x98.9¾	6,200
43d-st., s. s., 380 ft. e. of 8th-av., 20x100.4	25,200
51st-st., s. s., 202.6 ft. e. of 10th-av., 37.6x100.5	6,500

82d-st., s. s., 100 e. of 8th-av., 18.9x100.5	14,000
83d-st., s. s., 300 ft. w. of 8th-av., 50x100	12,500
83d-st., n. s., 355.10 ft. e. 3d-av., 25.5x½ block	5,000
93d-st., s. s., 210 ft. e. 5th-av., 50x102.2	12,200
97th-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of 10th-av., 150x100.11	9,900
98th-st., n. s., 325 ft. e. of Av. A., 25x138.3	1,700
117th-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of 9th-av., 100x½ block 117th-st. and 9th-av. s. w. cor., 100x½ block. 10th-av. and 116th-st. n. e. cor., 4 lots, each 25x100, and triangle 25x100x120 115th-st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 8th-av., 100x½ block 115th-st., s. s., 300 ft. w. of 9th-av., 12 lots, each 25x100. 116th-st., n. s., 30 ft. w. of 8th-av., gore, 30 x150x— Also various triangular strips in the localities	Q. C. 1,381
114th-st., s. s., lots 315, 316 Prospect tract, each 25 x100.11	5,000
117th-st., n. s., 394 ft. e. of 1st-av., 100.10x48.10x1.7 x98.10x50	2,200
121st-st., s. s., 490 ft. e. of 4th-av., 20x100.11	1,000
125th-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of 2d-av., 25x99.11	1,450
129th-st., s. s., 150 ft. w. of 7th-av., 75x99.11	7,000
135th-st., s. s., 375 ft. e. of 8th-av., gore, 99.10x30x 164.2	6,689
141st-st., n. s., 350 ft. w. of 8th-av., 25x99.11	1,450
143d-st., n. s., 350 ft. w. of 7th-av., 50x99.11	1,600
2d-av., e. s., 41.11 ft. s. of 35th-st., 18.11x72	11,000
9th-av., w. s., between 54th and 55th sts., 16 lots, 200.8x200	91,250
2d-av., e. s., 4.7 ft. s. of 38th-st., 27.6x80x42x59.7x 49.3x147 38th-st., s. s., cor. of (formerly) Eliza-st., 150.7½x 25.4x147x4.7 1st-av., w. s., 68.3 ft. n. of 37th-st., 177.3x100.11x 193.2½x44.10	10,000
2d-av., e. s., 25 ft. n. of 93d-st., 100x100	15,500
6th-av., w. s., bet. 114th and 115th sts., lots Nos. 1,347 to 1,356 inclusive	2,000

Leases Recorded.

Barclay-st., No. 49 Park-place, s. s., Nos. 52 and 54, } 4 years, per yr.	11,000
Broome-st., No. 404, 2½ years, per year	1,000
Broadway, No. 491, 3 years, per year	6,000
Broadway, No. 163, Room No. 2, 4 years, per year	700
Delancey-st., s. s., 50 ft. w. of Mangin-st., 25x105, 10 years, per year	175
Hudson-st., No. 439, 10 years, per year	700
William-st., No. 158, 7 years, per year	6,000
Avenue C, No. 28, 5 years, per year	840
8th-st., s. s., 205 ft. w. of 2d-av., 50xhalf the block, 8 years, per year	2,500

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Ainslie-st., s. s., 150 ft. w. of Smith-st., 25x100	$5,200
Baltic-st. and Buffalo-av., s. e. corner, 175x255.7x 50x127.9½x25x50x100x77½ Buffalo-av., w. s., 52.9½ ft. s. of Baltic-st., 50x100 Buffalo-av., w. s., 127.9½ ft. s. of Baltic-st., 25x100	430
Cumberland-st., e. s., 152.3 ft. s. of Park-av., 75x100	8,000
Devoe-st., n. s., 175 ft. w. of the Church Cemetery, 25x100	2,500
Henry and Sackett sts., s.e. corner, 20x72	15,000
India-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of Washington-st., 25x 100	1,000
India-st., n. s., 175 feet e. of Washington-st., 25x 100	3,000
Main-st., w. s., Lot No. 115, near Water-st	4,600
Myrtle-st., s. s., 324.11¾ ft. e. of Broadway, 17. 11½x50x78.10½x50	600
Newell-st., w. s. 220 ft. w. of Norman-av., 25x100	650
Pacific-st., 540 ft. e. of Powers-st., 20x100	6,750
Palmetto-st., s. s., 525 ft. west of Central-av., 100x131.8x100.11x145.4	2,000
Powers-st., n. s., 150 ft. e. of Judge-st., 47.0½x 26x48.5x25 Judge-st., 152 ft. e. of Powers-st., 101.10x26.8½x 91.4x25.0½	1,000
President-st., s. s., 228.6 ft. w. of Columbia-st., 21.6x100	5,500
Stagg-st., n. s., 225 ft. w. of Morrell-st, 50x100	2,000
Stagg-st., n. s., 225 ft. w. of Morrell-st., 50x100	2,000
Smith-st., w. s. 75 ft. s. of Stagg-st., 25x75	2,550
Tillary-st., n. s., 209.10 ft. w. of Jackson-st., 42.11x 31.8x23.5x25	1,250
Withers-st., s. s., 250 ft. w. of Kingsland-av., 100x 71x100.1½x76	1,200
Wyckoff-st., s. s., 56.5 ft. w. of Smith-st., 43x35x 45x21	2,175
4th-place, s. s., 84 ft. w. of Clinton-st., 21x133.5½	10,000
8th-st., e. s., 42.3 ft. e. of North 7th-st., 38.6x70	9,000
South 9th-st., n. s., 75 ft. e. of 5th-st., 31x95	3,000
18th-st., n. e. s., 495.10 ft. n. w. of 10th-av., 180x69x 172.7x62. q. c	500
18th-st., n. w. s., 32 ft. n. w. of 8th-av., 14x80	1,800
20th-st., n. e. s., 335 ft. s. e. of 3d-av., 125x100.2	1,700
Classon-av., w. s., 125 ft. n. of Putnam-av., 50x100, q. c	nom.
Classon-av., w. s., 148.9 ft. n. of Putnam-av., 26.3x 100	nom.
Clinton-av., w. s., 149 ft. n. of Park av., 25x100	nom.
Franklin-av., e. s., 31.6 ft. s. of Union-st., 99.6x100x 131x52.4	500
Flatbush-av., e. s., 166.1 ft. s. of Wyckoff-st., 85.6x 5x10.7x25x3.11x10x100x40	18,000
Lots Nos. 473 to 478 inclusive, Bushnell & Bussing property	nom.
Lots 398, 399, 472, Bushnell & Bussing property	nom.

New Lots.

New-Jersey-av., 300 ft. n. of Virginia-av., 100x48x 100x83	$3,600

Gravesend.

Road leading to the shore, n. w. cor., 156x159x 143x180	4,000

Flatbush.

Washington-av. and 2d-st., n w. corner, 100x100	$550
Franklin-av and Plank-road to Coney Island, 66 86-100 acres	83,575
Webster-av., s. s., 540 ft. w. of 2d-st., 111.11x90	nom.

NEW-JERSEY.

Hoboken.

Willow-st., w. s. 150 ft. n. of 1st-st., 25x100	$2,500
Garden and 10th sts., n. w. corner, 21x100	2,000

Hudson City.

Madison-av., s. s., lot No. 32, block No. 103, Davey's premises, 25x117	$3,400
Beacon-av., n. s., lot No. 55, 25x106	2,500

Greenville.

Wilkinson-av., s. s., 250 w. of Berkley-av., 89.11x 106x53.7x100	$1,125
Waverley-st., n. s., lot No. 44, block No. 1, 25x100	275

Bayonne.

Cottage-st., lot No. 2, section 94, 25x100	$350

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

Howes & Macy, Bankers,

(Formerly officers of the Park Bank,)

30 Wall Street, N, Y.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

The business of this house is the same as an Incorporated Bank.

Persons keeping accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balances at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

THOMAS DENNY & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 39 Wall-st., New-York.

Our annual Financial Circular for 1868 is now ready, and will be forwarded free of charge to persons desiring to make investments through us.

BROOKLYN CITY LOANS.

These include Park, Water and other Improvemetn Six and Seven per Cent. Bonds. For sale by
JAY COOKE & CO.,
Wall and Nassau sts.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Friday, March 27, 1868.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last, have been as follows:

Ashes, bbls	....	Barley, bushels	4,500
Flour, bbls	7,618	Malt, bushels	1,140
Flour, bags	....	Peas, bushels	....
Cornmeal, bbls	565	Pork, bbls	2,862
Cornmeal, bags	1,523	Cut Meats, pkgs	466
Wheat, bushels	533	Lard, pkgs	536
Corn, bushels	39,995	Beef, tcs. and bbls.	422
Rye, bushels	328	Whisky, bbls	....
Oats, bushels	3,355	Petroleum, bbls	270

ASHES—Have been scarce and wanted at $8 37 for Pots, and $11@$11 50 for Pearls, ₽ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Has been in more demand at 43c.@44c. for Yellow, ₽ lb.

BRICKS—Have been in fair demand at full prices, including common Hard at $10 50@$11 50; Croton at $18@$22, and Philadelphia Front at $40@$45 ₽ thousand.

CANDLES—Have been in limited request, including Adamantine at 21c.@23c. for light weights; Plain Sperm at 45c.@48c., and Patent do., 55c@58c. ₽ lb.

COAL—All kinds have been in slack demand, yet unchanged in price.

CEMENT—Has been in fair request at $2 20@$2 25 for Rosendale, ₽ lb.

COFFEE—Has been salable and firm, including Java at 24c.@25½c.; Maracaibo, 16c.@18c.; Laguayra, 16c.@17½c.; Rio, 13½c.@18½c., free, and 8½c.@ 13½c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 18c.@19½c.; St. Domingo, 14½c.@15c., all in gold, ₽ lb.

COTTON—Has been unusually brisk to-day at a further advance of ¼@½c. per lb., favored by the news from Liverpool. The demand has been generally active, but has been most notably animated for shipment and on speculative account. The market closed decidedly in favor of sellers. The aggregate sales since our last have been 14,513 bales, including 1,350 bales to spinners, 5,978 bales to shippers, 6,140 bales to speculators, and 1,045 bales in transit. Messrs. Cornwall & Zerega are quoting in their circular for the week, as follows, the

Closing prices of Cotton:

	Upland.	Mobile.	N. O. & Tex.
Ordinary, ₽ lb.	23	23¼	23½@23¾
Good Ordinary	24	24¼	24½@24¾
Low Middling	25	25¼	25½@25¾
Middling	26	26¼	26¾@27
Good Middling	27½	27¼	27¾@28

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	14,428
Receipts last week	21,132
Receipts preceding week	29,117
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1868	276,338
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1867	501,850
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1868	679,670
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1867	273,922
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	657,439
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Exports since Jan. 1, 1868	125,100
Exports since Sept. 1	270,875
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1868	438,117
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	472,596
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1867	381,092
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,301
Estimated stock on hand here	102,500

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,040
Receipts at all the ports, since Sept. 1, 1867	1,854,000
Receipts same time 1866–7	1,529,000
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,951,988
Receipts preceding cotton year	2,154,476
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1867, to latest mail dates	1,235,000
Exports same time 1866–7	901,000
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,557,054
Exports preceding cotton year	1,554,664
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports Aug. 31, 1867	80,296
Estimated stock on hand at all ports, at latest mail dates	341,000
Estimated stock same time in 1867	580,000

DRY GOODS.—Domestic Cottons have been more active, but at irregular, and, in some instances, lower prices. Domestic Woolens have been in moderate demand at generally unchanged prices. Foreign goods have been in fair request; seasonable fabrics have been quoted firm. The week's imports of Foreign Dry Goods into this port have been to the foreign specie value of $1 670,180; amount actually marketed during the week $2,018,199, including $753,112 of previous importation.

DRUGS, DYES AND DYEWOODS—The leading articles have been in rather better request at generally steady prices.

FEATHERS—Have been quite dull at from 75c.@ 90c. for Live Geese, ₽ lb.

FIRE-CRACKERS—Have been in some demand and quoted firm at $3@$3 15 for Canton, ₽ box.

FISH—The demand has been fair for the season, and prices have been generally very firm and buoyant. We quote: Dry Cod at $5 50@$7 ₽ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel, $18@$20 50; No. 2 do., $14@$18 50; No. 3 do., $10@$12 50 ₽ bbl. Pickled Herring, $6 25@ $8 75 ₽ bbl. Smoked Herring, 40c.@43c. for Scale, and 23c.@26c. for No. 1, ₽ box.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour have been decidedly more active, especially low grades, which have been more freely sought after by export buyers, and which have advanced rather sharply. Sales have been reported since our last of 17,800 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $9 30@$9 75; very inferior to fair ordinary extra State at $10 15@$10 50; fair ordinary to very choice genuine Spring Wheat extra State at $10 50@$11 40, and poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop extra Ohio at $10 20@$10 60 ₽ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western	$9 30@$9 75
Extra State	10 15@11 40
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	9 90@14 25
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	10 20@10 60
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	10 65@14 25
Extra Genesee	11 50@14 25
Common to choice extra Missouri	11 00@15 00

Southern Flour has been in fair demand at rising prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 900 bbls. at $9 50@$11 for common to fair, and $11@$15 for fair to very superior extra, ₽ bbl. California Flour is in more request and firmer; sales have been reported of 1,750 sacks at $12 75@ $14 50 for extras, ₽ 196 lbs. Rye Flour continues in good demand at $7 75@$9 65 for inferior to choice, ₽ bbl.; sales 900 bbls. Corn Meal is in rather good request at $5 90@$6 for Jersey; $5 75@$6 for Western; $5 90 for City, and $6 15 for Brandywine, ₽ bbl.; sales 1,200 bbls Buckwheat Flour continues in limited demand at $3 50@$4 ₽ 100 lbs.

FRUIT—Foreign varieties have been in fair supply and limited demand, including Layer Raisins at $3 95@$4 ₽ box; currants at 11¼c.@11½c.; Almonds at 20c.@38c., and Figs at 14c.@28c. ₽ lb.

GRAIN—Wheat has been quite actively sought after to-day by shippers and millers, at a further decided rise in prices. The favorable advices from Liverpool stimulated the export inquiry. Sales have been reported since our last of 67,000 bushels, including No. 1 Spring at $2 50@$2 53, in store and delivered; No. 2 Spring at $2 41@$2 45, in store and delivered; Extra White Genesee at $3 37; Amber Pennsylvania at $2 67; Poor Red Southern at $2 45; and White California at $3 15 ₽ bushel. Corn has been in more request and firmer. Sales have been reported of 47,500 bushels at $1 25@$1 30, chiefly at $1 27@$1 29½ for New Mixed Western, $1 27 @$1 27½ for Old Mixed Western, in store; $1 29 for poor do., delivered; $1 28@$1 30 for New Yellow Jersey and Southern; $1 20@$1 27 for New Straw-colored and White Southern, and $1 22@$1 25½ for White Western, ₽ bushel. Rye has been in demand and firm; 5,000 bushels State were reported sold at $1 92½ ₽ bushel. Barley has been quiet at unchanged prices. Sales 2,000 bushels State and Canada East at $1 95@$2 ₽ bushel. Malt has been sparingly dealt in at $2 17@$2 20 ₽ bushel. Oats have been in fair request at a further advance in prices. Sales have been reported of 51,000 bushels Western at 86c.@87c., in store, ₽ bushel.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Have been in demand at 18½c.@19c., and 20½c.@21c., respectively.

HAY—North River Bale is in better supply and less request at 90c.@$1 for shipping, and $1 10@ $1 35 for poor to choice, for local use, ₽ 100 lbs. Straw continues in slack demand at 75c.@95c. for short and long, ₽ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue quiet at drooping rates, including American at 10c.@55c. for new; older growths, 5c. @25c., and Foreign at 20c.@50c. ₽ lb. We quote in detail thus: New-York State, common to fair, 10c. @20c.; good to prime, 25c.@35c.; choice to fancy, 45c.@50c. Eastern, common to fair, 10c.@20c.; prime to choice, 35c.@50c. Wisconsins, common to fancy, 30c.@55c. Michigans, common to fair, 10c.@20c.; good to prime, 30c.@40c. Yearlings of all grades, 10c.@25c.; old Olds, 5c.@15c. Foreign—Canadians, 15c.@50c.; Bavarians, 30c.@40c.; Belgians, 20c. @25c. ₽ lb. The week's business in this line, Mr. Emmet Wells notices thus: "The large falling off of imports since the 1st of the month has not yet produced the effect of improving late values, or increasing the demand for Hops. On the contrary, lower prices have been submitted to in common grades, the supply of which is yet quite large. The present stagnation in the trade is mainly attributable to the fact that brewers are overstocked with beer, the demand for consumption having greatly fallen off in consequence of the hard times among the laboring classes, a large proportion of whom are out of employment, and have no money to indulge in the luxuries of the beer-mug. This state of affairs, however, may be said to have existed all Winter, though its effects upon the Hop and beer trade is but just beginning to be realized. Growers in Wisconsin are taking an early start, pole setting for the new crop having already commenced. We advise new growers in that State not to "build (to many) castles in the air;" and, instead of basing their prospective good luck too much upon the experience of the past two or three propitious seasons, weigh the chances of a probable visitation of the insect, such as caused almost a total destruction of the crop in Michigan last season, and such as has impeded Hop culture to a fearful extent in New-York State during the past seven years. A few days' ravages of this unconquerable enemy of the Hop will be sufficient to blight the Hops, as well as hopes, of all engaged in the business. Their destruction in Michigan last season was almost complete, while in the season of 1866 the Hop louse, in that State, was comparatively unknown. Imports, for the past two weeks, from Bremen, 142 bales; Hamburg, 39 bales; Canada, 76 bales. Total, 257 bales. Exports, to Canada, 21 bales; British North American Colonies, 9 bales; Brazil, 3 bales; Mexico, 7 bales; New-Granada, 6 bales. Total, 46 bales. Our last London advices are down to the 7th inst. The firmer tone, observable in that market on the 26th, has been productive of more improvement than was anticipated. Fine samples of English were in better request at an advance of from 8s. to 10s. ₽ cwt., from the lowest point reached; and, from the scarcity of really choice Hops, prices were expected to still further improve. The currency then ranged as follows, viz.:

Mid and East Kents	90s.@115s.@130s.
Weald of Kents	80s.@ 95s.@110s.
Sussex	84s.@ 92s.@ 96s.

Fine samples of Bavarians were firmly held at from 70s. to 84s. These descriptions attracted very little attention in spite of the temptations in prices, consumers evidently preferring English growths. A slight advance in prices is noticed in the Continental markets."

HEMP—Has been in rather more demand, including Jute at $1 10@$1 40, gold, ₽ ton, and Manilla at 10½c., gold, ₽ lb.

LATHS—Have been in moderate request at $3 ₽ 1,000.

LIME—Rockland has been in some demand at $1 50 for common, and $2 for lump ₽ bbl.

LUMBER—Has been in fair request and firm; Eastern Spruce and Pine, $19@$21 50 ₽ 1,000 feet.

METALS—The general inquiry has been rather light; prices have not varied remarkably. We quote: Ingot Copper at 23½c.@23¾ ₽ lb.; No. 1 American Pig Iron, $39@$40; No. 2 do., $37@$38; Scotch Pig, $41@$43; English and American Bar Iron, refined, $82 50@$87 50 ₽ ton; Pig Lead, $6 40@$6 87½, in gold, ₽ 100 lbs.; Foreign Spelter, 6¼c.@6½c., in gold, ₽ lb.; Straits Tin, 23c.@23½c., in gold, ₽ lb.; Banca Tin, 27c., in gold, ₽ lb.; Zinc, 11¼c.@11½c., ₽ lb.

MOLASSES—Have been in less active demand at previous prices, including Porto Rico at 60c.@76c.; Cuba at 37c.@55c.; New-Orleans, 80c.@90c. ₽ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been quiet at firmer rates, including Spirits Turpentine at 63c.@65½c. ₽ gallon; Crude do. at $4 90@$5; Resin at $3 12½@ $8 ₽ 280 lbs.; Tar at $2 75@$3 50; Pitch at $3 50 ₽ bbl.

OILS—Have been inactive to-day, including Crude Whale at 68c.@70c.; Bleached Whale at 80c.@85c.; Crude Sperm at $2@$2 05; Unbleached do. at $2 25 @$2 30; Lard Oil at $1 15@$1 45; Red Oil at 62½c.@ 77½c.; Linseed Oil at $1 18@$1 22½; Olive, $2 40 @$2 50 ₽ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Has been in less request at 12½c. @12¾c. for Crude in bulk; 17½c.@17¾c. for do. in bbls.; 23½c.@26c. for Refined, in bond, and 40c.@ 41c. for Refined, free, ₽ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in very limited demand to-day, but has been quoted firm. Sales have been made of only 1,450 bbls., in lots, at $24 70@$24 80, closing at $24 80, regular, for New Western Mess; $23 62@$23 75, for Old Mess; $23 50@$23 75 for Thin Mess; $22 50@$22 75 for Western Prime Mess; $23@$23 25 for City do. do.; $20 25@$20 87 for Prime and Extra Prime, ₽ bbl. Sales were also reported of 250 bbls. New Mess, seller May, $25 25 ₽ bbls. Cut Meats are in less demand yet firm in price. Sales, 170 pkgs. at 14c.@15½c. for Hams, and 10½c.@11½c. for Shoulders, ₽ lb. Bacon is in rather better request at firmer prices; sales have been reported since our last of 430 boxes at 12½c.@ 12¾c. for Cumberlands; 13½c. for Short Rib; 14c. for Long Clear, and 14½c.@15c. for Short Clear, ₽ lb. Lard has been dull and heavy; sales have been reported since our last of 550 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at 15½c.@16½c. for inferior to very choice, ₽ lb. Dressed Hogs continue inactive and nominal at 12½c.@ 12¾c. for City, ₽ lb. Beef has been in moderate demand at $14@$20 for Plain Mess; $19 50@$23 75 for Extra do., and $9@$13 50 for inferior grades of barreled Mess Beef; sales have been reported of 460 bbls. Tierce Beef continues quiet, including Prime Mess at $33@$37, and India Mess at $38@ $40 50 ₽ tierce; sales since our last, 90 tcs. Beef Hams continue in moderate request to-day, at from $36@$40 for poor to very choice; sales 250 bbls. Butter continues quiet and depressed at 45c.@58c. for poor to prime, 58c.@60c. for fancy State, and 25c.@45c. for inferior to choice Canada and Western, ₽ lb. Cheese is in demand and firm at 9c.@16½c., ₽ lb.

RICE—Has been in moderate demand at uniform prices, including Carolina at $10 75@$11 50; and Rangoon at $9 25@$9 75 ₽ 100 lbs.

SALT—Has been in light request, including Turk's Island at 45c.@46c., by the cargo, ₽ bushel; Liverpool ground at $1 85@$1 90; do. fine at $2 50@$2 80, and Prussian at $3 25 ₽ sack.

SEEDS—Have been in better supply and less request at irregular prices, including Clover at 12½c. @13½c. ₽ lb.; Rough Flax, $2 80@$2 95; Calcutta Linseed, here and at Boston, at $2 38@$2 45, gold, and Timothy at $2 50@$2 75, ₽ bushel.

SOAP—Continues inactive at unchanged figures, including Castile at 16c.@16½c.; Colgate's Pale, 9¼c.; Family, 10c., and No. 1 at 7c., ₽ lb.

SPICES—Continue in limited request since our last, including Mace at 90c.@92½c.; No. 1 Nutmegs at 87½c.@90c.8 Cassia at 52c.; Cloves at 26c.@26½c.; Pepper at 23½c.@24½c.; Pimento at 19½c.; Ginger at 10½c.@11½c., gold, ₽ lb.

SUGARS—Have been moderately inquired for at full prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,050 hhds. Cuba, &c., at from 10½c.@13½c., and 275 boxes Havana, part at 10½c.@13½c. ₽ lb. Refined Sugars are in active demand at from 14½c.@ 16¾c. ₽ lb. Messrs. Stuart now quote their Refined Sugars thus: Best Crushed, 16½c.; Ground, 16½c.; White, A, 15¾c., and Yellow, C, 15½c., cash, ₽ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales 81,600 lbs. Tallow at 12½c.@ 12¾c.; 47,000 lbs. Stearine at 15c.@16½c.; 34,000 lbs. Grease at 9c.@12½c. ₽ lb.

TEAS—Have been in limited demand since our last at about previous prices, including Gunpowder and Imperial at from $1@$1 85; Hyson at from 90c.@ $1 50; Young Hyson at 77½c.@$1 65; Uncolored Japan at from 87½c.@$1 25; Oolong at from 68c.@ $1 60; Souchong and Congou at from 62½c.@$1 55 ₽ lb.

TOBACCO—Has attracted very little attention, yet prices have been quoted about the same, including Lugs, 7c.@9½c.; Common Leaf, 9c.@ 12½c.; Medium Leaf, 11c.@14½c.; Good Leaf, 13½c.@16½c.; Fine Leaf, 16c.@19c.; Selections, 19c.@24c., ₽ lb. *Seed Leaf*—Connecticut and Massachusetts Fillers, 7c.@10c. for old, and 6c.@7c. for new; average lots, 25c.@40c. for old, and 18c. @30c. for new; fine Wrappers, 50c.@65c. for old, and 35c.@50c. for new; New-York State Fillers, 4c.@5c. for old, and 5c.@5½c. for new; average lots, 8c.@18c. for old, and 8c.@14c. for new; Wrappers, 15c.@35c. for old, and 12c.@30c. for new; Pennsylvania and Ohio Fillers, 4c.@6c. for old, and 4½c.@5c. for new; average lots, 6c.@10c. for old, and 9c.@16c. for new; Wrappers, 12c.@30c. for old, and 15c.@40c. for new, ₽ lb. *Havana*—Common, 75c.@80c.; Good, 85c.@95c.; Fine, $1@$1 05. *Yara*—I cut, 82½c.@85c.; II cut, $1 05@$1 10; average lot, 88c.@92½c. ₽ lb. *Manufactured Tobacco*—Black Work—Common and Medium, 15c.@20c., in bond; Good and Fine, 22c.@ 30c., in bond. Bright Work—Common and Medium, 25c.@45c., in bond; Good and Fine, 50c.@85c., in bond, ₽ lb.

WHISKY—Has been neglected and unsettled in price.

FREIGHTS—The market has been quoted rather firmer, but the engagements have been on a very moderate scale. For Liverpool, there were taken 1,800 bales Cotton, at 3-16d.@¼d. by sail and ¼d.@ ½d. by steamer, ₽ lb.; 12,000 bushels Corn, by steamer, at 6d., in bulk; a small lot of Wheat, by do., 6½d., in bags, ₽ bushel. For Cadiz, a bark with a full cargo on private terms. For Malaga, a vessel with staves on private terms.

FAMILY MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

Washington Market, Friday, March 27, 1868.

MEATS.

The supply of fresh meat in market to-day was moderate, and prices were well maintained on all that was desirable. The demand was light.

Retail Prices of Meats in New-York.

Beef, roasting pieces, ₽ lb.	$ 25	@	35
Beef, chuck-roast, ₽ lb.	15	@	23
Beef, round, ₽ lb.	20	@	25
Beef, rumps, ₽ lb.	25	@	30
Beef, porter-house steak, ₽ lb.	32	@	40
Beef, sirloin steak, ₽ lb.	28	@	32
Beef, coarse cuts, ₽ lb.	10	@	18
Beef, corned, ₽ lb.	16	@	22
Beef, smoked, ₽ lb.	25	@	30
Beef tongues, each	1 12	@1	50
Lambs, ₽ lb.	20	@	30
Mutton, hind-quarters, ₽ lb.	14	@	25
Mutton, fore-quarters, ₽ lb.	10	@	15
Mutton, chops, ₽ lb.	18	@	25
Mutton, legs, ₽ lb.	18	@	25
Mutton, by the carcass, ₽ lb.	15	@	18
Pigs, roasting, each	2 50	@4	50
Pork, joints, ₽ lb.	16	@	18
Pork steaks, ₽ lb.	18	@	20
Pork, corned, ₽ lb.	14	@	17
Bacon, ₽ lb.	18	@	22
Hams, ₽ lb.	18	@	25
Shoulders, ₽ lb.	14	@	18
Veal, hind-quarters, ₽ lb.	18	@	20
Veal, fore-quarters, ₽ lb.	10	@	15
Veal cutlets, ₽ lb.	30	@	35
Veal, fillets, ₽ lb.	30	@	38
Veal, loins, ₽ lb.	25	@	28
Sausages, country made, ₽ lb.	14	@	18
Lard, ₽ lb.	16	@	20
Suet, ₽ lb.	16	@	18
Haslets, each	4	@	6
Hearts, each	4	@	8
Sweet Breads ₽ dozen	2 50	@3	75
Tripe, ₽ lb.	8	@	10

POULTRY AND GAME.

The market was scantily supplied with the leading articles in this line, and higher prices were generally demanded, on, however, a very dull trade. Canvas Back Ducks, as an exception, were much cheaper.

Retail Prices of Poultry and Game in New-York.

Capons, ₽ lb.	$ 37	@	45
Chickens, ordinary to extra, ₽ lb.	25	@	35
Chickens, broiling, ₽ pair	1 50	@2	25
Ducks, ₽ lb.	30	@	40
Ducks, wild, ₽ pair	50	@1	75
Ducks, Canvas Back, ₽ pair	2 00	@2	50
Geese, ₽ lb.	20	@	28
Geese, wild, each	1 00	@1	50
Pigeons, Squab ₽ dozen	7 00	@8	00
Prairie Chickens, ₽ pair	1 00	@1	75
Rabbits, ₽ pair	65	@	87
Snipe, English, per dozen	4 75	@5	50
Turkeys, ₽ lb.	25	@	35

FISH.

The offerings of fresh fish have increased, and prices have favored buyers. The inquiry has been more satisfactory to the dealers. Some fresh Salmon, from St. John's, were available to-day at, however, extreme figures. An attractive lot of Delaware Bay shad was for sale at a leading stand, also, of course, at fancy prices, thus early in the season. Brook trout were likewise on exhibition, and quoted high.

Retail Prices of Fish in New-York.

Bass, ₽ lb.	$ 18	@	25
Catfish, ₽ lb.	12	@	85
Cod, ₽ lb.	10	@	12
Codfish, steak, ₽ lb.	12	@	15
Cod, dried, ₽ lb.	8	@	10
Eels, ₽ lb.	20	@	25
Flounders, ₽ lb.	10	@	12
Frost Fish, ₽ lb.	8	@	10
Haddock, ₽ lb.	8	@	10
Halibut, ₽ lb.	20	@	25
Halibut, smoked, ₽ lb.	18	@	20
Herring, fresh, ₽ lb.	8	@	10
Herrings, smoked, ₽ lb.	15	@	20
Lobsters, ₽ lb.	10	@	15
Mackerel, salt, each	10	@	12
Mackerel, smoked, ₽ lb.	15	@	18
Oysters, ₽ 100	75	@ 2	50
Oysters, pickled, ₽ 100	1 75	@ 2	50
Perch, ₽ lb.	15	@	18
Pickerel, ₽ lb.	20	@	25
Pike, ₽ lb.	15	@	20
Salmon, fresh, ₽ lb.	50	@ 1	00
Salmon, smoked, ₽ lb.	30	@	35
Salmon, pickled, ₽ lb.	25	@	28
Trout, Brook, ₽ lb.	75	@ 1	50
Shad, each	50	@ 1	25
Scollops, ₽ quart	35	@	40
Smelts, ₽ lb.	15	@	20
Sounds and Tongues, ₽ lb.	15	@	18
Sunfish, ₽ lb.	10	@	—
Terrapin, ₽ dozen	18 00	@20	00
White Fish, ₽ lb.	18	@	20

VEGETABLES.

A much better assortment was in market to-day, and prices were generally easier for old stock. The demand was moderate.

Retail Prices of Vegetables in New-York.

Beans, dried, ₽ quart	$ 45	@	50
Beets, ₽ half peck	35	@	40
Cabbages, each	10	@	25
Carrots, ₽ dozen	20	@	30
Celery, ₽ bunch	10	@	12
Cranberries, ₽ quart	15	@	20
Cucumbers, each	40	@	50
Feticus, ₽ quart	25	@	40
Garlic, ₽ bunch	15	@	20
Horse-Radish, ₽ lb.	15	@	20
Lettuce, ₽ head	15	@	20
Leeks, ₽ bunch	8	@	10
Mint, ₽ bunch	12	@	15
Oyster Plant, ₽ bunch	10	@	12
Onions, ₽ peck	1 25	@2	00
Onions, ₽ quart	15	@	20
Parsley, ₽ bunch	8	@	15
Parsnips, ₽ dozen	25	@	40
Peas, steeped, ₽ quart	18	@	20
Peppers, ₽ bunch	8	@	10
Potatoes, ₽ bbl	4 75	@5	50
Potatoes, ₽ peck	70	@	87
Potatoes, sweet, ₽ peck	87	@1	25
Radishes, ₽ bunch	6	@	8
Rhubarb, ₽ bunch	25	@	35
Sage and Thyme, ₽ bunch	3	@	5
Spinnach, ₽ half peck	30	@	35
Squashes, ₽ lb.	10	@	15
Tomatoes, new, ₽ quart	50	@	75
Turnips, new, ₽ half peck	15	@	25
Water Cresses, ₽ quart	18	@	20

FRUIT.

Very little movement has been noted in domestic, prices of which remain about the same. Bananas, Lemons and Oranges were more abundant and cheaper.

Retail Prices of Fruit in New-York.

Almonds, ₽ lb.	$ 48	@	53
Apples, ₽ half peck	30	@	60
Apples, Lady, ₽ half peck	1 00	@1	50
Bananas, ₽ dozen	12	@	75
Chestnuts, ₽ quart	18	@	30
Currants, Zante, ₽ lb.	20	@	35
Dates, ₽ lb.	18	@	20
Figs, ₽ lb.	25	@	35
Grapes, ₽ lb.	20	@	75
Hazel Nuts, ₽ quart	25	@	30
Hickory Nuts, ₽ quart	12	@	15
Lemons, ₽ doz.	25	@	50
Oranges, ₽ doz.	25	@1	00
Raisins, ₽ lb.	18	@	20

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Butter was less firm and offered rather more freely, yet not remarkably cheaper. The demand was limited. Cheese was in pretty fair request and steady. Eggs were fairly active at our quotations.

Retail Prices in New-York.

Butter, prime to fancy new, ₽ lb.	$ 58	@	62
Butter, fair to very good ₽ lb.	50	@	55
Butter, cooking, ₽ lb.	35	@	48
Cheese, ₽ lb.	18	@	25
Eggs, selected, ₽ doz.	33	@	35
Honey, White Clover, ₽ can	75	@1	00
Honey, White Clover, ₽ bottle	30	@	35
Honey, Comb, ₽ lb.	28	@	40

SUNDRIES.

Retail Prices in New-York.

Coal, ₽ ton of 2,000 lbs	$5 00	@7	50
Coke, ₽ chaldron	2 75	@3	50
Coffee, Green, ₽ lb.	25	@	40
Coffee, Roast, in bean, ₽ lb.	35	@	42
Coffee, Roast and Ground, ₽ lb.	30	@	45
Coffee, rye, chicory, &c., ₽ lb.	10	@	25
Flour, Extra Family ₽ bbl.	14 00	@17	50
Flour, Family, ₽ 25 lb. bags	1 50	@2	50
Meal, Corn, ₽ 7 lb. bags	30	@	35
Meal, Oat, ₽ lb.	7	@	9
Milk, ₽ quart	10	@	—
Molasses, ₽ gallon	70	@1	25
Rice, ₽ lb.	10	@	14
Soap, by the box, ₽ lb.	9	@	11
Sugar, Brown and light, ₽ lb.	13	@	16
Sugar, refined, ₽ lb.	18	@	20
Syrup, ₽ gallon	1 00	@1	75
Teas, English Breakfast, ₽ lb.	75	@1	25
Teas, Green, ₽ lb.	1 00	@1	75
Teas, Mixed, ₽ lb.	65	@1	12½

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE AMERICAN CHRISTIAN COMMISSION, whose object is to aid the whole church of all denominations in the work of evangelizing the masses, will hold a public meeting, in the church corner of 5th-av. and 19th-st., (Dr. John Hall's,) on SABBATH EVENING, 29th inst., at 7½ o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by Judge William F. Smith, of Boston, D. L. Moody, Esq., of Chicago, George H. Stuart, Esq., of Philadelphia, Rev. John Hall, D. D., of this city, and others.

BEREAN BAPTIST CHURCH, BEDFORD-st.—The evening meetings continue in this church with increasing interest. Preaching and baptism of several young converts, by the Pastor, Dr. Dowling, on SUNDAY FORENOON; Rev. E. F. Crane preaches SUNDAY EVENING; Dr. Dowling on MONDAY EVENING; Rev. John A. McKean, a former Pastor, on TUESDAY EVENING; Rev. Halsey W. Knapp on THURSDAY EVENING, &c.

THE SOCIETY OF PROGRESSIVE SPIRITUALISTS have removed from Masonic Hall to the Everett Rooms, corner Broadway and 34th-st., where N. Frank White will speak SUNDAY, at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. The twentieth anniversary of the Advent of Modern Spiritualism will be celebrated by appropriate exercises TUESDAY EVENING, March 31, at 7½ o'clock. The "Fox Sisters," the original mediums, will appear.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE New-York City Sunday School and Missionary Society of the M. E. Church, will be held in St. Paul's Church, 4th-av. and 22d-st., the 30th inst., at 7½ o'clock. Addresses by Rev. J. M. Buckley, of Brooklyn, and W. W. Cornell, Esq., of the Society. Singing under the direction of Prof. G. P. Benjamin. Officers of the Society for the coming year will be elected. The annual reports will be circulated in the Congregation.

ZION CHAPEL, 5TH-AV., NEAR 39TH-ST., REV. Jas. Murray, Curate—SUNDAYS, service and sermon 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.; Sunday-school, 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.; industrial for girls, free to all, every Saturday, No. 230 East 38th-st., from 10 to 12; the Lenten services are Wednesday and Friday mornings; Payer and Litany at 9½; evening service and lecture at 7½. The Holy Eucharist on the second Sunday morning in every month. Baptism at any service. Seats free.

SOUTHERN RELIEF COMMITTEE.—A committee, of which Rt. Rev. Horatio Potter, D.D., LL.D., is the Chairman, and consisting of twelve other clergymen and twelve laymen of the Cities of New-York and Brooklyn, has been appointed to obtain means for the relief of the clergy and laity of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Southern States. Contributions are earnestly solicited and may be sent to J. J. Cisco, Esq., No. 59 Wall-st., who has kindly consented to act as Treasurer.

WEST FIFTY-THIRD-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH, near 8th-av.—Rev. Wm. H. Pendleton, Pastor, will preach SUNDAY next, at 10½ A. M. and 3 and 7½ P. M., and administer the ordinance of Baptism in the evening. Preaching at Bethesda Chapel, 3d-av. and 35th-st., by Rev. E. P. Fuller, at 3½ P. M. Also, at Bethany Chapel, Broadway and 24th-st., at 3½ P. M.

FRENCH EVANGELICAL CHURCH, NO. 9 University-place, between Waverley-place and 8th-st.—Divine Service every SUNDAY at 10½ A. M., precisely. Bible class every TUESDAY, and prayer-meeting every THURSDAY EVENING, both at 7½ P. M. Rev. L. C. Henriod, Pastor, from Neuchatel, Switzerland; residence, No. 308 East 13th-st.

CHRIST CHURCH.—A REPETITION OF THE sermon preached at St. John's Chapel in behalf of the American Church Union having been asked, Rev. F. C. Ewer will deliver it at Christ Church, 5th-av., corner of 35th-st., on SUNDAY MORNING. Subject: *Logical Impossibility of any Compromise Between the Church and the Sect.*

TABERNACLE BAPTIST CHURCH, 2D-av., Rev. J. R. Kendrick, Pastor—Rev. Mr. Earle has consented to remain one more week with this church. He will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. at 3½ and 7½ P. M.; also every afternoon and evening of the week, Saturday excepted, at 3 and 7½ o'clock. Seats free.

RIGHT REV. BISHOP POTTER WILL preach and administer Confirmation in the Church of St. John Baptist, Lexington-av., corner 35th-st., on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, March 29, at 3½ o'clock. Seats free. Rev. Dr. Duffie will preach in the morning.

SEMI-CENTENNIAL ANNIVERSARY.—The New-York Port Society will celebrate its fiftieth anniversary at Steinway Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING next, (2d of April,) at 7½ o'clock. Rev. Dr. Duryea and other eminent clerical and lay speakers will address the meeting.

NOTICE.—THE ASSEMBLY ROOM, LINCOLN Hall, 23d-st., corner of 8th-av., Rev. R. C. Shimeall, Minister. Morning, 10½ o'clock. Subject—*Religious Revivals.* Evening, 7½ o'clock, Subject—*The Modern Pulpit in Reference to the Prophecies, &c.* Families and others respectfully invited. Seats free.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, No. 155 Worth-st.—Sabbath services are held at this institution every SABBATH AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock; short addresses and singing by a choir of more than 200 children. Strangers are invited to attend.
S. B. HALLIDAY, Superintendent.

THE FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY will be glad to send for any description of clothing that families may have to spare. Shoes much worn are very useful. Address
S. B. HALLIDAY, Superintendent,
No. 155 Worth-st.

THE REFORMED DUTCH CHURCH, lately in 21st-st., Rev. Alex. R. Thompson, D. D., Pastor, will meet for worship, please God, in Lyric Hall, 6th-av., between 41st and 42d sts., on SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and 4 o'clock P. M. Sunday-school and children service at 2½ o'clock P. M.

OLD JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—REV. S. G. Lyon, of the Genesee Conference, will preach at 10½ A. M., and the Pastor, Rev. W. H. De Puy, at 7½ P. M. Sunday-school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. Strangers class at close of morning sermon. Seats free. Strangers cordially invited.

G. C. ESRAY WILL PREACH AS usual at St. John's M. E. Church, 53d-st., between 8th-av. and Broadway, on SUNDAY, 29th, at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. Morning subject—*Christianity on Business Principles.* Evening subject—*The Green Things Growing.* Seats free. Strangers specially invited.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY SEPULCHRE—3d-av., east side, between 77th and 78th sts., Rev. J. Tuttle Smith, Rector. Services every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M. Evening prayer and sermon by Rev. Thomas Gallaudet, D. D., next THURSDAY, April 2, at 7½ o'clock. Seats free.

CHAPEL OF THE HOLY APOSTLES, (Rutgers College, 5th-av., above 41st-st.)—Rev. R. S. Howland, D. D., Rev. T. K. Conrad.—Divine Service every SUNDAY at 10½ A. M., and 4 P. M. Anthem at the afternoon service on the 29th inst., "But the Lord is mindful of his own." (Mendelssohn's St. Paul.)

GOOD SHEPHERD MISSION OF ST. THOMAS' CHURCH, 54th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.—Rev. J. B. C. Beaubien, Minister in charge. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday-school at 2½ P. M. Sermon SUNDAY EVENING, by Rev. Dr. Morgan.

NEW-YORK PORT SOCIETY'S MARINER'S CHURCH AND MISSIONS.—Preaching SUNDAY corner of Catharine and Madison sts. by the Pastor, Rev. E. D. Murphy, at 10½ A. M. and at 7½ P. M.; at corner of Water and Dover sts. at 3 P. M., and at No. 27 Greenwich-st. at 3½ P. M. Seats free.

CHELSEA PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Rev. M. Rowell is to be installed associate Pastor of this church on TUESDAY EVENING, the 31st of March, at 7½ o'clock. Rev. Dr. S. J. Prime will preach the sermon, Rev. Drs. Smith and Campbell will participate in the exercises.

EBENEZER MISSION SABBATH-SCHOOL, northeast corner 8th-av. and 46th-st., every SABBATH, at 2½ P. M. Children not attending other schools are cordially welcomed. Preaching by Rev. G. S. Chambers at 3½ P. M. All are invited.

TWENTY-SECOND-ST., BETWEEN 5TH and 6th avs.—A nicely furnished parlor and bedroom, on second floor, front, with board. References given and required. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

"THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH NEITHER Asserts nor Denies the Validity of the Ministry of other Protestant Communions." Lecture at the Church of the Holy Apostles, 9th-av. and 28th-st., on MONDAY, March 30, at 8 P. M., by Rev. Dr. Howland.

CHAPEL OF THE SHEPHERD'S FLOCK OF THE CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION, No. 330 West 43d-st., between 8th and 9th avs.—Rev. John Wm. Trimble, Minister in charge. Divine service every SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

REV. WM. H. PENDLETON WILL preach at Bethany Mission, corner 24th-st. and Broadway, on SUNDAY at 3 o'clock. Bible class and Sabbath-school at 10 and 2 o'clock. Come and we will do you good.

ST. MATTHEW'S (FREE) CHURCH.—Services temporarily in Harvard Hall, 6th-av. corner of 42d-st. Rev. Sylvanus Reed, Pastor. SUNDAY; morning prayer at 9½; Litany and Communion at 10½. Evening services at 7½.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., preaches SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, in the Church on Madison-av., corner 31st-st. Young men particularly invited.

THE GREAT BATTLE.—THE MESSENGER, S. S. Snow, will preach in the University, Washington-square, on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Seats free. Subject—*The Rider on the White Horse and his Army.* Rev. xix.

REV. THOMAS STREET WILL DELIVER his popular lecture on *Combativeness* in the West 23d-st. Presbyterian Church, (near 7th-av.,) MONDAY EVENING, March 30. Tickets 25 cents.

ST. ANN'S FREE CHURCH, 18TH-ST., near 5th-av.—SUNDAY Rev. S. F. Holmes will preach at 7½ A. M., Rev. E. Benjamin at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M.; the latter service for deaf mutes; and Rev. A. Bloomer Hart at 7½ P. M.

THE UPPER CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION, 34th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., south side, near 6th-av.—Service at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Service for children every SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 3½.

HARLEM UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.—Rev. W. T. Clarke will preach in National Hall, corner of 4th-av. and 129th-st., on SUNDAY AFTERNOON. Services commence at 3 o'clock; Sunday-school at 2 o'clock.

RUTGER'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of Madison-av. and 29th-st. This church is opened for morning and evening services. The Pastor, Rev. Nathaniel W. Conkling, will preach on SABBATH, March 29, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH, GREENPOINT, 4th-st., between Meserole-av. and Colyer-st.—Rev. Martin Sommerbell, Pastor. Service every SABBATH at 3½ and 7½ P. M. Subject in afternoon—*Honor to the Son.*

HALL OF THE HISTORICAL SOCIETY, corner of 2d-av. and 11th-st.—Presbyterian Congregation.—Preaching on SABBATH, by the Pastor, Rev. Geo. S. Chambers, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

TRINITY CHAPEL, WEST 25TH-ST., near Broadway—Church Service with Sermon every SUNDAY EVENING at 7½ o'clock. At this Service all the seats are free.

BLEECKER-ST. UNIVERSALIST Church, corner Downing-st.—Rev. Day K. Lee, Pastor. Services (SUNDAY) at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject for evening—*Bigots and Liberal Christians.*

ST. STEPHEN'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Rev. Dr. Price, Rector, will hold Divine service EVERY SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., in the Hall corner of Broadway and 28th-st. The Rector will preach.

FORTY-SECOND-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, between 7th and 8th avs.—Rev. Prof. Moffat, of Princeton, will preach morning and evening at the usual hours on SUNDAY.

REV. F. C. EWER, D. D., RECTOR OF Christ Church, will preach in St. Timothy's Church, 57th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., next FRIDAY EVENING, April 3. Service to commence at 7½ o'clock.

REV. JOHN MILES WILL PREACH AT the Mission, corner of Water and Dover sts., SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Subject—*Hope.*

CHURCH OF THE MEDIATOR, CORNER of Lexington-av. and 30th-st., Rev. Jas. E. Homans, Rector.—Services at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.

ST. THOMAS' CHURCH.—B. W. WILLIAMS Sexton and Undertaker, No. 276 6th-av.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CHAPEL OF THE HOLY SAVIOUR, East 25th-st., near Madison-av.—Services at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. Rev. J. B. Campbell will officiate.

GREENE-ST. M. E. CHURCH, BE-tween Broome and Spring sts.—Rev. J. S. Inskip, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M. Subject—*Christianity a Marvelous Success,* and at 7½ o'clock P. M., subject—*Religious Enthusiasm,* followed by a prayer-meeting. Seats free. Strangers and others are invited to attend.

DODWORTH HALL.—A CONVERTED METHODIST (Reverend) addresses First Spiritualist Society upon *Inspiration,* at 10½ o'clock, and Dr. Weeks discourses upon *Religious Truths and Sectarian Instrumentalities,* at 7½ o'clock. Conference at 3 P. M. Seats free. The public invited.

REV. SAMUEL S. BELL, D. D., WILL preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M., at the Church of the Pilgrims. Preaching at 7½ P. M. by the Pastor, Rev. S. A. Baker. Seats free. A cordial invitation extended to all.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION, SITE OF the Old Brewery, No. 61 Park-st.—The original mission at the Points. Rev. J. N. Shaffer, Superintendent. Principal Sunday-school at 2 o'clock P. M. Short addresses by visitors. Singing by the children.

H. L. HASTINGS, OF BOSTON, EDITOR of *The Christian,* preaches SUNDAY, 29th inst., at Temperance Hall, corner of Allen and Grand sts., at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 3 P. M., and at the Star of Hope Mission, No. 14 Laurens-st., at 7 P. M.

MEMORIAL CHURCH OF BISHOP WAINWRIGHT, West 11th-st., corner of Waverley-place, Rev. Alex. H. Vinton, D. D., will (D. V.) preach in this Church ON SUNDAY EVENING. Divine service will commence at 7½ o'clock. Seats free.

CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC CHURCH, BE-tween 6th and 7th avs.—Evangelist preaching on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½, on *The Nearness of the Lord's Coming.* Seats free. No collection.

BAPTIST MARINERS' TEMPLE, CORNER Henry and Oliver sts.—Preaching by Rev. J. A. Hodge, D. D., every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. Prayer-meeting in the evening.

TRINITY M. E. CHURCH 34TH-ST., between 7th and 8th avs.—Preaching morning and evening by Rev. G. W. Lord. These services will close the pastoral labors of Mr. Lord in this charge.

REV. WM. P. CORBIT, PASTOR OF THE Seventeenth-st. M. E. Church, between 1st and 2d avs., will preach SUNDAY MORNING AND EVENING. Seats free. Prayer-meeting at 3½ P. M.

REV. JOHN MILES WILL PREACH for the New-York Port Society, at the corner of Water and Dover sts., on SUNDAY, the 29th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

REV. DR. MUHLENBERG, OF ST. Luke's Hospital, will preach in the Broadway Tabernacle Church on SABBATH EVENING, March 29, at 7½ o'clock, in aid of Moravian Missions.

ANY RELIGIOUS SOCIETY IN WANT of up-town church room accommodations will find Trenor's Lyric Hall, 6th-av., near 42d-st., desirably adapted for the purpose.

REV. W. R. WILLIAMS, D. D., WILL preach on SABBATH MORNING, at 10½, in the chapel on 54th-st., a short distance west of 5th-av.

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Embroideries, stamped and embroidered yokes, bands, linen collars, hdkfs., frillings, hosiery, gloves, undergarments, &c., &c.
Nice fitting woven whalebone corsets, $1.
Best steel-spring skirts, $1.
N. B. Werly Paris corsets at reduced prices.
W. J. ELGER, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway,
Near 19th-st., east side.

JAMES TUCKER'S STOCK IS RE-plenished for the season. His millinery goods are the finest that enters this market.

The extensive burglary committed at his store No. 806 Broadway, on the 14th or 15th of this month, will not in any way retard his trade.

$1,000 reward is now offered for the goods taken, consisting of plaid and plain velvets, bonnet silks and satins, laces and ribbons, or in proportion for any part thereof returned in good order.
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MISCELLANEOUS.

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PERFUMER,
Paris, No. 15 Rue de la Paix. Paris.

WANTED.

A second-hand Portable Oven. Address B. P., Box No. 129 *Times* Office, stating price and where can be seen.

War Department,
Surgeon-General's Office,
Washington, D. C., March 2, 1868.

ADVERTISEMENT.—AN ARMY MEDICAL Board, to consist of Surgeon J. B. Brown, Brevet Brig.-Gen., U. S. A.; Surgeon H. R. Wirtz, Brevet Lieut.-Col., U. S. A.; Surgeon John Moore, Brevet Col., U. S. A.; and Assistant-Surgeon A. A. Woodhull, Brevet Lieut.-Col., U. S. A., will meet in New-York City, on the 1st of May next, for the examination of Assistant-Surgeons U. S. Army, for promotion, and of candidates for admission into the Medical Staff of the U. S. Army.

Applicants must be between 21 and 30 years of age, physically sound, and graduates of a regular medical college.

Applications for permission to appear before the Board should be addressed to the Surgeon-General U. S. Army, and must state the full name, residence and date and place of birth of the candidate.

Testimonials as to character and qualifications must be furnished. If the applicant has been in the medical service of the army during the late war, the fact should be stated, together with his former rank, and date and place of service, and testimonials from officers with whom he has served should also be forwarded.

No allowance is made for the expenses of persons undergoing examination, as it is an indispensable prerequisite to appointment.

The number of vacancies now existing in the Medical Corps of the Army is thirty-nine.
J. K. BARNES, Surgeon-General U. S. A.

THE URETHROTOME.—THIS IS THE term selected to designate six instruments, one of which is adapted to each variety of stricture of the urethra. Any case, however aggravated, can be instantly relieved and consecutively permanently cured by the patient himself, in two months, without further interference. See SCALPEL, No. 46, for three lectures on stricture, to his private surgical class, by Edward H. Dixon, M. D. For sale by EVERARDUS WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House. Price 50 cents. Office hours, for consultation, from 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at No. 42 5th-av. The instruments are not for sale, and can be used personally by the inventor only.

ROUND-CORNERED PLAYING CARDS at all stationers and fancy goods dealers. These cards will not split, and cost no more than the ordinary sharp-pointed cards commonly used. Wholesale at the manufacturers', SAMUEL HART & CO., No. 43 John-st., New-York.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—A WELL-KNOWN STORE, MANU-facture of ladies' and children's furnishing goods, stamping and embroideries; established in 1851, and located in the best part of Broadway, west side, comprising good-will, lease, stock, material for stamping, store fixtures, &c.; a rare opportunity for parties wishing to commence a well-paying business requiring a capital of about $35,000. Address J. O., Box No. 1,190 Post-office.

WANTED—A PARTY HAVING FROM $12,000 to $15,000, to take the interest of a deceased partner in an established manufacturing business. For particulars inquire of C. F. OXLEY, No. 144 Centre-st., fourth floor.

A FIRST-CLASS CORNER DRUG-STORE for sale, in a fine location, doing a good prescription and fancy trade. Sold on account of failing health. Address G. S. P., Station G.

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14th-st., between Avenues B and C, New-York.
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Fire-proof buildings of every description, and every kind of iron work for building purposes, also for bridge.

PERSONAL.

STRAYED FROM HIS HOME IN BED-FORD, Westchester County, New-York, March 18, LAWRENCE PALMER, during a fit of insanity; he is about 5 feet 8 inches high, and 35 years old; eyes brown, with a slight film over one; hair black, straight and cut short, complexion florid, beard black; round shouldered, and had on Kentucky jean pants, a knit jacket and black cloth overcoat with velvet collar. Information concerning him will be thankfully received by
CHARLES PALMER, Bedford Station, N. Y.

REMOVALS.

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No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington-square, GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal, fits pupils of all ages for business or college. Progress rapid and terms reasonable.

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Boys thoroughly prepared for Princeton College.
Next Session begins April 8.
References—The Faculties of the College and Theological Seminary at Princeton.
For circulars address Rev. T. W. CATTELL.

SEWARD INSTITUTE,
FOR BOYS,
FLORIDA, ORANGE COUNTY, N. Y.

The Summer session will open March 9. Number of boarders limited. Terms $150 per session of twenty weeks. Send for a catalogue.
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DR. RICHARDS' INSTITUTE FOR 12 boys, on the Prussian method; a family school of the highest grade, on a beautiful farm at Shrub Oak, five miles east of Peekskill, two hours from the City. For circulars, apply at the office of R. G. RICHARDS, No. 953 Broadway, or address the Principal at Shrub Oak, Westchester County.

HOME INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding and day school for young ladies, combining a thorough and systematic education with home care and training. For circulars address Miss M. METCALF, Principal.

NEWBURG INSTITUTE, THEOLOGICAL Seminary Place, Newburg, N. Y.; a classical and commercial boarding-school for boys; location unsurpassed for healthfulness and beauty. Apply for circulars to HENRY W. SIGLAR, Principal.

FAMILY AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL FOR YOUNG BOYS—Environs of Hartford, Conn. Rev. CHARLES E. ABBOTT, Principal. The number of pupils is limited to twelve. The Summer term will begin on the 1st of May.

LITCHFIELD INSTITUTE—A BOARDING-School for Boys.—Summer Term commences April 29. Address Prof. WM. G. PECK, Columbia College, N. Y., or GEO. W. MASON, Litchfield, Conn.

A LADY OF REFINEMENT AND EDUCATION is desirous of residing with a family who wish their children taught French, Spanish or English, or would be a kind companion for an invalid. Please apply at No. 32 Broadway, back office, first floor.

HOME SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES in Danbury, Conn; reopens MONDAY, April 6; Mrs. C. M. WHITE, Principal. Can be seen from 3 o'clock to 5 P. M. at No. 48 West 18th-st., New-York.

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR A FEW YOUNG ladies, in Fishkill, N. Y. Reopens MONDAY, April 27. Terms moderate. Rev. W. PECK, Principal.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE.—TERM opens April 6. Rev. ALONZO FLACK, A. M., Principal, Claverack, Columbia County, New-York.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S CLASSICAL French and English School, No. 212 5th-av., corner 26th-st.

TEACHERS.

A GENTLEMAN, GRADUATE OF A German University, desires a few additional pupils in German, at a moderate charge. Address Dr. O, Box No. 120 *Times* Office.

AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER, FOR several years past Principal of an Academy, desires a situation after the middle of April. For information apply to F. C. BROWNELL, No. 19 Murray-st., N. Y.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received by the Committee on Buildings of the Board of Education, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until Wednesday, the 1st day of April next, at 4 o'clock P. M., for altering and repairing the building, &c., on lot No. 174 Mulberry-st., near Broome-st. Plans and specifications of said alterations and repairs can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Buildings and Repairs, No. 146 Grand-st., third floor. Two responsible and approved sureties—whose names must accompany the proposal, for the faithful performance of the contract—will be required from the successful bidder. The Committee reserves the right to reject any or all the proposals offered, it deemed for the public interest to do so.

Dated March 19, 1868.

WILSON SMALL,
HORATIO P. ALLEN,
PETER H. JACKSON,
TIMOTHY BRENNAN,
OTTO H. COOP,
Committee on Buildings.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RE-ceived at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm streets, (and nowhere else,) until MONDAY, the 6th day of April, 1868, at 12 o'clock, noon, for supplying the COAL and WOOD required for the Public Schools in this City for the ensuing year: say six thousand five hundred (6,500) tons of coal, and three thousand (3,000) cords of oak wood, and one thousand one hundred (1,100) cords of pine wood, more or less.

The coal must be of the best quality of white ash, furnace and stove sizes, in good order, two thousand two hundred and forty (2,240) pounds to the ton, and must be delivered in the bins at the several school buildings. The proposals must state the mines from which it is proposed to supply the coal, (to be furnished from the mines named,) if accepted, and must state the price per ton of two thousand two hundred and forty (2,240 pounds.

The oak wood must be of the best quality, the sticks not less than three (3) feet long, and not less than three (3) inches in diameter.

The pine wood must be of the best quality, not less than three (3) feet six (6) inches long.

The proposals must state the price per cord of one hundred and twenty-eight (128) cubic feet, solid measure, for both pine and oak wood, and also the price per cut for sawing and splitting per load—the quantity of oak wood to be split only as required by the Committee on Supplies.

The wood will be inspected and measured under the supervision of the Inspector of Fuel of the Board of Education, and must be delivered at the schools when ordered, as follows:

Two-thirds of the quantity required from the first day of June to the twenty-fifth day of August, and the remainder as required by the Committee on Supplies.

Said wood, both oak and pine, must be delivered sawed, and when required, split, and must be piled in the yards, cellars, vaults or bins of the school buildings, as may be designated by the proper authority. The contracts for supplying said coal and wood to be binding until the 26th day of May, 1869. Two sureties for the faithful performance of the contract will be required, and each proposal must be accompanied with the signatures and residences of the proposed sureties.

No compensation will be allowed for delivering said coal and wood at any of the schools, nor for putting and piling the same in the yards, cellars, vaults or bins of said schools.

Proposals must be directed to the "Committee on Supplies of the Board of Education," and should be indorsed "Proposals for Coal," or "Proposals for Wood," as the case may be.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered.

TIMOTHY BRENNAN,
SAMUEL B. H. VANCE,
THOMAS J. HALL,
JAMES P. DUPIGNAC,
JOHN JASPER,
Committee on Supplies.

United States Engineer Office,
No. 71 State-st., Albany, N. Y., March 23, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until noon, WEDNESDAY, April 8, 1868, for furnishing to the United States, from six hundred and fifty thousand to eight hundred and fifty thousand feet, more or less, of eight inch by twelve inch sawed hemlock timber, pieces to be not less than twenty-five feet long, and to be delivered at the dykes on Hudson River, between Troy and New Baltimore, in rafts strong enough to stand steamboat waves.

Bids will be received for so much per thousand feet, and must be made on printed forms, properly certified.

Forms for proposals can be obtained at this office, where full particulars will be given. The successful bidder will be required to enter into contract with the United States with good and sufficient surities; stamps for contracts and bonds to be furnished by the contractor. The United States reserve the right to reject all bids deemed disadvantageous.

By order of Brevet Major-Gen. JOHN NEWTON.
JOHN M. WILSON,
Major Engineers and Brevet Lieut.-Col., U. S. A.

Office of Assistant Quartermaster-General,
No. 17 State-st., New-York City, March 27, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS ARE INVITED and will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., MONDAY, March 30, 1868, for the delivery at such wharves in New-York Harbor as may be directed:

345,000 (three hundred and forty-five thousand) pounds of good merchantable Timothy Hay, for shipment to North Carolina, subject to inspection by an officer of this Department.

The United States reserves the privilege of rejecting any or all of the bids if deemed advisable.

Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Hay" and addressed to the undersigned.

RUFUS INGALLS,
Brevet Major-Gen. and Asst. Qm.-Gen.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

$350 WILL PURCHASE A VICTORIA carriage in excellent order; pole and shafts, platform springs, drop seat for children. Apply at No. 58 Vesey-st.

HELP WANTED.

LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS WANTED—Accomplished, skillful and responsible agents to canvass this City and the neighboring counties, and the States of New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware and Maryland: the highest commissions will be paid. Also, wanted competent, responsible parties to contract for territorial or State agencies throughout the United States.
REQUA & PRESCOTT,
General Agents, No. 200 Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS ASSISTANT book-keeper and to do general desk work. One who has had practical experience as above, is good at figures and a fair penman, may apply this morning, between the hours of 8 and 10; after that time by letter, stating references and salary expected. R. H. MACY, 14th-st. and 6th-av.

WANTED—A GARDENER AT ORANGE, N. Y., for vegetables and taking care of lawns, shrubbery, &c., and keeping a place in order; is willing to make himself generally useful; has good recommendations. Can apply in Washington-place, first house north of Brick Church Station, East Orange.

WANTED—A COACHMAN, WHO THOROUGHLY understands his business; will have the care of two horses and carriages, and the finest harness, and to make himself generally useful, in a gentleman's place at Bloomingdale; must state wages expected, which must be moderate. Address Box No. 3,398 Post-office.

WANTED—THREE PROTESTANT SERVANTS, cook, waitress, laundress and chambermaid; none need apply but those who can give the best references for character and qualifications. Call, between 9 and 1 o'clock, at No. 18 West 10th-st.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS BOOK-KEEPER, in a publishing and bookhouse. Address in handwriting, stating particulars as to age, salary expected, references, and residence, Box No. 1,741 New-York Post-office.

BOY WANTED—IN A WHOLESALE CLOTHING house; one who has had experience in the business may apply at No. 411 Broadway, up stairs; reference required.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN AS COACHMAN and gardener; must be a good groom, good driver, and a good gardener. Call at No. 214 Washington-st., D. H. WILSON.

WANTED—IN A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY A Protestant woman as cook. Apply at No. 7 Washington-square.

WANTED—A VERY GOOD COOK; CITY REFERENCES required. Apply at No. 31 East 36th-st., between 9 and 1 o'clock, on Friday and Saturday.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A WELSH PROTESTANT GIRL a situation as first-class seamstress in a respectable private family; is a good tailoress and maker of children's dresses, infant's clothes, ladies' undergarments, all kinds family sewing; can operate on any machine; or would go as lady's maid; country preferred; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 334 East 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXCELLENT German cook in a respectable private family; she has had six years' experience in first-class families in Hamburg; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches. Apply to or address A. C., No. 368 West 11th-st., basement.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO HIGHLY respectable young girls, sisters; one as cook and to assist with washing and ironing or plain sewing, the other as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; they both can furnish the best City reference. Call for two days at No. 431 East 14th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation in a small private family as chambermaid and waitress; will assist in the washing and ironing; good City reference; no objection to the country. Call for two days at No. 339 West 26th-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS OPERATOR on Wheeler & Wilson's machine, a dress maker and can fit all kinds of work, to go out by the day or week. Call or address, for one week, at No. 1,414 Broadway, near 40th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation in a private family as first-class laundress; understands all kinds of French fluting; two years' reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 339 West 26th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl to do general housework; has good reference from her last place. Apply for two days, at No. 408 West 31st-st., second floor.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as cook, washer and ironer, or general housework in a small family in the City or country, or would do chamberwork and washing; good reference. Call at No. 384 Bowery, second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman to take charge of children for the Summer and do plain needlework; no objections to the country; good City reference. Address No. 329 East 16th-st., near Leburg's store.

WANTED—BY A SUPERIOR GROOM, WHO understands the care and management of race and fast horses, a situation; can furnish undeniable references as to capability, character, &c., &c. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT nurse, who is capable of taking the entire charge of an infant from its birth, a situation; good reference; would assist with chamberwork and sewing. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress, or to assist with children. Apply for two days, or by letter, to F. L., Station G.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress; willing to assist with the washing; good City references. Call at No. 113½ 7th-av., near 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as good cook, washer and ironer; has the best City reference. Call for two days at No. 111 7th-av., corner of 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; has first-class City reference. Call for two days at No. 111 7th-av., corner of 18th-st.; entrance on 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS meat and pastry cook; understands soups, side dishes, game and all kinds of desserts; City reference. Call for two days at No. 119 West 25th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress, or as chambermaid and to do plain sewing; refers to last place. Call for two days at No. 424 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND TO do plain sewing, or to do chamberwork and fine washing; has good City reference. Apply at No. 247 Mulberry-st.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN A situation as cook in a private family; best City reference. Apply at No. 275 6th-av., near 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG COLORED woman, as nurse and seamstress. Call for two days at No. 445 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERMAN girl to do general housework. No. 8 Eldridge-st., between Canal and Division sts., basement.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, A SITUATION; good City reference. Call for two days at her present employer's, No. 12 West 9th-st., (old No. 56.)

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-AGED woman to do plain washing; good reference. Address for one week H. I. M., Box No. 216 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK A situation in a private family; best City reference. Apply at No. 37 West 18th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AT MRS. WHITFIELD'S, NO. 404 6TH-AV., between 24th and 25th sts., an English and Irish Protestant nurse, cooks, laundresses, waitresses, and girls for housework; also, colored and German help for City and country.

MRS. LOWE'S INSTITUTE FOR GERMAN servants, No. 17 Stanton-st., near Bowery.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, (SCOTCH,) A situation as coachman and groom; thoroughly understands his business, and the proper care of horses, harness and carriages; would assist in gardening if required; best of City reference. Address W. B., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a good practical man in every branch of gardening, graperies, greenhouse, flowers, vegetables and fruits; a good manager of a gentleman's country place; good reference, married. Address PETER, Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom, or as a useful man, by a very industrious, trustworthy and responsible young man; understands driving, milking and working in the garden, farm, or about a gentleman's place; testimonials of the highest order. Apply at No. 121 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a young Englishman, who has had many years' experience in gentlemen's families; he understands the care of horses thoroughly; is also a good kitchen gardener and inside servant; satisfactory references. Apply at No. 4 Sands-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS coachman and groom; good references; no objections to country or City; understands raising vegetables perfectly; would make himself generally useful around a gentleman's place; can milk. Address M. J., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT COACHMAN, with four years' reference for capability, honesty, &c., a situation; is a good vegetable gardener; understands the care of poultry, &c. Apply at No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE, sober and steady man, with unexceptionable references, a situation as waiter in a family; no objection to go into the country. Call at No. 144 West 18th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY A French single man; speaks a little English; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; no objection to go to the country. Address R. CLOY, No. 878 Broadway, at Mr. Bridgeman's, florist.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS BUTLER BY an experienced man who understands his business and has lived with some of the highest families in England and Ireland; has City references; no objection to the country. Address T. M., No. 864 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom; has no objection to take care of a garden and cow; has the best reference; no objection to a little distance in the country. Address ALEX, Box No. 216 *Times* Office, for three days.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, (SCOTCH,) A situation as coachman and groom; is a good vegetable gardener, also understands general work about a gentleman's place; good references. Address J. D., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a Scotch married man, with two small children; an experienced man in all branches. Apply to WM. REID, at Elting's seed-store, or P. Reid & Son, corner of Amity and Clinton sts., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man; thoroughly understands his business in all branches, and all kinds of farm-work and the care of horses; is willing and obliging; the best of reference. Address S. A. X., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BY A SOBER, trustworthy man, with first-class City references; express driver, clerk, porter or watchman, &c. Address J. P., Box No. 179 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN A SITUATION as coachman; has long and satisfactory discharges, and the very best City references. Call at No. 219 West 20th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION in a private family as waiter; thoroughly understands his business; good City reference from his last place. Call for two days at No. 473 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A THOROUGHLY competent, strictly temperate, well-recommended married Protestant; City or country. Address O., Box 219 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a competent man, married, no children; not afraid to work and willing to make himself generally useful. Address, for two days, W. M., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO PROCURE a situation for his coachman, a young married man, who is fully competent in all respects. Apply at No. 42 Exchange-place, basement.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned and FRANKLIN F. RANDOLPH, deceased, under the firm name of RANDOLPH & SKIDMORES is this day dissolved. Either of the Messrs. SKIDMORE will sign in liquidation.

JEREMIAH SKIDMORE,
JOSEPH R. SKIDMORE,
WILLIAM L. SKIDMORE,
CHARLES G. BARRETT.

New-York, March 25, 1868.

We, the undersigned, have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name and style of JEREMIAH SKIDMORE & SONS, for the transaction of a wholesale and retail coal business in the City of New-York.

JEREMIAH SKIDMORE,
JOSEPH R. SKIDMORE,
WILLIAM L. SKIDMORE.

Dated New-York, March 25, 1868.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—ANNA A. HOYT against AZOR HOYT.—Summons for Relief.—(Com. not served.—To the defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 182 Broadway, in the said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, March 20, 1868.
G. U. REYNOLDS, Plaintiff's Attorney.
mh28-law6wSa*

CLOTHING.

LADIES OR GENTLEMEN CAN DISPOSE of their cast-off wearing apparel, carpets, &c., at the highest market price, by calling or addressing a note to Mr. or Mrs. H. HARRIS, No. 184 7th-av., between 21st and 22d sts.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 28, 1868.

Amusements this Evening.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
ROSEDALE. Characters by Mr. Lester Wallack, Mr. John Gilbert, Mr. George Holland, Miss Rose Eytinge, Mrs. Vernon, Miss Fanny Morant, Mrs. Clara Jennings, and others.

FRENCH THEATRE.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
LA BELLE HELENE. Characters by Mlle. Tostee, Messrs. Guffroy, Leduc, Duchesne, Bendick, Mlle. De Fetcourt, Mlle. Marguerite and Mlle. Mathilde.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THE WHITE FAWN.
MATINEE at 1 o'clock.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
HUMPTY DUMPTY. Characters by Mr. Geo. L. Fox, Mr. F. Lacy, Mr. C. K. Fox, Mlle. Emilie Rigl, Mlle. Schell, Miss M. Blake, Miss Lillie Whiting, and others.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
CAMILLE. Characters by Miss Kate Reignolds, Mr. G. C. Boniface, Mr. G. H. Clarke, &c.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, near Broome-st.
JOE. Mr. Chanfrau in four characters.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
DON JUAN, THE SPECTRE ON HORSEBACK, PEGGY GREEN and A TALE OF A TAR.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
NEW-YORK CIRCUS TROUPE—EXHIBITION OF EQUESTRIANISM AND CLASSIC OLYMPIC GAMES.
MATINEE at 2½ o'clock

BANVARD'S MUSEUM.
Broadway and 30th-st.
RIP VAN WINKLE and COUSIN SNEIDER. Leading characters by Mr. J. H. Budworth.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

IRVING HALL.
Irving-place, corner 15th-st.
FIFTH SOIREE OF CHAMBER MUSIC.

STEINWAY HALL.
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.
AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock—GRAND CONCERT.
EVENING at 8 o'clock—FOURTH GRAND CONCERT. By Ole Bull, Sigs. Severini, Randolfi, Mr. Geo. W. Morgan, and Mr. E. Hoffman.
SUNDAY EVENING—GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT.

Terms of the New-York Times.

MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The Daily Times, per annum	$10
The Daily Times (Sunday Edition included)	$12
The Semi-Weekly Times, one year	$3
The Semi-Weekly Times, two copies, one year	$5
The Weekly Times, one year	$2
Five copies	$8
Ten copies	$15

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in Checks or Post-office Money Orders if possible. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
Times Office, New-York.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

In the British House of Lords the *Alabama* question yesterday gave rise to a brief debate in which Earl Russell, Lord Cairns and Lord Westbury participated. In the House of Commons the introduction of a resolution to postpone the consideration of the question of Reform in the Irish Church was announced.

The British authorities have not captured Capt. Deary, who, they are satisfied, is in the United States.

Thompson and Mullady, the alleged Manchester murderers, have been sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor for life.

Admiral Farragut is at Naples. He will next proceed to Constantinople.

A large body of Italian troops have been put in readiness to suppress brigandage in Italy.

There has been a strike of coal miners at Charleroi, in Belgium, and the military were called out and fired on the rioters.

The Austrian Civil Marriage bill, as amended, now only awaits the signature of the Emperor to become a law.

The Spanish Cortes have decided to indemnify Great Britain for the seizure and detention of the vessel *Queen Victoria*.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, the Supplementary bill to provide a national currency was taken up, and Mr. Cattell made a lengthy argument in defence of the national banking system, and of the bill under discussion. The debate was postponed, and the bill making appropriations for the Navy Department was taken up. The proviso vesting the appointment of Navy-yard employes in the President, with the consent of the Senate, was stricken out. Several other sections were discussed, but without taking final action on the bill, the Senate took up the report of the Conference Committee on the bill exempting manufactures from taxation. After some debate, during which much opposition was manifested to the clause relative to whisky frauds, the further consideration of the report was postponed, and the Senate adjourned.

In the House a resolution was adopted calling on Gen. Grant for copies of Gen. Meade's reports relative to the Alabama election. The President's message vetoing the Supreme Court bill was read, and after some debate the bill was passed over the veto—yeas 112, nays 34—a strict party vote. The bill thus becomes a law, notwithstanding the President's veto. The report of the Conference Committee on the joint resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to cover into the Treasury by warrant the sums in his possession resulting from sales of captured and abandoned property, was agreed to. It permits him to use $75,000 for contesting suits brought by claimants. The House also agreed to the report of the Conference Committee on the bill exempting certain manufactures from taxation. The House recedes from its amendment to the Senate amendment relative to contract machinery; no drawbacks are to be allowed after June 1; the tax on sales of all manufactures above $5,000 is retained; the provision to guard against whisky frauds is modified somewhat. A resolution providing that no business shall be transacted in the House during the impeachment trial was introduced, but after considerable debate was withdrawn, and the House adjourned.

GENERAL.

The amount of money stolen by burglars on Tuesday night from the Scituate (Rhode Island) National Bank, proves on examination not to have been so great as was reported. It is believed that the total loss will not exceed $13,000. Special deposits of bonds to a considerable amount had been removed from the bank but a few days before the robbery.

Miss Olive Logan was arrested in Columbus, Ohio, on Wednesday, on a warrant issued by Mayor Bull, for not having procured a city license to lecture there. A city ordinance provides that this is necessary, but it had not been enforced during the past Winter. Miss Logan pleaded her own case, and after paying the license, left the city.

At Springfield, Ill., on Wednesday, the Matteson House and several other buildings near were destroyed by fire. The Chicago and St. Louis Railroad depot caught fire several times, but was put out; damage about $200,000.

The Legislative Committee on Railroads yesterday made a unanimous report to the Assembly against legalizing the acts of the directors of the Erie Railroad Company, and the report was agreed to—yeas 83, nays 32.

Gen. Buchanan has issued an order directing that at the election for the ratification of the Louisiana Constitution, previously ordered by Gen. Hancock, members of Congress, State, judicial and parish officers shall be voted for.

The Oregon Union State Convention on Wednesday nominated David Logan to Congress, and instructed their delegates to the National Convention to vote for Gen. Grant for President.

An association of New-England shipowners and shipmasters has been formed in Boston for mutual protection.

Jefferson Davis and wife left Baltimore on Tuesday evening for Canada, there to await the next call for his trial.

A verdict of $622 was obtained yesterday in the Superior Court, before Judge Barbour, by Geo. A. Coulter against Waite S. Willard. The defendant was the proprietor of a well-known saloon on Broadway, and the plaintiff was his cashier. Some time ago the defendant caused the arrest of the plaintiff on the charge of larceny, or for what is commonly known in New-York as "knocking down." While under arrest the plaintiff gave to the defendant his check for $300 and executed a release for $300 back pay, in consideration of his discharge from custody. The suit was brought to recover this $600—the plaintiff alleging that the papers were executed under duress, and for the purpose of avoiding an attack upon his character in the Criminal Court.

The Evening High School of this City held its commencement at Steinway Hall last evening, in the presence of an immense audience. Mr. Larremore, President of the Board of Education, presided, and declamations, essays, &c., were creditably presented by the young gentlemen connected with the school. Judge Brady delivered the address to the graduates.

The inquest over the body of Henry Westcott, who died of a beating at the hands of Patrick D. Byrnes, was concluded yesterday before Coroner Flynn. The verdict rendered confirms the charge made against Byrnes, who nevertheless was admitted to bail in the sum of $2,500 to await the action of the Grand Jury.

An unusually brisk business was transacted in Cotton yesterday at an advance of ¼c.@⅜c. ℔ lb. Flour, Wheat, Corn and Oats were dearer and fairly active. Provisions were less freely dealt in; Pork and Bacon were firmer; Lard was heavy. A moderate trade was reported in Groceries. Freights were quiet; rates a shade higher.

Is the Commercial Supremacy of New-York in Danger?

The memorial of the Chamber of Commerce, addressed to the State Legislature, on the subject of railway monopolies, looks like an attempt to influence the action of that body in the matter of the Erie quarrel. If that be the object of the document, we cannot congratulate its authors either upon the appositeness of their facts or the conclusiveness of their reasoning.

The main allegation is that the commerce of the City has suffered, and is suffering, from the excessive charges of the railroads converging here, which charges, the memorial avers, are excessive by reason of monopolies. "The unwise management of its lines of railroad communication with the West" is, in the opinion of the Chamber, the cause of a very serious diversion of trade, and tends to build up, at our expense, the enterprise and prosperity of other Atlantic cities. "The system of railway monopoly" is denounced as the root of the evil; and the interposition of the Legislature is sought to "prevent the control of the various lines which connect this City with the West from passing, by any combination or consolidation of management, into the hands of a restrictive monopoly." What is this, if not a prayer in behalf of Drew and against Vanderbilt? And can such a prayer properly emanate from a body that should be the guardian of moneyed and mercantile integrity, and the upholder of the law as against even railroad directors?

Admitting for the moment the facts as stated in the memorial, how do they help its argument? The City has suffered from railway mismanagement. What then? Who have been the offenders? The Erie and the Central Railroads, which are charged with a grave responsibility in the premises, have certainly not contributed to the "system of railway monopoly." Both roads have failed to meet the public requirements—both have been managed with an undue regard for other than public interests; but they have been rival and competing roads, having nothing like a "combination or consolidation of management," and in no respect illustrating the working of monopoly. The Central was for years little more than a partisan organization, worked extravagantly in the interest of politicians, and doing more for cliques and corrupt combinations than for the shareholders or the State. The Erie again has been, and under its present management will be a huge speculation—nothing more or less. It has been systematically used for gambling purposes. What service it might render to the State under whose laws it is organized, has always been a question of minor importance compared with the consideration, how it might be made to yield most profit to the jobbers and speculators who controlled its fortunes. Against these features of our railroad history the Chamber of Commerce utters not a syllable. In its arraignment of mismanagement as the alleged product of monopoly, it overlooks the fact that the evils of which it complains were experienced while the two roads were competing rather than combined roads. And it takes no notice of the other fact, that the mismanagement which has inflicted the most serious injury has proceeded from a corrupt perversion of power to personal and party uses, in no degree involving the principle to which the Chamber professedly objects. If, then, the past has brought forth evil, it has been from causes altogether different from that to which the attention of the Legislature is so urgently directed.

Whether it may hereafter be the duty of the Legislature to take cognizance of some mammoth monopoly of railroads is a question not ripe for discussion. Plausible reasons may, doubtless, be assigned against tolerating combinations intended to control the great arteries of the City's trade, but the means of preventing them are less easily conceived. No legislation can prevent the operation of indirect methods of obtaining control where the individuals seeking it possess capital enough to influence the stock. Any check, to be really efficient, must be something more than a mere prohibition of combinations, which can exist in one shape if not in another, in spite of legislation to the contrary. The time for discussing this point has not yet arrived, nor will it come until the evils apprehended shall have fully developed themselves. Just now it is sheer folly to denounce an evil which does not exist, and to ascribe to it the results of totally different management.

And here it is that the weakness of the memorial, which goes to Albany stamped with the approval of the Chamber of Commerce, becomes apparent. The only "monopoly" which threatens us is of the kind represented by Mr. Vanderbilt, who has shown that, however desirous of securing the profits of monopolies, he recognizes the paramount necessity of conducting vast business enterprises with exclusive reference to the tried standards of business success. A great outcry was heard when the New-York Central was added to the companies subject to his management, and what has been the result? For the first time in its history the road is managed economically, and at the same time with increased efficiency. The cliques that fattened on its earnings have been cast off. The system which regarded the road as a corporation organized for the benefit of a political party, has been overthrown. The looseness which characterized its entire management has given way to a vigilance and an energy that will be as beneficial to the public as they will be profitable to the stockholders. Of monopoly, as ordinarily understood, we see not a solitary sign. Can it be doubted, then, that the extension of the same management to the Erie Road would be equally useful, equally acceptable? The want of the Erie is precisely what the Central did want. It needs to be rescued from the hands that have disgraced and all but ruined it. It needs to be converted from a stockjobbing concern, in whose management no intelligent man reposes the slightest confidence, into a sound Company, conducted with a view to other interests than the pockets of its Treasurer or Directors. To secure a change so essential to the financial honor of the City, so merciful to the bondholders and stockholders who are threatened with ruin under the system that prevails, and so imperatively required by the commerce of the City, we are prepared to run the risk of whatever monopoly may be consequent upon the defeat and expulsion of the Drew management. Yesterday's vote in the Assembly shows that we are not singular in this opinion.

Apart from these aspects of the general question—apart from the merits of railroad management as it has been or as it is likely to be—it is difficult to discover any ground for the lamentations indulged in by the Chamber of Commerce. With all the disadvantages which mismanagement has entailed, the progress of the City has exceeded the most extravagant expectations, and its supremacy as the commercial centre of the continent, if not of the world, is assured. Nothing that is within the range of probability can check its growth, or inflict permanent injury upon its trade. The circumstances solemnly cited by the Chamber as evidence of advantages possessed by Baltimore, Philadelphia and Boston, are the mere incidents of national development, and in no way affect the future of New-York, in comparison with whose advancement the growth of these places is that of villages. What have they gained that New-York has missed? What are their advantages in respect of railroads and commerce, compared with those which place beyond the reach of accident the destiny of this City? The most shameful mismanagement of competing lines of railroad has not endangered it, and it has nothing to fear from any conceivable monopoly. Every month adds to the number of our railroad tributaries, and soon the vast commerce of Asia will swell the magnificence and wealth of the metropolis to a degree which the gentlemen of the Chamber of Commerce appear unable to realize. Notwithstanding their figures and their fears, the process goes on at a rate which has no parallel. To our mind, the trouble is, not how to preserve commercial supremacy, but how to provide adequately, and with sufficient speed, for the changes in regard to population and property which are its inevitable attendants.

The Railroad War.

It will be seen that the State Assembly yesterday refused to ratify the enormous issue of Erie Railroad stock made by Drew and his associates, to enable them to retain control of the road against a *bona fide* majority of the stockholders.

This action will be heartily approved by the great body of the people. Drew acknowledges, by the very fact of applying for a new law, that the issue of stock was illegal. His flight to New-Jersey and invoking the protection of the Legislature of that State, was a still more open confession that all his proceedings were in utter and open defiance of law, and the whole movement was an attempt to defy the stockholders and use the road, with its enormous capital, to promote a selfish and unscrupulous stock speculation.

The first movement in the bold scheme has been checkmated. We shall see what the next one will be.

The Admission of Alabama.

The Reconstruction Committee has reported a bill for the admission of Alabama. It retains the worst feature of the original proposition, and introduces a new one, if possible, still more objectionable. As the last movement is said to have secured the assent of Mr. Stevens, we may look upon it as probably doomed to pass.

Congress, in the Reconstruction law, laid down a clear and explicit basis upon which the Southern States might be readmitted. One feature of it was, that no State Constitution should be adopted unless a majority of the registered voters should vote upon it, nor unless the majority of those so voting should vote in its favor. In other words, a majority of the voters was required for a *quorum* to take action on the subject; and then a majority of that quorum should decide the result. The people acted under and upon this law; and the result was that the Constitution was *rejected*. A quorum did not vote. The requirements of Congress were not fulfilled. And yet Congress now proposes to declare that the Constitution was nevertheless adopted. It proposes to enact what is false, and to repudiate its own distinct and unmistakable promise. Its action will be an exhibition of bad faith seldom paralleled in the dealings of any Government with a portion of its own people, or even with a foreign community.

The excuses urged in vindication of this projected perfidy aggravate the crime. They are bold inventions to begin with,—but if they were true, they would not justify or palliate the violation of good faith of which Congress proposes to be guilty. That influence was used to keep voters away from the polls,—that coercion, intimidation, threats of discharge from employment, &c., were resorted to, may be true, though not a shadow of legal or trustworthy evidence has been adduced in proof of the assertion. Even Mr. Farnsworth was forced in debate to confess that no proof whatever was in possession of the Committee, and that individual members were acting solely on knowledge confined to their own breasts. And no election has been held for years in any Northern State which might not be set aside, or the result reversed, on the same ground and by the same rule.

Mr. Stevens could not resist the conviction that a very large majority of the people of Alabama were opposed to the new Constitution. Upon this subject only a few days ago he said:

> "Mr. Speaker, after full examination of the returns from Alabama *I am satisfied that to force a vote on this bill and admit the State against our own law, while there is a deficiency of twenty odd thousand against it, would not be doing such justice in legislation as would be expected by the people.* That being the case I move that the bill be recommitted."

The Committee, however, seem determined to commit this conceded injustice against which Mr. Stevens thus protests.

But another principle has been introduced into the bill which is said to have reconciled Mr. Stevens himself to this injustice. The third section of the bill provides—

> "That the Constitution of Alabama shall *never be so amended as to deprive any citizens or any class of citizens of the United States of the right to vote* by the Constitution herein recognized, nor shall be so amended or changed as to allow any person to vote who is excluded from office by the fourteenth article of the amendment of the Constitution of the United States, until the disabilities imposed by said section shall have been removed in the manner therein directed and provided; and *Congress shall have power to annul any amendment to the Constitution of Alabama, or any act of the Legislature of said State contrary to the provisions of this section.*"

In other words, *Congress* is to have authority at any future time to supervise and control the action of the people of the State, in framing their Constitution, or in the action of their Legislature. No such power as this has ever before been proposed or dreamed of in regard to Alabama or any other State; and if Congress may give itself the power to act thus in regard to one class of constitutional or legislative action, it may in regard to another; and if it may supervise the action of the people of Alabama, it may also supervise that of any other State. The principle is utterly subversive not only of everything like State rights, but of everything like the separate existence of States, in any sense and on any basis recognized by the Constitution.

We can scarcely blame the people of Alabama for not caring to reënter the Union thus in fetters. The people of New-York would never do it.

"Answer in Personals."

There is a pleasant Irish legend which tells us that once on a time there was a beautiful lady who, alone and unheralded, trode the length and breadth of the Emerald Isle without impediment or molestation. Her feet bathed in the magic dew of the shamrock; her person "clothed in chastity," and her brow illumined with diamonds of the purest lustre, she moved through the blushing summer-tide, (for we presume that she selected that season,) like a saint, an object of love and reverence to all. No rude hand touched her; no harsh voice grated on her ear; no leering eye gloated on her charms. Moore has celebrated the exploit in the well-known ballad of "Rich and rare were the gems she wore," and indeed it deserved to be thus celebrated.

We very much doubt if such a feat could be performed in our degenerate days—at least on this side the Atlantic. It is in vain to ask why. Perhaps because we are more advanced in civilization, and have newspapers, and do virtuous things which are all recorded for our special behoof and advantage, whereby we are rendered so good ourselves that we naturally grow indifferent to this rather fatiguing merit in others. Perhaps, too, because this story, like that of "Peeping Tom," rests on very doubtful authority. By a curious coincidence everything positively good *does* rest on doubtful authority, while everything unquestionably bad can be promptly authenticated and brought home to us.

However, it is pretty certain that before the lady had made much progress on the usual trip from Maine to Florida, supposing she were hardy enough to undertake it, she would receive a pleasing intimation from a fellow-traveler that her attractions had been remarked. For we have in this hemisphere an unromantic male folk also, of a wandering kind, who go from one extremity of the country to the other, and, in fact, are sometimes chased, too. They are always found where they are not wanted. When at home their principal occupation is sitting in a barber's chair until their coarse jaws are shorn and their moustache duly lacquered. They swathe their feet in shiny boots, deck their bodies in strange contrasts of broadcloth, and invariably wear a diamond pin in their shirt bosom. When away from home they engage their limited faculties in making themselves conspicuously disagreeable. No poet has sung their praises, although Sing Sing is one of their most ordinary invocations. This sort of creature goes like a pestilence through the land, shunned in the day and feared by night—a reproach to himself, a nuisance to every one else.

And if the days of romance come back to us, it would be he who, meeting the fair lady, would make signs to her, and on the following morning insert in the congenial columns of a contemporary some such tender appeal as the following:

> "If the beauteous being, with the blazing brilliant on her brow, who passed the southwest corner of Massachusetts and Connecticut yesterday at 1:15, dressed in modesty and diamonds, desires to make the acquaintance of the gentleman who attracted her attention by his admiration of her costume and *coiffure*, she will confer a favor by addressing Alphonse. Object, mutual improvement and recreation. Answer under Personals."

We keep the matter at a goodly distance from its simple loathsomeness, but it brings with it certain unpleasant reflections. It used to be our boast that a lady could go anywhere unattended, and with perfect safety. In certain matters, indeed, we are scrupulously polite and gallant toward the sex. We are willing to abandon our seats to them in stages and places of amusement, and at home they have pretty much their own way. This, we believe, is the course adopted by gentlemen now and always.

But of late a class of wretches seems to have sprung into existence which finds no parallel in any other part of the world. They peer rudely beneath ladies' bonnets, make signs, and otherwise endeavor to attract attention. This is the first step. The second is to publish an advertisement "under Personals," inviting the insulted party to renew the acquaintance. These vagabonds whom we have limned above, are, we believe, generally mistaken in their approaches, and might be left to their own fate were it not for the disgraceful prominence which a certain journal gives to their assignations. Obscene literature is clean compared with the mischief that might be, and perhaps is, effected in this way. Only a few days since a respectable married lady felt, as she was leaving a Fourth-avenue car, that the gentleman who handed her out had squeezed her arm. In her agitation she felt for her pocket-book. She had no idea that it was gallantry, but naturally supposed it meant theft. The next day her husband, to whom she had narrated the circumstance, looked in the columns of his morning paper, and there, sure enough, he found an invitation to his wife to extend this pleasant acquaintanceship. The Police, it seems to us, should reply to all such advertisements, but it is a burning shame to think that a respectable journal will consent to insert them. It is atrocious to know that the worst because the most direct, attractive and insidious form of depravity can thus be introduced to our homes. There should be some way of suppressing the wrong.

The Threats of Rebellion in Nova Scotia.

The dissatisfaction of Nova Scotia with her position in the New Dominion is reaching a point of danger, if not of rebellion. The feelings of the entire population are roused to the highest intensity, and they demand a release from the new Government as a condition of their allegiance to Great Britain. The Legislature has sent a delegation to London to urge a repeal of the act of union in so far as it applies to Nova Scotia. They allege that the union was brought about originally by fraud; that it has never been accepted by the people, and that it is ruinous to their rights and interests. They do not scruple to say that, if their appeals are unheeded by the English authorities, they will then have recourse to *Washington*, and seek the assistance of the American Government, while they put themselves under its protection and ask for annexation to the American Union. They declare openly that if the Imperial Parliament does not at once accede to their demands, Nova Scotia, "with its great fleet and large maritime population, with its splendid harbors and geographical command over Newfoundland and Prince Edward's Island," will sever her connection with England. Even the Attorney-General of the Province takes ground very much like this, and draws a striking picture of the immense addition which Nova Scotia would bring to the naval power of the United States, an increase doubled by the fact that every sailor and ship so obtained would be withdrawn from the resources of Great Britain.

The discussion upon this new trouble in England is rendered all the more lively by the fact that both parties to the quarrel—the Government of Nova Scotia and the Government of the New Dominion—have agents in London, Mr. Howe, the most able and prominent politician of Nova Scotia representing the one side, and Mr. Tupper, a political outlaw of Nova Scotia, representing the other.

We judge from the expressions of opinion in the English press that it is likely to fare hard with Nova Scotia. England having, after no little labor and difficulty, established the Government of the New Dominion, is unwilling that it should be thus untimely broken up by this refractory province. The claims of Nova Scotia are inadmissible, and her pretensions unendurable. If she will not voluntarily submit to the government of the New Dominion, and the authority of Great Britain, she will be dealt with in such a way as to make submission necessary. There is no misunderstanding the purpose of England, and it will be executed without regard to consequences. It is rather surprising to see even such a very liberal organ of English Liberalism as the *Spectator* using the strongest language in this case. Heretofore the *Spectator* has gone as far as the Goldwin Smith school of politicians in saying that if at any time the English colonies wished to dissolve their connection with the Home Government, no opposition should be made to the step; but even on this ground it cannot tolerate the threats of secession in Nova Scotia. It says that "Nova Scotia is probably the only Saxon colony, which Great Britain, if pushed to extremity, might be *compelled to coerce;*" adding that England "could not submit to alter an imperial policy under provincial menaces, *nor could she consent to let Nova Scotia go free.*" The *Spectator* closes its discussion with this determinate language:

> "The whole Dominion might go, if it chose to notify such a desire in a legal and constitutional manner; but to lose a most valuable colony without the compensation of freedom from dangers in America; to give up the house key, yet not be rid of the hall; to surrender genuine maritime resources, yet have still to defend provinces without a ship, would be an intolerable position. The country would not attempt to endure it, yet any coercion of Nova Scotia for wishing to enter the Union might irretrievably embarrass our relations with the United States. The Government of Washington would, no doubt, acknowledge that we had the same right to coerce a revolted colony that itself had to coerce the South; but the sound of the cannon irritates men's minds. There are Fenians only waiting an opportunity, and in an hour Great Britain might be engaged in the most terrible struggle she has ever waged. Even if this contingency never occurred, nothing could be more unfortunate, more unendurably annoying, than a positive obligation to hold one of the free colonies by force, or the menace of force; and yet if the Nova Scotians will not hear reason, what help? We are not going to surrender the only nexus of the Empire—the right of the Imperial Parliament in the last resort to legislate for every human being who claims the protection of our flag. We are not going to alter Imperial laws of the highest importance under orders from Halifax."

It is a dangerous crisis for Nova Scotia. There is no resort for her but submission to her fate as a province of the New Dominion, or rebellion—on the verge of which she seems to be.

MINOR TOPICS.

The Savannah *Republican* suggests that, in order to avoid in future the perils of such a conflict as we now witness between the Executive and Congress, the Constitution be amended so as to provide that no law, enacted by Congress over the President's veto, shall go into effect until the Supreme Court shall "decide upon its constitutionality or the propriety of its becoming a law." Such a proposition shows utter ignorance of the real tendency of the times. Congress demands a more absolute and exclusive control of the Government than it has hitherto exercised; and to meet this the *Republican* proposes to restrict its authority still further by giving the Supreme Court an absolute veto on any of its enactments to which the President may object. The amendment proposed would make the Court a part, and the most essential part, of the law-making department of the Government. The plan is much more "simple," but much less "practicable," than our Southern contemporary thinks.

Congress, after making numerous inquisitions into the financial management of the State Department, without finding anything to condemn, adopted a novel resolution inquiring whether there are not some funds somewhere, *not appropriated by law*, which the Secretary uses. The answer, of course, is point blank in the negative. All the expenditures of the Department are authorized by law, and have now been fully reported to Congress. Surprised at the moderate sum, certain members insinuate that there must be some outside fund to draw upon. Perhaps if they follow it up closely they may find where it is.

The Philadelphia *Press* makes a rather awkward but well-meant effort to be complimentary to our State and City. It says that "New-York, whose Judiciary, as a general thing, does not set an example that is safe to follow, has reason to be proud of the conduct of her Judges in the Devlin liquor case." This is quite true, but unhappily for our State, Judge Benedict, in whose Court the proceedings referred to were had, is not a State Judge nor a City Judge, but a Judge in the United States District Court. We believe there never has been any reason to complain of the United States Judges in this State. We wish we could say the same of all the other Judges.

The telegraphic report of Senator Johnson's speech on the Veto Message, on Thursday, represents him as quoting from Homer the words, applied to law, "her voice is the harmony of the world." We presume that Homer is a reporter's mistake for Hooker, who, in his *Church Polity*, speaks of law as follows: "Her seat is the bosom of God, her voice the harmony of the world." It is hardly possible that so fine a scholar as Reverdy Johnson should fall into this error.

Some four hundred of the inhabitants of the Red River Settlement region, within the British North American territories, have met and formed a government of their own, inasmuch as they were too far away to enjoy any at the hands of the British authorities. They have elected a President, adopted laws, defined their boundaries, and put in motion all the machinery of government. And they have done all this without leave or license from the "home" authorities. Will they be "let alone,"—or will they receive such attention as the Irish people would if they were to do the same thing?

Matters seem to be managed in Washington with a remarkable degree of candor. It is stated that certain parties advocated the passage of a bill in the Senate "with an *avowed* object of swindling the Government." Some of its fastidious friends feared that this "avowal" might damage the bill in the Senate and had it transferred to the House, where it is believed that it will not hurt it in the least. Why can we not have similar frank "avowals" in Albany?

The latest returns, or reports, state that the Constitution of Arkansas has been ratified by three or four thousand majority. The time for voting was extended several days, "in consequence of severe storms and heavy freshets," which prevented voters from reaching the polls. It is a little odd that all these heavy freshets in the Southern States should occur at about election time; the same phenomenon was observed in Alabama. But it is fortunate that the time for voting is elastic and that it may be extended indefinitely at the will of the Military Commanders. But for this power in their hands the cause of freedom and self-government would be well-nigh hopeless.

The Common Council is again busy with schemes for "renumbering" the streets. This has been done so often already that it is almost impossible to find any place. People are driven insane every day from their desperate attempts to find houses with which they used to be perfectly familiar. If the new plan is adopted the Bloomingdale Asylum ought to be enlarged.

It is well understood that the *Transcript*, the printed sheet containing nothing but public advertisements, paid for by the City to the tune of sixty or seventy thousand dollars a year, and not having a hundred subscribers in all, is the property of the Tammany and Common Council "ring." The same parties are driving through the Legislature a bill to compel all legal advertising of every kind in this City and County to be done in that paper! This will give "the ring" sixty or seventy thousand dollars more. The bill is so worded as to conceal its purpose, and its passage is confidently predicted. It would be too much, perhaps, to say that it is the grossest piece of robbery yet perpetrated by "the ring"—but it will take high rank on the list. How does the *World* relish this movement of its friends?

Judge Black, it is stated, has been correcting the reports as to his reasons for declining to act longer as one of the President's counsel in the impeachment. He is reported to say now that "it was impossible for him to defend the President if the President sustained the Secretary of State, in the Alta Vela case, and he was well satisfied that the President did sustain the position of Mr. Seward." We don't see that this explanation improves Mr. Black's position in the least. He seems to have made the President's decision of the Alta Vela case in his favor a condition of his defending him on the impeachment. The two cases have not the slightest connection with each other. The demand savors very much of a most unwarrantable attempt at coercion. We are glad it was resisted and repelled.

Many persons in this City have noticed and pitied a number of little Italian boys that go from door to door playing the fiddle, and spend many of the night hours in the drinking saloons to play for the customers. They are brought to this country by older wanderers, who have perhaps kidnapped them in the first instance, and who employ them to earn money and treat them as if they were slaves. This custom of bringing children from Italy to London and other great cities is so prevalent that Count Arrivabene lately denounced it in the Parliament at Florence, and Menabrea, the Minister, promised to do what he could to check such a business. It is to be deplored, whether in Italy or elsewhere, but it will not be so easy to prevent it. Still, the actual kidnapping may be stopped, in the first place, and our Police and philanthropists may do something to discourage any vicious employment of the children, and put them on a way of life more suited to this country and its ideas.

Rents and Real Estate in Brooklyn.

Brooklyn has hitherto been regarded as one of the great avenues of escape for the overcrowded denizens of this City. But we must no longer look in that direction for relief. Real-estate owners, speculators and house-agents have manipulated the market until they have succeeded in getting Brooklyn prices far up among the fancy figures. Rents range about as high there as they do on this side of the East River, and real estate rules at as heavy rates. In the Western District of Brooklyn, we are told, that house-hunters are in great tribulation on account of the excessive demands of landlords, and as a general thing, no lease for more than a year can be obtained. In the Eastern District, agents are doing their utmost to stimulate rents, and are succeeding to some extent in their object. Their intentions, however, are checked to a considerable degree by the poor ferry accommodations between this City and Williamsburg, which are notoriously inadequate to the wants of the population.

The most casual observer must see that the speculative habits of the Brooklyn real-estate owners and agents are exercising a pernicious influence upon the welfare of the city—not only oppressing the people, but retarding the growth and prosperity of the place to an extent which the establishment of any number of first-class Prospect Parks would prove insufficient to remedy.

When taxes shall be increased, as they must be at no distant day, these holders of real estate, whether it be improved or unimproved, will probably discover the error which they make by engaging in fancy operations. They will find out that the fictitious values which they have placed on ground and houses have driven persons away in search of homes to New-Jersey, and in other directions, where prices are still within the limits of reason. Such grasping and unreasonable policy is certain to react in the end to the detriment of its authors.

WASHINGTON.

AFFAIRS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, March 27.

THE CANDIDATE FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

The canvass for the Vice-Presidency is the subject which, next to Impeachment, now attracts most attention. It is a matter of daily private comment in both Houses of Congress; and since the public announcement by Hon. Ben. Wade, that he don't care for the Presidency, but does care for the Vice-Presidency, his friends have thrown off all reserve, and are making the most vigorous efforts to win support for their candidate. But it is up-hill work. They count upon a large element of strength from the unreconstructed States, nearly all of which will send delegates to Chicago, but none of them will be admitted unless they have been admitted to representation in Congress. This is the explicit language of the call. Beyond Ohio no Northern State has fully declared for Wade. Colfax seems to be gaining ground, and if some one of the prominent candidates from the East cannot be united upon, say Fenton, Wilson, Hamlin or Buckingham, Colfax is certain to be strongly reinforced from that section. The Representatives from New-Jersey and Tennessee, whose delegations have not been instructed, say that they are surer for Colfax than any one else. While every State west of Ohio, including those on the Pacific coast, has either declared for Colfax, or will do so when their Conventions meet, Wade's friends are very confident, however, and are already intimating that Wade will be President before the Convention meets, and that will be a great card in his favor.

THE ARKANSAS ELECTION.

Further advices from the Arkansas election were received by the Congressional Union Executive Committee to-day, which confirm the report that the Constitution is carried by from 3,000 to 5,000 majority. This news comes direct from Little Rock, and is undoubtedly more reliable than that from Memphis, which is doctored to suit the rebels there. The dispatches also state that the white vote for the Constitution is as large as the colored, and that their smallest majorities are in some of the heaviest slaveholding counties, where the rebels were more or less successful in intimidating the blacks and preventing a full vote.

BUSINESS IN THE HOUSE.

The question whether the House will do any legislative business during the impeachment trial came up just at the close of to-day's session, and provoked a lively discussion. Mr. Boutwell reported a resolution from the Board of Managers against doing any business except that relating to impeachment. The Speaker decided that it would require a two-thirds vote to pass it, as it changed the order of the business of the House. Mr. Pike wanted the morning hour to dispose of the business before the committees. Mr. Dawes wanted sessions to dispose of the important election cases just ready, which had always been deferred, he said, until the close of the session. Mr. Scofield did not want any sessions, because they would be slimly attended, and measures of a doubtful character would be put through. Mr. E. B. Washburne coincided with Mr. Scofield, and Mr. Spalding objected to the resolution, when it was withdrawn, and will come up again to-morrow if it is thought it can be passed.

THE TAX EXEMPTION BILL.

The Conference Committee on the Manufacturers' Tax bill agreed on a report to-day, which was adopted in the House. There were but two points in dispute—the tax on sales and the new whisky section. The House amendment increasing the former was agreed to, and the Senate section on whisky likewise. The latter is in accordance with the provisions alluded to in these dispatches of last night. It provides that whenever whisky shall be selling, for ten days, at less than the tax and the cost of making it, it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to close every distillery in such district. The Senate considered it at length, but reached no final conclusion.

INTEREST ON BANK BALANCES.

Senator Cattell to-day called up his bill, reported from the Finance Committee, prohibiting the banks in New-York, Boston and Philadelphia from paying interest on bank balances, and supported it in a strong speech. Mr. Cameron replied, charging that the bill was an attempt by the city banks to get these deposits for nothing, and he offered an amendment prohibiting any bank in the above-named cities from lending any money to stockbrokers for speculative purposes. The subject then went over.

THE DELEGATE FROM UTAH.

The Utah contested election case will probably be decided against Mr. Hooper, the sitting delegate, as some shocking revelations regarding the influence of the Mormon Church have been discovered by the Election Committee. It is not probable, however, that the seat will be given to his contestant.

STEAMSHIP SUBSIDIES.

The House Committee on Post-offices and Post-roads, at its meeting this morning, decided to report a bill guaranteeing the bonds of the New-York Commercial and Navigation Company to the amount of three and a half millions of dollars. It is understood that the Baltimore and Bremen line will soon apply for a similar subsidy.

THE SUPREME COURT BILL.

The veto of the *Habeas Corpus* Appeal bill reached the House to-day, and after an hour's debate between Mr. Woodward, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, was passed over the veto, and is now a law.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Friday, March 27.

THE GEORGIA RECONSTRUCTION CASE.

In the Supreme Court of the United States to-day Mr. J. S. Black asked that the argument on the preliminary Injunction bill, in the case of the State of Georgia vs. Gen. Grant and others, be heard. The Court, however, was not prepared to resume the subject. Process has been served on the counsel for the military authorities and upon Gen. Grant, the only persons within reach, but not on the other military officers acting under the Reconstruction Laws in Georgia, and this is assigned as the reason of the Court for not granting the request of the complainant.

THE PROPOSED PURCHASE OF NEW-YORK CITY BATTERY.

The Secretary of War, in reply to a resolution asking whether it is desirable to purchase the Battery property at New-York, sent a communication to the House to-day, inclosing another from Acting Quartermaster-General Rucker, concurring fully in the views of Gen. Ingalls, that it would be an economical policy for the Government to own the premises which the army occupies for officers' warehouses and wharfing places, like New-York, where the occupation is constant and permanent; but such premises should be selected in a central locality, convenient of access for the easy and prompt transaction of business. The Battery lies on the extreme southern part of the City, and will become more and more non-central every year. For business, he thinks there are other and better localities, and recommends that 250 feet of ground immediately adjoining the revenue property, on the west side, be purchased for military uses. This area of ground would be sufficient for a wharf and interior basin. The bargehouse could be erected on it, and the warehouse—if deemed desirable for purposes of economy and to the safety of public property in this City at some future time.

JUDGE BLACK AND THE PRESIDENT.

Mr. Black says that some parts of the various published statements why he declined to act as one of the counsel for the President are mere speculation. The reason why he refused to be retained was that it was impossible for him to defend the President if the

President sustained the Secretary of State, in the Alta Vela case, and he was well satisfied that the President did sustain the position of Mr. SEWARD.

THE WRECK OF THE STEAMER SCOTLAND.

The following was issued to-day from the War Department:

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, March 26, 1868.

SPECIAL ORDERS No. 30.—In compliance with section two of the resolution of Congress, approved March 2, 1868, directing the Secretary of War to appoint a Board of Competent Engineers, to consist of not less than three persons, to examine the condition of the wreck of the steamer *Scotland*, now in the waters of the harbor of the City of New-York, a board of officers, to consist of Brevet Major-Gen. JOHN NEWTON, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Corps of Engineers; Brevet Major-Gen. JOHN G. FOSTER, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Corps of Engineers; Brevet Col. DAVID C. HOUSTON, Major of the Corps of Engineers, are hereby appointed, to meet in New-York City, on the 1st day of April, 1868.

The Board will ascertain whether the wreck of the above-mentioned steamer is dangerous to navigation, and report thereon at as early a day as possible, with a particular estimate of the cost of the removal of said wreck.

By order of the Secretary of War.

E. D. TOWNSEND, Asst. Adjt.-Gen.

MINNESOTA LAND SURVEYS.

Commissioner WILSON, of the General Land Office, has received from the Surveyor-General at St. Paul, Minn., the returns of the surveys of three additional townships in Cass and Itaska Counties, embracing an area of 58,720 acres. There is an Indian village situated in one of the townships where there is a considerable quantity of land under cultivation. There are but few settlers in the locality, and these are engaged in the lumber trade.

THE CHOLERA AT ST. THOMAS.

The United States Consul at St. Croix, West Indies, under date of March 12, says the last official report of the cholera at St. Thomas shows the whole number of cases to the 10th inst. to be 481, and 297 deaths.

THE NEW COINAGE BILL.

The Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures is anxious that Mr. KELLY, its Chairman, shall urge the passage, at the earliest practicable period, of his new Coinage bill, which provides for a uniformity in the one, three and five cent pieces, instead of having so many varieties of those denominations, and it abolishes both the five and ten cent fractional currency. The three and the five cent coins are to remain at their present weight. The one cent piece is to be smaller than the new three cent piece, and smaller than the latest issues of one cent pieces. Judge KELLY has made the improvement in the coins from his knowledge acquired in former days while employed as a jeweler. There are many advantages in the proposed new coins over the present ones; not only as to convenience and appearance, but in the giving them a clear metallic ring, which is not now the case with such denominations. The Mint has furnished specimens of the new coins, which excite general admiration.

THE EXECUTION OF MAXIMILIAN.

The following is a translation from the official paper of the Mexican Government of February ultimo:

Diplomatic Correspondence on Maximilian's Execution.

"We are informed that Mr. ROMERO has in print, and is about to publish, the correspondence of the Mexican Legation at Washington with the Department of Foreign Affairs of the Republic and the State Department of the United States, on the capture, trial and execution of Don FERNAND MAXIMILIAN, of Hapsburg, which will make a volume of three or four hundred pages in quarto.

We insert here the following preface to said correspondence:

Introduction.

The execution of Mr. FERNAND MAXIMILIAN has been, without doubt, one of the most notable events of the present time; not only because it was a just chastisement that fell on one of those persons who, by their origin and position, consider themselves in this world entitled to impunity, but also because it defied the most powerful nations of Occidental Europe. The impression this event made abroad can scarcely be imagined here. The consequences that have followed, and will follow it, have been and will be also of the greatest importance.

Scarcely had this memorable event taken place when several of the foreign Governments hastened to publish the diplomatic correspondence of their chanceries on this subject. The execution took place on the 19th of June, 1867, and on the 8th of July the United States Congress asked the President, ANDREW JOHNSON, for any correspondence the American Government might have bearing on this grave subject. It was sent to the State Department on the 18th, and published soon after by Congress. Notwithstanding the importance of this event, which was greater for Mexico than for any other nation, including France and Austria, no other official publication has been made hitherto on it than the very incomplete one contained in a number of the official paper of San Louis Potosi, which was issued on the same day of the execution, and a memorandum of MAXIMILIAN's counsel which presents only one side of the question not very favorable to the cause of Mexico. MAXIMILIAN's complete trial, which ought to have been published on the week following the execution, has not come to light yet. The whole world anxiously awaits the presentation of our own view of the question. The honor and good name of the Republic are interested at the same time that we should do this as soon as possible.

Wishing to coöperate on my part to obtain this end, I have compiled from my correspondence, as Minister of the Republic at Washington, now in the Department of Foreign Affairs, the part that refers to MAXIMILIAN's execution, as to the effect it produced in the United States and Europe, and the consequences that might have arisen from it. This correspondence contains some interesting facts, which I think better to make public, and which tend to a better understanding of the wise policy that the Cabinet at Washington has followed in our affairs. I have translated also the principal documents that the United States Government published on this subject, some of which are of the highest interest.

I, therefore, offer all this information to my fellow-citizens, animated by the sincerest desire to present the facts as they really are, believing that they will not be ill received, now that we may view this event from its historical bearing and with the impartiality that the lapse of several months gives.

As the incident of the arrival at Vera Cruz of Don ANTONIO LOPEZ DE SANTA ANNA on July of 1867 is related to it, I will have to insert several documents bearing on the question, reserving to myself the right of publishing afterward, in a separate volume, all the others that refer to it, as my belief is that its importance requires that it should be done so for the benefit of the country.

M. ROMERO.

MEXICO, Feb. 12, 1868.

LOUISIANA.

Opening of the Busy Season—New-Orleans City Currency—Political Affairs.

From Our Own Correspondent.

NEW-ORLEANS, Sunday, March 15, 1868.

The Spring opens suddenly upon us. While absorbed in the combat of politics or the whirl of pleasure, the balm of Summer steals around us, the trees bud and bloom, and once more we are reminded that we live in a nearly tropical climate. All this while you are still firing and fortifying against the cold blasts of the Arctic. At one end of the telegraph is a snow-drift, at the other the peach-trees are in full bloom. How extensive this Republican territory, how varied its resources! How strange that man will mar the harmonies of Nature and neutralize the blessings which God has bestowed! Apparently an exchange of commodities, in which there is no competition, should dispose the whole people to an industrial union. It would seem that if the clock-maker of Connecticut could exchange his wares for the cotton of Texas, each dealer should be content to leave the other the free exercise of his political and religious opinions. This is, however, not the case, and the whole ruin of this glorious country has been wrought by precisely the same principle which wasted the Palatinate or inundated the Netherlands. The endeavor to impose the opinions of one population upon the institutions of another—when that effort has been so often and so logically defeated in Europe seems ever a ruling passion. When this very evil has impelled men to cross the ocean and inhabit America, how strange that they should revive among themselves an intolerance which has exiled their ancestors or themselves! After all, this climate of New-Orleans favors commerce greatly. This city is the only outport always open, and the great Northwest can always get their produce to sea and their foreign commodities in by this route. Then the mild Winter favors human industry incredibly. You would be astonished—for I do not remember that you have visited New-Orleans—to witness the energy of business-men during the Winter season. An immense amount of commerce is transacted while the water-ways of the North are blocked and the people housed from the cold. The nation needs this outlet and this outport, and no sectional jealousy should ever limit appropriations for that purpose.

OUR CURRENCY.

The public was startled last week by the refusal of the butchers to receive the city notes except at a great discount. This came directly home to the business and breadbaskets of the people, and compelled a crisis. The retail dealers made an effort, as heretofore, to sustain the city credit by taking the

we may suppose, marked up to cover the discount. They soon, however, found the fallacy of such an effort, and have generally thrown up the sponge, accepting only fractional notes under $1. Of course the City Council, which have been changed so often as to be without much influence, began to hold a council in the cabin as soon as this hole had been stove in the treasury bottom. As like such councils, it has been conducted in confusion, and has thus far resulted in nothing definite. The Treasurer recommends, in effect, to cut the treasury loose from the drift and to deal in nothing but greenbacks, the city to give its bonds, with interest at long dates, in place of the currency, the Mayor proclaiming the opinion that this depreciation has been caused by the machinations of "designing men," more interested in embarrassing the public authorities than in maintaining the currency; while the Common Council are considering a proposal to issue gold bonds, guaranteed by the collateral securities of city revenues and property, and so to fund these discredited notes in the interest-bearing notes of the city. Neither of these ideas has as yet, however, stanched the wound, and the people of New-Orleans are like to lose most of four millions of issues which might have been saved, in great part, by timely and intelligent legislation. The proposal to convert the currency into an interest-bearing debt, payable in gold, comes in strange contrast with the effort now being made to convert United States bonds into a non-interest-bearing currency. Whenever a nation or a community loses sight of the standard principles of government or finance, nothing but contradictory action can be expected in either. The Government of the United States was compelled to sell its obligations during the war for a currency greatly depreciated. It now finds great difficulty in reconciling its duties to the creditor and to the tax-payer. Why should the City of New-Orleans place itself in a similar situation, when not under an analagous necessity?

POLITICS.

The indications still continue that the Conservative Radicals will run an independent ticket. Their writers still denounce the ring, which has captured all the best offices and assigned them to army followers. The possibilities are also that all opposition to the new Constitution being abandoned, the whole Conservative vote may be thrown upon the men deemed safest to administer the Government. The nominations by the Radical Party have been skillfully made. They preserve the names of some very competent men as Judges. They nominate the United States Commissioner, who is a very new comer, and attempt to appease and seduce DUMAS, the colored man's nominee for Lieutenant-Governor by nominating him for the lucrative office of City Sheriff. With a supreme contempt for public opinion they have nominated for Street Commissioner the incumbent removed by Gen. HANCOCK, and reinstated by Gen. GRANT. He is under indictment for alleged malversation in office, and has been tried before an investigating committee of the Common Council, who have closed the testimony, but have not as yet made their report. These elections are of extreme importance to New-Orleans, and will determine whether the city and State shall pass under control of the trustees for the freedmen, or whether all the citizens shall participate in the administration of their own interests.

W. M. B.

The Banquet in Baltimore—Noisy Proceedings and Untimely Quarrels.

Our dispatches from Baltimore gave some account of the celebration in that city on Thursday in honor of the arrival of the first of a new line of steamers between Bremen and that port. At night a banquet was given. A splendid feast was prepared, the room was handsomely decorated, and prominent gentlemen were appointed to respond to the toasts. But the banquet was not a success, and the *American* thus explains why and how:

"Mr. SCHUMACHER attempted to announce the regular toasts, but certain individuals who had previously demonstrated by their ungentlemanly behavior that they had come rather to gratify their appetites than to show respect to the city's guest, had become so disorderly that it was quite impossible for any one to be heard. In spite of every effort on the part of the Committee of Arrangements, Gen. JAMES M. ANDERSON and his colleagues, to suppress the disturbance by expostulating with the disturbers and appealing to them to be seated and remain quiet, the noise and confusion grew and increased until it assumed the appearance of a low tavern brawl. We sincerely regret to have to give publicity to such a disgraceful affair, but truth and justice require that the facts should be stated—justice to the great mass of our merchants, business men and other worthy citizens present, who were compelled with shame and mortification to witness the outrage upon good manners and decency, and to see their honored guests made spectators of a scene so dishonorable and disgusting. The whole disturbance originated with, and was confined, so far as our observation went, to a coterie of municipal officeholders, who were seated at the third table extending lengthwise of the hall. A quarrel was started among some of them, which, on account of the noise made and the hard words used, attracted general attention to where the contending parties were seated. An official of one of the courts of the city appeared to be the principal cause of the trouble, and during the disturbance a State official was ejected from the room by the police. Some degree of quiet was finally restored, when Mr. TEACKLE WALLIS arose to speak. This gentleman expressed very forcibly the feeling of the peaceably-inclined portion of the company toward the disturbers, and read them a severe but just lesson upon good manners. The merchants and other gentlemen of the city who had really assembled for the purpose of doing honor to the occasion, and not to have a drinking bout, generally expressed their mortification at what had occurred, and made all proper apologies to the guests of the evening, who were fully cognizant of the fact that the gentlemen who were sincere in wishing to do them honor were in nowise responsible for this occurrence."

PARISIAN HONORS.—We submit the following to our readers. Comment is unnecessary:

At the Paris Universal Exposition, Messrs. WHEELER & WILSON, No. 625 Broadway, received the gold medal, and the only one, awarded for the most perfect sewing-machine and button-hole machine exhibited.

J. C. DERBY, New-York,
U. S. General Agent for the Exposition.

The only gold medal for the manufacture and perfection of sewing-machines and button-hole machines was awarded to Messrs. WHEELER & WILSON, of New-York.

HENRY F. Q. D'ALIGNY,
Member of International Jury and Reporter of same.

—*Demorest's Magazine.*

Sewing-Machine War.

A notice appeared in the papers of the 26th, cautioning the public against purchasing Sewing-machines manufactured and sold by the Empire Sewing-machine Company, the Ætna Company and the Finkle & Lyon Company, signed by the Wheeler & Wilson and Singer Manufacturing Companies, and the Grover & Baker Sewing-machine Company.

We, the undersigned, have this day obtained from Hon. Jasper W. Gilbert, one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, an INJUNCTION AGAINST THE SAID Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker and Singer Companies, restraining them from any further publication or caution to the public against the purchase of our machines. Suits will at once be commenced through our counsel for damages to our business resulting from such publication. We assure all our patrons and agents that we are in earnest in resisting the exorbitant demands of a gigantic monopoly for a further royalty upon patents alleged to be infringed by us. We deny any and all such alleged infringements, and notify all our agents and patrons that we shall protect them in the quiet and undisturbed use of our machines.

NEW-YORK, March 26, 1868.

EMPIRE SEWING-MACHINE COMPANY.
FINKLE & LYON SEWING-MACHINE CO.
ÆTNA SEWING-MACHINES.
J. E. BRAUNSDORF & CO., Proprietors.

—*Advertisement.*

American Waltham Watches.

THE BEST. THE CHEAPEST.

"We have had one of the works of this Company in a case for some considerable time, and comparing them with former first-class works of different manufacture possessed by us, they have established, in our opinion, their superiority over any other in the world for correctness as timepieces."—*The New-York World.*

For sale by all respectable dealers.—*Advertisement.*

All grades of the celebrated Waltham Watches for sale by T. B. BYNNER & CO., No. 189 Broadway and No. 157 Fulton-st., New-York.—*Advertisement.*

For Spring style Gents' Hats at reduced prices, go to

—*Advertisement.* VAIL, No. 141 Fulton-st.

Artificial Teeth.—Dr. HOYT, of No. 878 Broadway—a dentist of great celebrity—is the patentee and sole manufacturer of rubber and metallic plates for Artificial Teeth, which are pronounced the most admirable improvement of the age. Everybody should call and examine them.

Hair Dye, Hair Dye, Hair Dye.—The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye is the best in the world—the only perfect dye—harmless, reliable, instantaneous, black or brown. Sold everywhere, and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, 16 Bond, N.Y.

Choice Seeds, Plants and Trees!—Priced descriptive catalogues gratis. Freight paid to Boston and New-York. B. M. WATSON, Nurseries, Plymouth, Mass.

Genin, No. 513 Broadway.—Spring fashion hats for gentlemen, ladies and children.

A New Medical Philosophy.

Yes, we have a new medical philosophy—rational, easy of comprehension, and proven to be true. It is simply this, that the vital principle, in its struggles with disease and the causes of disease, requires to be fostered and sustained.

Opinions may differ as to the best manner of carrying out this idea, but all enlightened physicians agree that it is sound logic. The surest way to kill an invalid is to make persistent war upon his strength and stamina. Whoever questions the propriety of a precisely opposite course, is a half century behind the age.

Many of us can recollect the time when it was considered "good practice" to give violent purgatives during the prevalence of epidemics as a safeguard against infection. It is now known, however, that to deplete the system severely under such circumstances, is to invite an attack and to increase the probability of a fatal issue. Within the recollection of persons much younger than the "oldest inhabitant," patients suffering from intermittent, remittent, and other malarious fevers were sometimes freely bled with the lancet. As a matter of course, most of those who were thus treated died. Even yet active purgation is sometimes recommended as the best preparation for a change from a healthy to an unhealthy climate. Such stupidity, however, is fortunately rare—tonic treatment being the approved formula under such circumstances. It is admitted that unwholesome air is eminently depressing and devitalizing; and therefore any medicine operating in the same way must be considered an ally of malaria, not a protection against its pernicious influence.

But when it is conceded that a genial tonic, and not a fierce carthartic, is the medicine indicated by reason and experience as the best means of preparing the system to resist extraordinary causes of disease, the question occurs, what tonic? Raw spirits, even if it could be pure, which is possible, will not answer. It is an excitant, and nothing more, and its action is inflammatory, not invigorating. In fact it is not a tonic at all.

What is it that the wise and thoughtful practitioner desires to prescribe as an antidote to infection, when fection is in the air? Simply the best possible combination of vegetable tonics, infused into a pure stimulant, the stimulant being chiefly used as a vehicle for diffusing their effects rapidly through the system. The same tonic juices, incorporated with water, would be comparatively powerless. The alcoholic principle prepares the stomach to absorb them, accompanies them in their progress through the system and predisposes every organ which they reach to assimilate them.

Here, then, we have the philosophy of the preventive and remedial operation of proper vegetable invigorants when in conjunction with a fine alcoholic stimulant.

The next question is, does such an invaluable compound exist? We claim that it does, in the form of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. In making this assertion we merely place on record, for the consideration of thinking men, the opinions of thousands who have had experimental proof of the fact in their own persons. It is not necessary to enlarge upon this point here. For twenty years the public have been reading testimony on the subject from distinguished citizens in every walk of life, and they are therefore as familiar with it as the proprietors of the medicine themselves. The efficacy of the Bitters is a matter that has long since passed beyond the pale of argument and become a fixed and established truth.

The chief purpose of this article is to impress upon all, and especially the constitutionally feeble, who live in localities subject to the visitations of epidemic and endemic diseases, the necessity of invigoration. The public, with the knowledge it has before it, may safely be left to select the means for the accomplishment of that end.

Perhaps there is no ailment common to all climates and countries in which a wholesome stomachic and general invigorant is so essentially requisite as in dyspepsia. Without such a medicine the complaint cannot be cured. Regular exercise may do much; dieting may do much; pure air may do much; but we have never yet seen a case of chronic dyspepsia cured by these alone. They are accessories, not specifics. There must be direct action upon the stomach itself, and upon the secretions, to eradicate the malady.

It may be said of medicines as of trees—by their fruits ye shall know them. By this criterion the BITTERS have been tried, and the verdict is before the world. It is not our purpose to comment upon a decision that speaks for itself.

Among all the revolutions that have transpired within the last fifty or sixty years, that which has taken place in the practice of medicine is the most important. The old alliance between the doctor and the apothecary, by virtue of which the former played into the hands of the latter, at the expense of health and purse of the patient, has been dissolved. The faculty now consists of high-minded men, with too much professional and personal honor to drench the sick and purposely delay their recovery for the pecuniary benefit of a third party and their own, and no druggist of any standing would nowadays lend himself to such a conspiracy against health and life. "The world moves," and in the right direction.

HOSTETTER & SMITH,
Pittsburg, Penn.

For sale by grocers, druggists and storekeepers throughout the world. New-York Office, No. 36 Dey-st.

Chickering & Sons, Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Piano-fortes, were awarded at the Paris Exposition the First Grand Prize, the Legion of Honor and a Grand Gold Medal, making 63 first premiums during the past 45 years. Warerooms, No. 652 Broadway.

A Treatise on the Hair by Chevalier, free to all: given away at the drug-stores, and at my office; sent by mail free; teaches to cultivate and have beautiful hair, and restore gray to its original color. SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D., No. 1,123 Broadway.

Durno's Catarrh Snuff.

Twenty-five cents per box. By all druggists.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.

SEWING-MACHINES.
No. 458 Broadway, New-York.

Moth Patches, Freckles and Tan.

THE ONLY RELIABLE REMEDY for those BROWN DISCOLORATIONS on the face is "PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION." Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, No. 49 Bond-st., New-York. Sold everywhere.

Colgate & Co.'s

LAUNDRY SOAP is cut in pieces of ECONOMICAL and convenient size for use. For sale by leading grocers and at the salesrooms of the manufacturers, No. 55 John-st.

B. B. B.
BUY BURKE'S BEST

Spring style Dress HAT now ready for delivery. BURKE can be consulted on head gear at the old stand, No. 128 Fulton-st., Sun Building. His prices are decidedly popular.

Dr. E. B. Foote, Author of "Medical Common Sense," can be seen in person from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.; and competent assistants may be consulted from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.; office corner of Lexington-av. and 28th-st.

Bartlett's Reversible Sewing-machines are the cheapest reliable Machines. BARTLETT Machine and Needle Depot, No. 569 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

MARRIED.

HOUSTON—WIGGINS.—At Greenport, L. I., on Wednesday, March 25, by Rev. Edward Stratton, EUGENE ALEX. HOUSTON, M. D., of New-York, to Miss HENRIETTA A., daughter of Mr. David Wiggins, of Greenport.

PARKER—CALDWELL.—On Thursday, March 26, by Rev. M. C. Sutphen, Mr. JOS. E. PARKER to Miss MAGGIE CALDWELL, all of this City.

DIED.

ALLEN.—On Thursday, March 26, Mrs. JANE ALLEN, aged 70 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, also of her nephews, Peter, John and George Nugent, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 74 Canal-st., on Sunday, March 29, at 2 o'clock.

BENSEL.—At Harlem, on Friday morning, March 27, CORDELIA A. BENSEL, daughter of Peter C. and Mary Ann Bensel, in the 7th year of her age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, at 127th-st. and 4th-av., on Sunday, March 29, at 4½ o'clock.

CLYDE.—On Friday, March 27, in the 63d year of her age, Mrs. JANE CLYDE, relict of the late Mr. David Clyde, after a lingering illness, which she bore with Christian fortitude and resignation.

The friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend her funeral on Monday, the 30th inst., at 1 o'clock, from Christ Church, corner of 5th-av. and 35th-st.

CONE.—At Bound Brook, N. J., on Thursday, March 26, ORSON C. CONE, aged 40 years, editor of *Somerset Messenger*.

Funeral services on Saturday, 28th, at 10 o'clock A. M., at his late residence.

DAVEY.—Suddenly, on Friday evening, March 27, Miss MARGARET DAVEY, aged 19 years, 7 months and 18 days, daughter of Ann Davey, and adopted daughter of Jacob Weeks.

Her friends and relatives and also the friends and relatives of Jacob Weeks, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of Jacob Weeks, No. 58 3d-st., on Sunday afternoon at 4½ o'clock.

FRANCIS.—On Wednesday, March 25, of consumption, CATHARINE A., wife of the late William A. Francis, of this City, and daughter of Edward Baldwin, Sr., of Utica, N. Y.

Funeral services at Calvary Baptist Church, West 23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., on Saturday morning, at 11 o'clock.

GABAUDAN.—On Wednesday, March 25, at the residence of his parents, No. 13 West Washington-place, Lieut. EDWARD C. GABAUDAN, of the U. S. Marine Corps, aged 25 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the officers of the Navy and Marine Corps, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral service at St. Luke's Church on Saturday, the 28th inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M.

GRIFFING.—On Friday, March 27, after two weeks illness, AMANDA M., wife of P. Griffing.

Notice of funeral services will be in the Sunday papers.

KENNEY.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, March 26, JAMES B., only child of Reuben G. and Annie G. Kenney, aged 1 year, 2 months and 6 days.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, which will take place at 2 o'clock this day, (Saturday,) March 28, from residence, No. 171 Amity-st., Brooklyn.

☞ Boston and Maine papers please copy.

KINSLEY.—At Yonkers, on Thursday morning, March 26, Dr. HUDSON KINSLEY, aged 72 years.

Funeral services at the First Presbyterian Church, Yonkers, on Sunday, the 29th inst., at 3½ o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further notice. Interment at Greenwood on Monday morning.

LYNDE.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, March 27, ELIZABETH TROWBRIDGE, wife of Martius T. Lynde, and daughter of John Trowbridge, Esq., of Detroit, in the 30th year of her age.

Notice of funeral in Monday's papers.

MARTIN.—At Rahway, N. J., on Thursday, March 26, GEORGE H. MARTIN, aged 54 years.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, Grand-av., Rahway, N. J., on Monday, the 30th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at the depot in Rahway to meet those who may leave New-York in the 10 o'clock train from foot of Cortlandt-st.

MACNEVEN.—On Thursday, March 26, JANE M. MACNEVEN, widow of the late Dr. William J. Macneven, and sister of the late Richard and John L. Riker, in the 86th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from her late residence, No. 340 Lexington-av., on Saturday, 28th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

McDONOUGH.—Suddenly, on Friday morning, March 27, Mrs. JANE T. McDONOUGH, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. E. A. Spence, No. 23 East 19th-st.

Particulars of funeral in Sunday's papers.

OGDEN.—In Jersey City, N. J., on Thursday, March 26, FRANK HOY, infant child of E. Hudson and Mattie D. Ogden.

PEARSALL.—In Jersey City, on Thursday morning, March 26, WILLIAM PEARSALL, in the 64th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 249 York-st., Jersey City, on Sunday, 29th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

PURPLE.—Fell asleep in Jesus on Friday morning, March 27, MINERVA, relict of Deacon Lyman S. Purple, in the 67th year of her age.

The friends of her sons, Dr. Samuel S. and Edwin R. Purple, are invited to attend without further notice, her funeral, at her late residence, No. 36 West 22d-st., on Sunday, March 29, at 2 P. M. Her remains will be taken to Earlville, N. Y., for interment.

RANDALL.—On Friday, March 27, ELIZA H., wife of Darley Randall.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the house of her mother, Mrs. Joseph A. Wright, No. 452 Lexington-av., near 45th-st., on Monday at 3 P. M.

SANDS.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, March 27, WILLIAM HENRY, son of the late William M. Sands, aged 46 years.

Notice of funeral in this evening's papers.

WELLS.—On Thursday, March 26, CLARA, youngest daughter of the late Charles Wells.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Monday at 1 o'clock, from the Church of the Transfiguration, in 29th-st., near 5th-av.

WINSHIP.—At Flatbush, L. I., on Tuesday, March 24, of scarlet fever, JOSIE LEONARD, youngest child of Albert L. and Harriet W. Winship, aged 4 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, in Flatbush, on Saturday, March 28, at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are invited to attend without further invitation.

WOOD.—On Wednesday, March 25, Dr. ISAAC WOOD, in his 75th year, son of the late Samuel Wood.

His friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral this day, (Saturday,) the 28th inst., at 10 o'clock, from Friends' Meeting-house, in 20th-st., near Gramercy Park.

☞ The funeral of the late Dr. ISAAC WOOD will take place from Friends' Meeting-house, in 20th-st., near Gramercy Park, this (Saturday) morning at 10 o'clock. The medical profession are respectfully invited to attend, also the Managers of the American Bible Society, the Trustees of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, the Fellows of the New-York Academy of Medicine, Medical Board of Bellevue Hospital, and the various other public bodies of which deceased was a member.

OFFICIAL—[No. 201.]

CORONER'S OFFICE, New-York, March 25, 1868.

The body of an unknown man was found at Pier No. 5, North River, Sunday, March 22, 1868, aged about thirty-five years, stout built, brown hair, blue eyes, full face, height five feet eight inches, would weigh about 150 pounds; dressed as follows: No hat, dark blue double breasted shirt, dark striped pants, brogans, blue socks. Body removed to the Morgue for identification.

For further particulars apply at the Coroner's Office, No. 4 Centre-street.

CORNELIUS FLYNN, Coroner.
THOMAS C. KNOX, M. D., Deputy.

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V.—The Venetian Republic and the Council of Ten.
VI.—Progress Made by American Astronomers.
VII.—Supernatural Phenomena.
VIII.—Impeachment of the President.
IX.—Notices and Criticisms.

☞ The criticisms embrace various subjects of interest, moral and [illegible] good, bad and indifferent, [illegible] which all [illegible] carefully read.

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Editor and Proprietor, No. 61 Broadway, New-York.

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BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

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BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES, ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF UNITED STATES SECURITIES, and give especial attention to the conversion of SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES INTO THE NEW FIVE-TWENTY BONDS OF 1865 AND 1867.

Holders of the Sixes of 1881, and Five-twenty Bonds of 1862, and May 1, 1865, may now realize a liberal difference by exchanging them for the new 5-20s of 1865-7. We are prepared to make these exchanges upon the most favorable terms.

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NO. 20 WALL-ST.,
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We have added to our office a Retail Department for the accommodation of the public demand for investment in and exchanges of Government Securities, the purchase of GOLD and INTEREST COUPONS, and the sale of INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS.

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BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 18 NASSAU-ST., New-York.

JOHN MUNROE & CO., AMERICAN BANKERS, No. 7 Rue Scribe, Paris, and No. 8 Wall-st., New-York. Issue circular letters of credit to travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c. Also, commercial credits.

FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT.

SECURITY UNDOUBTED.

$250,000 first mortgage bonds of the South Side Railroad of Long Island for sale.

These bonds are 7 per cent. coupons, payable 1st of March and September, at Atlantic National Bank, Brooklyn, the mortgage covering the entire property of the Company.

The South Side Railroad runs from the East River, Brooklyn, through all the villages on the south side of the Island to Patchogue, distance 55 miles, 34 miles complete and running. Net earnings are now during the Winter months paying interest on the bonds. The road is graded to Islip, iron and ties on the line, and the entire line will be completed as soon as the weather will permit.

For sale on favorable terms by SMITH, GOULD, MARTIN & CO., Bankers and Brokers, No. 11 Broad-st., New-York.

ST. LOUIS AND IRON MOUNTAIN RAILROAD COMPANY.

SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS, FEBRUARY AND AUGUST.

The title of the ST. LOUIS AND IRON MOUNTAIN RAILROAD having been confirmed by both branches of the Legislature, and the bonds declared valid, the work of extending the road will now go rapidly forward: 45 miles of the new part will be running next August, and the balance during the early part of the next year, so that a continuous route will be opened in about one year to Mobile and New-Orleans. The old part of the road (91 miles) earns enough to secure all the interest on the whole mortgage debt; the entire proceeds of this issue being expended on the extension adds to the security. Pamphlets and particulars can be had at the office of the Company. The Bonds will be sold until the 10th April at the low price of 82½.

H. G. MARQUAND, Vice-President, No. 43 Wall-st.

HOUSTON GAS COMPANY BONDS.

The undersigned offer for sale $40,000 of mortgage bonds of the Houston Gaslight Company, State of Texas. These bonds are part of an issue of $50,000, by the Company, and are secured by a mortgage on their franchise and the entire property of the Company to P. H. Spofford, Trustee.

Interest at 10 per cent. per annum is payable semi-annually at the office of the Company, in Houston, or in this City at the office of the undersigned.

SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.

ASTOR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY ELECTION.

The annual election for Directors and three Inspectors of Election will be held at the office, No. 16 Wall-st., on WEDNESDAY, April 8, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock P. M. JAS. YERANCE, Secretary.

DES MOINES VALLEY RAILRORD CO.

The coupons of the First Mortgage 8 per cent. Bonds of the Des Moines Valley Railroad Company, due 1st April proximo, will be paid on and after that date at the banking house of GILMAN, SON & CO., No. 47 Exchange-place.

BANK OF LOUISIANA,
NEW-ORLEANS, March 16, 1868.

FOR THE PURPOSE OF ASCERTAINING whether the creditors of the Bank of Louisiana will accept the proposition made by the stockholders to the creditors by a resolution adopted at a meeting of the stockholders of the Bank, holden on the 14th of March, 1868:

Notice is hereby given that subscription books will be open during thirty days at the banking-house of the Bank of Louisiana, for receiving subscriptions for capital stock in a new corporation to be formed under the laws of the State, to carry on the business of banking, and to be organized on the terms and conditions set forth in the printed report made to the stockholders of the Bank of Louisiana at the said meeting.

Copies of the report can be had at the banking-house of the Merchants' National Bank, New-York.

Messrs. A. LANFEAR,
L. F. GENERES,
J. B. LEPRETRE,
J. U. LAVILLEBEUVRE,
JOHN PEMBERTON,

were appointed a committee to receive subscriptions in accordance with the above notice.

J. F. IRVINE, Cashier.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY,
SECRETARY AND TREASURER'S OFFICE,
CHICAGO, Ill., March 10, 1868.

NOTICE TO STOCK AND BONDHOLDERS.—Notice is hereby given to the Stockholders and voting Bondholders of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, that the annual meeting of said Company for the election of three Directors and transaction of any other business that may be presented, will be held at the office of this Company, in Chicago, Ill., on MONDAY, the 6th day of April, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The transfer-books of the Company will be closed at the close of business hours on the 25th inst., and reopened for transfers on the morning of April 7, 1868.

W. M. LARRABEE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TONTINE BUILDINGS, No. 88 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 20, 1868.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Directors of the Panama Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 88 Wall-st., on MONDAY, the 6th of April next. The polls will open at 12 o'clock M., and continue open until 2 P. M.

JOSEPH F. JOY, Secretary.

LACKAWANNA BUILDINGS,
OFFICE OF TOLEDO, PEORIA AND WARSAW RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 26 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
NEW-YORK, March 27, 1868.

THE COUPONS OF THE SECOND mortgage bonds of the Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw Railway Company, due on the 2d of April, will be paid at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 26 Exchange-place, on and after that date, less Government tax.

CHARLES L. FROST, President.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF NEW-JERSEY, No. 103 LIBERTY-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 13, 1868.

THE BONDS OF THE AMERICAN DOCK AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, guaranteed by the Central Railroad Company of New-Jersey, can be had at par and the accrued interest.

SAMUEL KNOX, Treasurer.

OFFICE PARK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 237 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, March 24, 1868.

ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR fifteen directors of this Company will be held at the office on MONDAY, 6th of April next. Poll open from 12 M. until 1 P. M. GEO. ALGER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK, No. 212 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, March 24, 1868.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIrectors of this Company for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, No. 212 Broadway, on MONDAY, April 6, 1868, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M. J. A. MORTIMORE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE WASHINGTON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 98 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, March 24, 1868.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR SIXTEEN Directors of this Company, constituting the second class, will be held at the office on TUESDAY, the 7th day of April, prox., from 12 to 1 P. M.

W. A. BREWER, Jr., Secretary.

NEW-YORK, March 26, 1868.

NOTICE.—THE COUPONS OF THE UNION AND LOGANSPORT RAILROAD COMPANY, due 1st of April next, will be paid at the St. Nicholas National Bank, on and after maturity.

B. E. SMITH, President.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE INterest on the bonds and stocks of the City and County of New-York, due and payable May 1, 1868, will be paid on that day by Peter B. Sweeny, Esq., Chamberlain of the City, at the Broadway Bank.

The transfer-books will be closed SATURDAY, April 4, 1868. RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, March 25, 1868.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD Coupons of Income Bonds, due April 1, 1868, will be paid on and after that date at the office of Messrs. M. K. JESUP & Co., No. 12 Pine-st., New-York, less Government tax; also, St. Louis, Jacksonville and Chicago R. R. Coupons of First Mortgage Bonds, free of Government tax. M. K. JESUP & CO.

NEW-YORK, March 20, 1868.

CAUTION.—ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY cautioned against negotiating or cashing a check signed John Sniffin, for $1,100, drawn on the Mechanics' and Traders' National Bank, certified, the same being a forgery.

CAUTION.—ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY cautioned against negotiating a check signed John SNIFFIN, for twenty-one hundred dollars, drawn on the Bowery National Bank and certified, the same being a forgery.

SOUTH CAROLINA STATE BONDS, and Virginia six per cent. stock for sale low. Southern securities a specialty.

MANNING & DE FOREST, Bankers, No. 19 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

HEDDEN, WINCHESTER & CO.,

No. 69 Broadway, New-York,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO. First Mortgage Bonds.

These Bonds bear interest at the rate of SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD, and are sold at PAR and accrued interest from Jan. 1, in currency.

STOCKS, BONDS, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, AND GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD on commission. Interest allowed on balances.

THE

National Trust Co.

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
NO. 336 BROADWAY.

CAPITAL,
ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

CHARTERED BY THE STATE.

DARIUS R. MANGAM, President.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

RECEIVES DEPOSITS AND ALLOWS FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ON DAILY BALANCES, SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.

SPECIAL DEPOSITS for six Months, or more, may be made at five per cent.

The Capital of ONE MILLION DOLLARS is divided among over 500 Shareholders, comprising many gentlemen of large wealth and financial experience, who are also personally liable to depositors for all obligations of the Company to double the amount of their capital stock. As THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY receives deposits in large or small amounts, and permits them to be drawn as a whole or in part by CHECK AT SIGHT and WITHOUT NOTICE, allowing interest on ALL DAILY BALANCES, parties can keep accounts in this Institution with special advantages of security, convenience and profit.

VERMILYE & CO.,

NO. 44 WALL-ST.

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO FUNDING 7.30 TREASURY LOANS.

All series taken in exchange for 5-20 BONDS. Returns made to correspondents without delay, and on favorable terms.

CLOSING PRICES.

NEW-YORK, March 27—3 P. M.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Registered '81	110⅞	111¼	5-20 C., '67	107	107⅛
Coupon, 1881	111	111¼	10-40 Registered	100⅞	101⅛
5-20 Regist'd '62	106⅜	107	10-40 Coupon	100⅞	101⅛
5-20 Coupon, '62	109⅜	109⅝	Gold	138⅝	138¾
5-20 Coupon, '64	107⅝	107⅞	June 7.30	105⅞	106⅛
5-20 Coupon, '65	108⅛	108⅜	July 7.30	105⅞	106⅛
5-20 C.'65, Jan July	106⅜	106⅝			

ALL CLASSES OF UNITED STATES FUNDS

Credited or Remitted for on Receipt, at Market Rates, FREE OF ALL COMMISSION CHARGES.

HATCH, FOOTE & CO.

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, STOCKS &c.

Buy and Sell all issues of U. S. BONDS at MARKET RATES, and EXCHANGE 7-30 Notes, March 27, 1868, as follows:

For JUNE NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and pay $5 83 DIFFERENCE.

For JULY NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and receive 37 cents DIFFERENCE ON EACH $1,000.

No. 12 Wall-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.

ROCHESTER CITY SEVEN PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE WATER CO. BONDS, WHICH ARE A FIRST-CLASS SECURITY, UNDOUBTED FOR INVESTMENTS, WITH A SINKING FUND PROVIDED FOR THEIR REDEMPTION, DUE 1887, INTEREST COUPONS AND PRINCIPAL PAID BY THE CITY TREASURER OF THE CITY OF ROCHESTER.

These bonds are a first lien on the entire property of the Waterworks now being constructed under an act granted by the Legislature of the State of New-York. The amount of bonds authorized to be issued is only $400,000, with $600,000 of stock coming in after the bonds. The works are now rapidly progressing toward completion, and it is expected that water will be introduced into the city on or before the 1st of July next. The estimated revenue from water-rents will be from $150,000 to $160,000 a year, of which the City, County and State pay $28,000 for 20 years; this provides for the whole amount of interest required on the bonds, and is independent of the rents for water received from the citizens of Rochester.

A LIMITED AMOUNT OF THE BONDS ARE OFFERED FOR SALE, IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, AT A CONSIDERABLE REDUCTION BELOW PAR FOR THE PRESENT ONLY, BY

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
STOCK BROKER AND AUCTIONEER,
NO. 43 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.

Issue letters of credit, for travelers' use, on the Messrs. ROTHSCHILD, in Paris, London, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Vienna, and their correspondents in all the principal cities of Europe.

ALSO, MAKE TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFER OF MONEY ON CALIFORNIA, EUROPE AND HAVANA.

LEHIGH AND SUSQUEHANNA COAL COMPANY.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Lehigh and Susquehanna Coal Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 29 Broad-st., New-York, on WEDNESDAY, April 1, at 10 o'clock A. M. By order HENRY ASHLEY, Secretary.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,

ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

KNICKERBOCKER ICE COMPANY,
OFFICE NO. 432 CANAL-ST., NEW-YORK, March 13, 1868.

NOTICE.—THERE WILL BE AN ELECTION BY the stockholders of this Company on TUESDAY, the 7th day of April next, for the election of nine Trustees and three Inspectors of Election. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M. (one hour.) The transfer-books will be closed for the ten preceding days. WM. JACKSON, Secretary.

CITY OF KEOKUK 8 PER CENT. NEW BONDS.—Interest and principal payable at the Central National Bank, New-York. Total issue only $300,000.

These bonds UNDER GUARANTEES and a THREEFOLD SECURITY, held by Henry A. Smythe as trustee, may be regarded as amply secured, and a safe first-class investment. A small amount for sale. Apply to WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier, Central National Bank, New-York.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,
OFFICE, NO. 135 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, March 21, 1868.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECtors of this Company will be held at the office, on MONDAY, the 6th day of April. Polls open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M. J. H. WASHBURN, Secretary.

BUFFALO AND ERIE RAILROAD CO.—The transfer-books of this Company will close on the 20th instant at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, and remain closed until the 1st proximo. H. L. LANSING, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, March 14, 1868.

BONDS OF THE TOWN OF KINGSTON, Ulster County, N. Y., bearing seven per cent. interest, payable in New-York, for sale by WM. & JOHN O'BRIEN, No. 58 Wall-st.

CENTRAL PARK NORTH AND EAST RIVER RAILROAD STOCK. A small amount for sale by W. H. WHITTINGHAM, No. 8 Broad-st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION.

No. 283 BOWERY.

Six Per Cent. interest (free from tax) allowed on all sums of from $5 to $5,000.

Deposits made on or before April 1 will draw interest from that date.

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.; on Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 to 7.

German spoken.

ALFRED T. CONKLIN, President.

HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK.

NEW MARBLE FIRE-PROOF BANKING-HOUSE.

1 and 3 3d-av., New-York, opposite Cooper Institute.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free from tax, ALLOWED ON ALL SUMS, from $5 to $5,000.

Amounts of one dollar received.

INTEREST COMMENCE April 1.

ISAAC T. SMITH, President.

T. W. LILLIE, Secretary.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,

Corner of 3d-av. and 26th-st.

Six per cent. interest paid, free from Government tax, on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

Money deposited now will draw interest from April 1. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock. SPENCER K. GREEN, President.

WM. B. BIBBINS, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., CORNER OF 14TH-ST.—Six Per Cent. interest, free of tax, paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before April 1 will draw interest from April 1. R. H. MACLAY, President.

S. S. CONSTANT, Vice-President.

R. H. BULL, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,

Chatham-square, New-York.

Six per cent. interest allowed On deposits from $1 to $5,000.

DEPOSITS MADE NOW RECEIVE INTEREST FROM APRIL 1.

HARRISON HALL, President.

J. P. COOPER, Secretary. C. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,

NO. 58 BOWERY, CORNER CANAL-ST.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON ALL SUMS FROM FIVE TO FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS. Money deposited now will draw interest from April 1. Bank open every day from 10 to 3, and also on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings from 5 to 7. Bank books in English, German and French. Interest payable in July and January.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK,

No. 1,146 Broadway,
Between 26th and 27th sts.

INTEREST SIX PER CENT. per annum, free from Government tax.

Money deposited now draws interest from the 1st of April. CHARLES T. RODGERS, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.

Nos. 396 and 398 CANAL-ST., corner of LAIGHT.

OPEN DAILY from 10 to 3 o'clock. Six per cent. interest, on $5 to $5,000. Money deposited before April 1 will bear interest from that date.

ASSETS, $4,546,850 07.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 96 Warren-st.

INTEREST ALLOWED AT THE RATE of six per cent. on all sums of $2,000 and under, and five per cent. on all sums over $2,000, not exceeding $5,000. Money deposited now draws interest from April 1. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.

V. L. BUXTON, Secretary.

REMOVAL.—THE INSTITUTION FOR THE savings of merchants' clerks has removed to No. 20 Union-place, 4th-av., corner East 15th-st.

DIVIDENDS.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
PITTSBURGH, March 14, 1868.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have declared the regular quarterly dividend (No. 17) of 2½ per cent. free of Government tax on the capital stock, for the quarter ending March 31, payable on and after WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of April, 1868, at the office of Winslow, Lanier & Co., Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., to those registered at New-York and at the office of the Treasurer to those registered at Pittsburgh.

The transfer-books will close on the 31st day of March, at 2 o'clock P. M., and reopen the 16th day of April, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TONTINE BUILDINGS, No. 88 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 24, 1868.

FORTY-FOURTH DIVIDEND.—THE Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Six (6) per Cent. out of the earnings of the Road for the three months ending 30th inst., payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 6th of April next.

Transfer Books will be closed on the afternoon of the 27th inst., and reopened on the morning of the 8th proximo. HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

OFFICE HARTFORD AND NEW-HAVEN R. R. CO.,
HARTFORD, March 20, 1868.

NOTICE—A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF three dollars, free of Government tax, has been declared on each share of stock standing on the books the 25th day of March inst., by the Board of Directors of the Hartford and New-Haven Railroad Company, payable on WEDNESDAY, April 1. Stockholders in New-York will receive their dividend at the Union National Bank. The transfer books will be closed the 25th of March, to reopen the 2d of April.

S. P. CONNER, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, March 27, 1868.

BULL'S HEAD BANK.—THIRTY-EIGHTH DIVIDEND.—This Bank has declared its usual QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) per cent., free of all taxes, out of the earnings of the past three months, payable on and after the 1st of April next.

G. W. WILLETT, Cashier.

AUCTION SALES.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

WEST 48TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 31, 1868, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:

WEST-48TH-ST.—The lease of 2 lots on the south side of 48th-st., 623 feet west of 5th-av., from Columbia College; has 20 years to run from November, 1867, with three renewals of 21 years each at valuation; ground rent $400 per annum and taxes on each lot, 25x100.5. Lots are free from rock and already excavated.

Maps at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

STORE, NO. 73 WARREN-ST., AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 31, 1868, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway (Trinity building), New-York.

WARREN-ST.—The valuable store and lease of lot No. 73 Warren-st., south side, between College-place and Greenwich-st. Store is three stories, attic, basement and sub-cellar. Brick, has independent walls; 25x70 feet. Possession May 1, 1868. Lot is 25x75 feet. Leased from St. George's Church; has eight years to run from February, 1868, with renewal of 21 years at valuation; ground rent $1,200 per annum and taxes.

Maps at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

NORTHEAST CORNER OF 6TH-AV. AND 130th-st., at auction.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 31, 1868, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) N. Y.:

6TH-AV.—Northeast corner 130th-st., 4 lots, each 25x110.

130TH-ST.—Two lots on north side, 110 feet east of 6th-av., each 25x99.11 feet. 130th-st. is sewered, curbed, guttered, flagged and graded, gas and water pipes laid.

For maps and permits apply at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE LOTS ON 10TH-AV., CORner 53d-st., and near 65th-st.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 31, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York:

10TH-AV.—Southeast corner 53d-st., five lots, each 25x100 feet.

10TH-AV.—Two lots, east side, 50.2½ feet north of 65th-st., each 25.1x100 feet.

The above are free from rock and even with the grade; 10th-av. is curbed, guttered, paved and flagged.

Maps now ready at the auctioneers' office, 3 Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

BY ORDER OF THE HEIRS OF JACOB LORILLARD, deceased, 62 lots on 124th, 125th, 126th and Manhattan sts., and on 10th-av.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 2, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

10TH-AV.—8 lots, comprising the entire front on west side of 10th-av., between 124th and 125th sts., each 25 by 100 feet.

10TH-AV.—2 lots on west side 10th-av., 50 feet north of 125th-st., each 25 by 100 feet.

10TH-AV.—8 lots east side 10th-av., comprising the entire front between 124th and 125th sts., each 25 by 100 feet.

10TH-AV. AND 125TH-ST.—4 lots on northeast corner of 10th-av. and 125th-st., each 25 by 100 feet.

MANHATTAN-ST.—6 lots and gores on southeast corner of Manhattan-st. and 10th-av.

125TH-ST.—1 lot, south side, 100 feet east of 10th-av., extending through to 124th-st.

125TH-ST.—4 lots, south side 125th-st., 100 feet west of 10th-av.

125TH-ST.—9 lots and gores north side of 125th-st., 100 feet west of 10th-av.

125TH-ST.—3 gore lots north side of 125th-st., 100 feet east 10th-av.

126TH-ST.—7 lots south side 126th-st., 100 feet west 10th-av. 7 lots and gores at the junction of 126th and Manhattan sts. at 10th-av.

The above described lots are located in the immediate vicinity of the improvements being made and contemplated by the Central Park Commissioners.

Maps at the office of the Auctioneers.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE LOTS ON 6TH-AV. AND 58TH-ST. BY ORDER OF THE 6TH-AV. RAILROAD CO.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 31, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom No. 111 Broadway.

6TH-AV.—7 lots on the eastside of 6th-av., between 57th and 58th sts., including the northeast corner of 6th-av. and 57th-st. The corner lot is 25.5x75 feet, and the 3 lots adjoining are each 25x75 feet, and the 3 northerly lots are each 25x95 feet.

58TH-ST.—2 lots, south side, 195 feet east of the 6th-av., each 25x100.5. Also the lot south side 58th-st., 270 feet east of 6th-av. Also, 3 lots south side 58th-st., 370 feet east of 6th-av. Sixty per cent. may remain on bond and mortgage, if desired.

Maps at the office of the auctioneers.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

CENTRAL PARK LOTS ON 5TH-AV. AND 109TH-ST. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, March 30, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

5TH-AV.—Two lots on east side of 5th-av., 50 feet 4 inches south of 109th-st., and opposite Central Park.

109TH-ST.—Seven lots, south side, commencing 100 feet east of 5th-av.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

STABLE ON EAST 32D-ST. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on MONDAY, March 30, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

EAST 32D-ST.—The two-story brick stable and loft, situate on the south side of East 32d-st., 80 feet east of Lexington-av., and known as No. 140. The stable has stalls for four horses, gas, and Croton, and is in good order, being 18 ft. front, 20 feet rear, by 58 feet deep.

ASSIGNEES' SALE IN BANKRUPTCY.

WILLIAM TOPPING & CO., auctioneers, will sell at their store, No. 132 Church-st., at 10 o'clock A. M., on WEDNESDAY, April 8, the entire stock of dry goods, &c., belonging to the estate of Tracy, Irwin & Co., now in bankruptcy.

By order of S. Y. Tupper, W. T. Wilson and John Byers, Assignees. Terms cash.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO.—MONDAY, March 30, at 10 o'clock A. M., at No. 289 Fulton-st., between Tillary and Johnson sts.

The furniture remaining in the house, consisting of rosewood piano, 7-octave, by Pierson; rosewood melodeon by Carhart & Needham; walnut library, bookcase, sofa, mahogany bedsteads, carpet, oil-cloth, matting; hat stand, double barreled gun and accoutrements, refrigerators, &c. A Knickerbocker range, with copper boiler, force pump, sink, stationary tubs, and all the plumbing work connected with the same. Also closets with drawers, paneled doors and casings, all in good order.

Immediately after the above, at about 11 o'clock A. M., a variety of fancy goods; surplus stock of T. W. Woods. Sold to make room for alterations and repairs, comprising dressing cases, work-boxes, desks, bags, portemonnaies, cigar cases and stands, hair brushes, fans, bisque vases, &c., &c., &c.

JOSEPH MCGUIRE, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL AT AUCTION, SATURDAY, March 28, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the steam propeller *Pioneer*. By order of DAVID WILLIAMS, Receiver.

For particulars see New-York *World*.

AUCTION SALE—DESIRABLE BUSINESS property at Nyack, Rockland county, N. Y. The property corner of Broadway and Burd-sts., occupied for thirty years as a country store for dry goods, hardware, groceries, &c.

ALSO, the property bounded by Broadway, Church and South-sts., heretofore occupied as a lumber-yard.

ALSO, the dock-property at the foot of 3d-av., heretofore occupied as a coal, lumber, brick and stone yard.

ALSO, the dwelling-house and lot on the corner of 2d-av. and Broadway, known as the private residence of John P. Smith.

The above property will be sold at public auction, on the premises, on THURSDAY, April 2, 1868, at 12 o'clock M. Conditions made known on day of sale.

D. D. DEMAREST, Assignee in Bankruptcy of J. P. and J. Smith.

NYACK, March 5, 1868.

AUCTION SALES.

SUPERB BOOKS AT AUCTION.

A LARGE AND ELEGANT COLLECTION OF BOOKS, COMPRISING TWO VERY VALUABLE PRIVATE LIBRARIES,

Consisting of choice editions of works in every department of literature, many privately printed and large paper works; travels; source histories; fine illustrated works; a large number of very scarce and valuable botanical works, &c., &c., most of the books being in the finest bindings, forming one of the richest assortments of books ever offered at auction. Among them may be mentioned: Adams' Works, 10 vols., large paper, half Russia; Akerman's Pagan Saxondom, colored plates; Alison's Works, 21 vols., full tree calf; Boydell's Shakespeare Gallery, 2 vols., folio; British Poets and Essayists, 88 vols., large paper; British Gallery of Pictures, folio, morocco; Dore's Illustrated Bible, 2 vols., folio; Dibdin's Tour, 3 vols.; Edinburgh Review, 122 vols., half calf; Gilray's Caricatures, folio; Galerie Du Palais Pitti, 4 vols., folio; Nicholas' Orders of Knighthood, colored plates, 4 vols., folio; Nichols' Anecdotes and Literary History, 17 vols., full calf; Quarterly Review, 111 vols., half calf; Walton and Cotton's Angler, 2 vols., half morocco, &c., &c.

Also, a magnificent and unique work, viz.: "Booth's Official Account of the Battle of Waterloo, with Circumstantial Details of the Campaign in the Netherlands." Each leaf and plate inserted in Whatman's royal drawing-paper. Illustrated by 248 illustrations, including many rare portraits of distinguished notables of the time, beautifully colored views, India-proof engravings, maps, plans and 46 original pencil drawings, by Harding. 4 vols., folio, half calf.

The whole to be sold at auction, without reserve, at the CLINTON HALL BOOK SALEROOMS AND ART GALLERIES,

LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Auctioneers,

On TUESDAY, March 31, 1868, and following days, commencing at 7 o'clock P. M., each day.

Gentlemen unable to attend the sale can have their orders to purchase carefully attended to by the Auctioneers.

Catalogues ready and books on exhibition Monday morning.

GREAT SALE OF OIL PAINTINGS.

By LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO., Clinton Hall Art Galleries, Astor-place and 8th-st.

THIS (Saturday) EVENING, March 28, at 7½ o'clock, a large collection of modern oil paintings, small and large, favorite subjects, elegantly framed; among them may be found choice efforts by Loemans, P. Robb, Dyke, Carl Muller, Paul Ritter, Hartwick, Tom Taylor, Funster, W. H. Cooper, Jesse Talbot, T. Frere, Kennett, &c., &c.

Catalogues ready and pictures on exhibition from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

FRIDAY MORNING, March 27, at 10½ o'clock, at the stables, No. 51 Great Jones-st.,

THE LATE DR. A. M. COZZENS'

Horses, carriages, sleigh, harness and stable furniture; also, his entire stock of wines—clarets, sherries, port, madeira, &c. One pair sorrel horses, 15.3, bang-tails. These horses, for style and action, are unsurpassed, if equaled, by any pair of horses in this City; drive together or tandem. Also a third horse; drives with either of the sorrels; an elegant brown horse, a dog cart by Wood Brothers, two sets of harness, &c., &c. Can be seen as above.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF CENTRAL PARK AND BOULEVARD LOTS.

On TUESDAY, 31st March, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

12 lots on northerly side of 141st-st., between the Grand Boulevard and Bloomingdale Road, including the corner.

10 lots on southerly side of 84th-st., 150 feet east of 5th-av. On one lot is a superior two-story frame house.

4 lots on northerly side of 83d-st., 150 feet east from 5th-av., in rear of the above.

1 lot on south side of 91st-st., 459¾ feet east of 5th-av.

Seventy per cent. on mortgage.

Maps at auctioneer's office, No. 28 Pine-st.

By ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer, office No. 39 Nassau-st.

AT NO. 12 EAST 37TH-ST.,
10½ o'clock, MONDAY, March 30,
All the ELEGANT FURNITURE contained therein,
SUPERB ROSEWOOD PIANO,
VELVET AND BRUSSELS CARPETS,
RICH PARLOR SUITES,
Chamber Furniture, China and Glassware, Kitchen Utensils, &c.
ON TUESDAY, March 31,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
AT NO. 12 WEST 19TH-ST.

By ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer, offices No. 39 Nassau-st. and No. 82 5th-av.

Particulars to-morrow.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, Auctioneers.

SPECIAL AND IMPORTANT SALE OF FIRST-CLASS PICTURES, the recent importation of

J. P. BEAUMONT,

to be sold at auction by HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, on the EVENINGS of THURSDAY, 2d, and FRIDAY, 3d April, at the "LEEDS ART GALLERIES," Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, southwest corner 12th-st., at 7½ o'clock each evening.

The collection has been recently much enriched by purchases of many important works made during Mr. Beaumont's residence in Paris at the time of the great Exhibition, as well as from the various other art centres of Europe, in the selection of which he has been guided by his long artistic experience of more than thirty years, aided by an ample expenditure of capital, and contains, among others, specimens by the following distinguished painters, viz.:

Devedeux,	Hasenclever,	De Jonghe,
A. Guillemin,	M. Calisch,	Diaz,
Louis Meyer,	De Hueyvel,	W. Verschuur,
Seignac,	Fanny Geefs,	Carl Hoff,
Verboeckhoven,	Otto Erdman,	Pecrus,
Boddington,	Ingenmey,	V. Chavet,
H. Baron,	Count de Bylandt,	Escosura,
Lasalle,	Shayer, Sr.,	Von Franken,
Mle. Rosenboom,	Zeim,	Carl Hubner,
Tschaggeny,	Herm'n G. Ten Kate,	E. J. Cobbett,
L. Mignot,		Rolfe,
F. Trayer,	Isabey,	G. Armfield,
Geselschap,	A. Scheifhout,	B. C. Koekkoek,
Nordenberg,	Vautier,	And. Achenbach,
Schlesinger,	Mlle. Baskhuysen	F. Roffiaen,
Klombeck,	F. Kels,	W. Amberg,
A. Dillens,	W. Rieistahl,	J. Robie,
A. Bierstadt,		Also,

NEW-ENGLAND SCENERY BY F. E. CHURCH.

UNE SCENE-DU-CARNIVAL, THE CHEF-D'ŒUVRE OF CARL BECKER.

A NIGHT MARKET, BY P. VAN SCHENDEL.

AN INTERIOR, BY F. WILLEMS AND VAN HOVE,

and others of great celebrity.

On exhibition on and from TUESDAY, 24th of March, day and evening, until time of sale, with catalogue.

By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.

HENRY H. LEEDS, AUCTIONEER.

Will sell by auction on MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, 23d, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th of March at 10½ o'clock each day, at the well-known "BERRIAN HOUSE FURNISHING WAREROOMS," No. 601 Broadway, nearly opposite the Metropolitan Hotel, comprising the entire balance of stock and including every article used by families in housekeeping Catalogues on morning of sale.

By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.

HENRY H. LEEDS, AUCTIONEER.

On MONDAY, March 30, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 16 University-place:

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, the property of a family relinquishing housekeeping.

Full particulars hereafter.

By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.

HENRY H. LEEDS, AUCTIONEER.

On TUESDAY, March 31, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 220 West 25th-st.,

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.

Full particulars hereafter.

By HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.

H. H. LEEDS, AUCTIONEER.

On MONDAY, March 30, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 58 Varick-st.,

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Full particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, Auctioneers.

ON MONDAY, APRIL 6, TUESDAY 7, WEDNESDAY 8, AND CONTINUING UNTIL THE ENTIRE STOCK IS SOLD, AT 10½ O'CLOCK EACH DAY,

THE ELEGANT FURNITURE, MIRRORS, CARPETS, PAINTINGS, MATTRESSES AND BEDDING, BAR AND RESTAURANT FIXTURES, &c., &c., of the Howard Hotel, corner Broadway and Maiden-lane, comprising a very large and valuable assortment, very desirable for hotels and parties refurnishing, to be sold without reserve, as the buildings are to be remodeled for other business. Also, the large and valuable stock of WINES and LIQUORS, selected with care and very choice. Full particulars in a few days. Sale positive.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY T. R. MINTURN, BROWN & CO.

THIS DAY, (Saturday,) March 28, at 11½ o'clock, on Pier No. 12 East River:

2,486 boxes fresh Sicily Oranges.
2,489 boxes fresh Sicily Lemons.
Ship *Rattler*, from Palermo.
Immediately after, within their store,
70 barrels dried apples.

STEAMTUG AND BARGE AT AUCTION.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19, 1868.

Will be sold at public auction, at 6th-st. wharf, on MONDAY, March 30, at 11 o'clock A. M., under the supervision of Brevet Col. Asa P. Blunt, A. Q. M.,

The propeller steamtug ARIEL, of about 45 tons register and 17-inch cylinder,

AND

the Erie barge D. MEGAN, of 115 tons register.

These boats are in good order and condition, and are sold only because they are not required for Government use.

The furniture and equipage on board will be sold with each boat.

Terms cash, in Government funds.

By order of the Quartermaster-General.

J. C. McFERRAN,
Deputy Quartermaster-General,
Brevet Brig. Gen., U. S. A.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—BY virtue of the authority vested in me as assignee of the estates of EDWARD BIGELOW, DAVID BIGELOW and NATHAN KELLOGG, bankrupts, I will offer for sale at public auction on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., at Malden, Ulster County, New-York, on the premises of said bankrupts, the homesteads of Edward Bigelow, David Bigelow and Nathan Kellogg, lying on the bank of the Hudson River, each containing from four to ten acres of land, with a fine mansion and suitable outhouses, stables, &c.; also fruit and ornamental trees, graperies, &c., on the premises of each, together with certain other real estate at and near Malden, Ulster County, New-York, described in the schedules of said bankrupts. Also, the following stocks:

495 shares of the Bigelow Blue-stone Co.
40 shares of the First National Bank of Saugerties.
5 shares of the American Plate Glass Co.
62 2-5 shares of the Malden Turnpike Co.
1,100 shares of the Netherland Petroleum Co.
199 shares of the Ulster and Kanawha Petroleum Co.
250 shares of the New-York and Kanawha Valley Oil Co.
5,000 shares of the Island Enterprise Petroleum Co.
Also, three policies of life insurance, &c.

Dated at Kingston, Ulster County, N. Y. March 13, 1868. ELIJAH DUBOIS, Assignee of E. and D. Bigelow & Co.

PUBLIC AUCTION SALE BY ASSIGNEE IN BANKRUPTCY.—The steam propeller D. GAZLEY, 90 feet keel, 17 8-10 feet beam, 9 feet depth of hold, carrying capacity about 200 tons, built in 1862, boiler one year old.

Will be sold at public auction at Nyack, Rockland County, N. Y., where the vessel can be seen, on THURSDAY, April 2, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Terms made known on day of sale by DANIEL D. DEMAREST, Assignee in Bankruptcy of J. P. & J. Smith.

NYACK, March 16, 1868.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR SUMmer, by a gentleman, wife, child and two servants, on North River or New-Haven Railroad, thirty or forty miles from the City. Address, with terms and particulars, R. H. A., Box No. 140 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BOARD IN THE COUNTRY, FROM May 1, in a strictly private family, for a gentleman, lady, three children and two nurses. Address, stating lowest terms and locality, Box No. 4,400 Post-office.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS AND FORT WASHINGTON. For Sale—
On Grand Boulevard, half a block.
On 10th-av., 90 lots.
On 158th-st., 80 lots.
On 155th-st., 4 lots.
First-class country seat (furnished)........$80,000
First-class country seat........40,000
First-class country seat........75,000
At Inwood, country seat........75,000

TO LET—several magnificent country houses, furnished, with extensive grounds, stables, gardens, greenhouses, &c.; rental $4,000@$5,000 per year. Apply only to ROB'T A. HAGGERTY & CO., No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT HARLEM—128TH-ST., NEAR 5th-av., a two-story high basement and French-roof attic house and lot; lot 37.6x85, house 22.6x45. The house is completely and very handsomely furnished, in admirable taste, and all in the most perfect and tidy order. Price for house and lot (lowest) $12,000. Furnished $15,000. Furniture cost, as per invoices, $5,500, a short time since.

ROBT. A. HAGGERTY & CO., No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE EXTRA WIDE FIRST-CLASS house and stable in 34th-st., near Madison-av., with furniture; lot 34.6x98.9, and stable lot in rear, on 33d-st., 24.6x98.9; stable has seven stalls above ground, and is one of the most complete stables in the City; the house is high stoop, first class, walls all laid in cement, frescoed and decorated recently in a costly and elegant manner. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

A STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS, EXTRA well built brown-stone three-story high-stoop house, 21.6x45x100.5; all modern improvements; most perfect order throughout; price, if sold immediately, $22,500, cash $10,000; possession 15th April; owner leaving City. Apply to owner on premises, No. 225 49th-st., near Broadway, or at his office, No. 195 Broadway, Room No. 6.

HOUSE FOR SALE—FURNISHED OR UNfurnished, in Clinton-place, between 5th and 6th avs.; 25x103 feet, four-story, in excellent condition, newly painted, with every improvement and convenience; no agents need apply. Address, personally or by letter, A. B., Exchange Office, No. 680 Broadway, under the East River Bank.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—PROPERTY NO. 105 St. Mark's-place; dwelling 37¾ by 56 feet; in best order; lot 37¾ by 18 feet, with brick stable on 9th-st.; price $33,000. Inquire of the owner on the premises before 10 o'clock A. M., or of E. H. DAY, No. 48 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE—TWO SMALL LOW-PRICED three-story and basement, high-stoop, brown-stone front houses, situated on the north side 78th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.; possession immediately. Apply on the premises, or to T. J. FITCH, No. 786 3d-av. Terms easy.

MADISON-AV.—FOR SALE OR TO LET, THE magnificent four-story high-stoop brown-stone house No. 279 Madison-av., between 41st and 42d sts.; size of house, 24x60; lot, 100; bay windows and all the latest improvements. Particulars and permits of ISAAC HONIG, No. 25 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—IN 22D-ST., A FIRST-CLASS three-story brick house; it is 25 by 50 feet, with a two-story dining room extension 18 by 22 feet, tastefully frescoed and in perfect repair. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE LARGE BRICK STABLE NO. 100 West 18th-st., containing six stalls and two box stalls; large carriage-house and rooms and lofts above. Apply at Nos. 53 to 55 Worth-st., to WM. TURNBULL, Administrator.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone house in 18th-st., just west of 5th-av.; is a very desirable location for occupancy or investment; will be sold at the low figure of $32,500. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON 5TH-AV., BELOW 34TH-ST., a full-sized brown-stone house, recently overhauled, beautifully finished in hardwood, and in perfect order throughout. For further particulars and permits, apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

A VERY FINE THREE-STORY HIGH-STOOP brick house, 16th-st., $45,2?6; 47th-st., ½ block from Broadway; every improvement; is in splendid condition from top to bottom; $14,500; easy terms. Apply at 149 West 46th-st., before 12 and after 5 P. M.

BUILDING SITE NEAR 5TH-AV.—FOR sale the eighty years' lease of a superior site, 25x100, on the north side of West 48th-st., near 5th-av., subject to a low ground rent. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY HIGH-STOOP house No. 434 West 23d-st., opposite London-terrace. For further information and permits to examine, apply to GEO. M. CLEARMAN, No. 110 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—THE PROPERTY NO. 52 UNION-place, second door from 17th-st., 26x112.7; with free right of alley to rear; to be sold to close an estate. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT CORNER HOUSE, on Stuyvesant-square, near St. George's Church; brown-stone, high-stoop; 20.6, $35,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

AN ELEGANT ENGLISH BASEMENT house for sale, in Lexington-av., near 29th-st., four stories, brown stone, 16.8x50; price, $20,000; with furniture, $24,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A NEW FIRST-CLASS BROWN-stone front house, well built, 20x56, No. 56 West 53d-st. Inquire of JAMES BLACKHURST, No. 225 West 48th-st.

FOR SALE—LOT AND STABLE IN 51ST-ST., near 3d-av.; possession immediately. Apply in store No. 1,214 Broadway. No agents.

A NEW FRAME BUILDING ON WEST-st., covered with iron, 50 by 75 feet; can be bought for half its cost; suitable for shop or storage.

VAN ZANDT BROS., No. 56 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY HIGH-STOOP house, No. 40 Bank-st.; 21x48; lot half the block; all the improvements; fine location. Inquire of PANGBURN & ADAMS, No. 117 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AS INVESTMENT, A BLOCK OF ground; will double in value in a few years.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

LOTS FOR SALE ON 81ST-ST. AND ON 1st-av., adjoining. Apply from 1 to 3, at the office of DAVIDSON & JONES, No. 61 Wall-st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT RESIDENCE IN BEDford, Brooklyn; double house built of Philadelphia front brick, with brick stable, and eight or sixteen lots of ground, laid out in garden with fine ornamental and fruit trees, and grapes in variety; house has gas and hot and cold water throughout, and all modern improvements, frescoed walls, &c. For particulars address OWNER, Box No. 3,263 New-York Post-office.

A HANDSOME RESIDENCE IN BROOKlyn, 124 feet on Broadway, near DeKalb-av.; contains 25 lots, or 2 acres, splendidly laid out with choice fruit trees and ornamental shrubbery, for sale or to let, furnished or unfurnished; possession immediately, if desired. Apply to W. JENNINGS DEMOREST, No. 473 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE—OR TO LET—LARGE BROWN-stone dwelling, 16 rooms, all the modern improvements; lot 25x133; No. 74 1st-place, between Clinton and Court sts., Brooklyn. CHAS. H. SMITH, Room No. 11, No. 171 Broadway, New-York, or Wyckoff & Little, Montague-st., near Court-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—ON DIVISION-av., between 3d and 4th sts., near the fountain, a three-story brick house, 25 by 40, with all modern improvements. Also, two lots adjoining, 25 by 100 feet. Apply to BURR & CO., No. 222 Front-st.

BROOKLYN.—FOR SALE OR TO RENT, A small house, brown-stone front, on the Heights; all improvements; possession April 1; rent $1,500. Call or address D. G. F., No. 17 Court-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

WANTED—BOARD IN A PRIVATE FAMILY by the year, by a gentleman and wife, between 34th and 14th sts., and 4th and 6th avs.; would prefer to furnish their rooms; best reference given and required; for suitable accommodations $40 a week will be paid. Address TOWN, Box No. 167 *Times* Office.

TO LET—WITH BOARD IN A PRIVATE FAMily, a large, handsomely furnished front room, second floor, with hall bedroom adjoining. Also third floor front room. References exchanged. Apply at No. 33 West 27th-st.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE WANT pleasant accommodations and board for two or three months. If suited, would return in the Fall. Location to be central and house genteel. ADVERTISER, No. 3 Bible House.

BOARD FOR THREE OR FOUR ADULTS in the most pleasant part of Brooklyn, twenty minutes from ferries by four lines of cars; family private; house and board first class; terms reasonable. Address HOME, Box No. 126 *Times* Office.

PARLOR FLOOR, ALSO FIRST AND second and third-story front rooms, singly or in suites, to let, without board, at No. 15 University-place; references required and given.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITHOUT BOARD, or to gentlemen with partial board in brown-stone house; private family, desirable location. Apply at No. 319 West 28th-st.

WANTED—THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS, with board, for four persons in a plain family; convenient to 35th-st. and 6th-av.; from about 15th April; terms must be moderate. Address J. C. H., Station G.

BOARDING—FEMALES CAN OBTAIN GOOD board, with washing, at three dollars and twenty-five cents a week, in the spacious and pleasant house No. 45 Elizabeth-st., one door above Canal.

PARLOR FLOOR; ALSO, FIRST, SECond and third-story front rooms, singly or in suites, to let, without board, at No. 15 University-place; references required and given.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SMALL unfurnished (except carpet) room with board, not to exceed in price $6 per week. Address, with particulars, L. V. J., Box No. 158 *Times* Office.

ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN CAN FIND pleasant rooms, with board, in a private family, at No. 96 Clinton-place, near 5th-av.; house and location first-class.

1 WASHINGTON-SQUARE, CORNER OF University-place and 4th-st.—Elegant rooms, en suite and single, with or without board or private table; terms moderate.

A FEW BOARDERS CAN BE ACCOMMOdated; I have a large house, situated on Long Island Sound; fine shade and all kinds of fruit trees; also, good fishing and bathing. Call or address 233 East 10th-st.

BOARD, WITH PLEASANT ROOMS, CAN be had from 1st of May, in Morristown, N. J. Address Box 100 Post-office, Morristown, N. J.

NO. 34 WEST 15TH-ST.—FURNISHED rooms, without board; third floor, front; singly or in suite. Terms reasonable.

BOARD—A YOUNG LADY CAN HAVE BOARD where she can enjoy the comforts of a home by applying at No. 403 Broome-st.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS BOARD—NO. 87 Henry-st.; one large and one small room, for single gentlemen or family.

A SMALL FAMILY WILL LET WITH board, a large room on second floor, at $18 per week, for two. No. 260 West 11th-st.

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Would call attention to the DESCRIPTIVE LIST issued the 1st of March. Applicants must give name and address, as no notice will be taken of initials or box numbers.

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FOR SALE—The large store formerly owned by R. B. CARY, Esq., handsomely fitted up for dry-goods and groceries; where a trade has been done of $60,000 per annum, now located within one quarter of a mile of one of the best depots on Dutchess and Columbia Railroad; also, will be sold a reduced stock of goods at low figures; if not disposed of by or before April 8, the whole will be sold at auction on that day, commencing at 11 o'clock A. M. Address M. A. FOWLER, Fishkill, N. Y.

PRIVATE RESIDENCE ON FORDHAM HEIGHTS FOR SALE.—Two-story and attic frame house with extension, together with three acres of land; location half a mile from depot and steamboat landing, three minutes' walk of two churches, 300 feet from and fronting the new central avenue; house very convenient; first floor has two parlors, library, sitting-room, dining-room, hall kitchen, washroom, closets and pantries; second floor, six bedrooms, with presses; third floor, large attic, with bedroom, good cellar, with milk-room; house warmed by portable heater; carriage-house, with room for five horses, hennery, &c.; fine lawn in front of house, with ornamental trees; garden well stocked with a variety of large and small fruits; a never-failing stream of water, with fishpond; everything in first-rate order; also three acres of land, with fine building site adjoining; if not sold by April 15, may be leased; partly furnished. Permission to examine or further information may be obtained of E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., where a photograph of premises can be seen.

NEWARK, N. J.—FOR SALE, IN A DElightful location, rapidly improving, within eight minutes' walk of station, an entirely new and thoroughly built high basement two-story and French roof attic house; lot 28x106 to an alley; house 21.6x38.6; dining-room, kitchen, laundry and cellar on ground floor; parlors, hall, with closets, on main floor; four rooms, bathroom and closet on the second floor; two rooms and large finished garret in attic; marble mantels and wash-basins with hot and cold water and gas throughout. A most desirable genteel home for a small family, being 45 minutes only from Wall-street. $8,500, $5,000 of which may remain. Apply only to ROBT. A. HAGGERTY & CO., No. 11 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—FARM AT SAYVILLE, L. I., ADjoining the great South Bay; 45 miles by Long Island Railroad or Southside Railroad; contains 100 acres, part wood and balance under a high state of cultivation; dwellings commodious; barns and outbuildings suitable and in good order; the bay abounds with oysters, clams and fish, and affords large quantities of seaweed suitable for manure; orchard filled with choice fruit; near churches, schools, &c. Further particulars on application to WYCKOFF & LITTLE, No. 151 Montague-st.

EAST ORANGE.—FOR SALE, AN ELEGANT country seat; new last year; built by the owner (who occupies it) for his own use, and in the very best manner; the house is large and contains every modern improvement of a first-class City house; stables, coach-house, &c., very superior; grounds, handsomely embellished, 100x600, running from street to street; will be sold at $20,000 if sold at once; $10,000@$15,000 may remain; time by Morris & Essex Railroad, 35 minutes from foot Barclay-st. Apply only to ROBERT A. HAGGERTY & CO., No. 11 Pine-st., New-York.

$3,000,000 OF REAL ESTATE FOR sale in and near Rahway, N. J.—Consisting of houses and lots in towns and fine farms in the country; some pleasant homes in Rahway for the sum of $3,000 and upward; the time now to purchase to advantage, as some of the above places will have to be sold before the 1st of April next; farms near Rahway and Elizabeth of various sizes, prices and quality; some of them in good state of cultivation, and as low as $100 per acre, with terms easy. Great bargains are now being offered, and inducements to purchase seldom presented. J. A. MARTIN, Rahway, N. J.

PORT MORRIS, WESTCHESTER County—The homestead of Gouverneur Morris, Esq., except the ground reserved for his residence and occupation, has been handsomely laid out with wide avenues and special adaptation to villa sites. For health, pleasantness and accessibility to persons doing business in New-York, this property is unsurpassed. It is only two miles from the Central Park and half a mile from Harlem Bridge. The new boulevard from Harlem Bridge to Fordham runs directly through it. For maps and information apply to WM. SMITH BROWN, No. 58 Broadway, Room No. 15.

A SPLENDID COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE BY EXECUTORS—It is situated on North Hempstead Harbor, L. I. The house is large and commodious, is heated with hot air, and contains gas and water conveniences throughout. On the premises is a farmhouse, all the necessary outbuildings in good order, a greenhouse, grapery and trout-pond. In front of the mansion is a fine lawn and a beautiful grove of locusts, evergreens and other choice trees; there is an abundance of fruit of many varieties on the place. Communication with the City easy and quite frequent by steamboat and rail. For particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

$15,000 WILL PURCHASE FINE country seat, 2½ acres; house fourteen rooms, 30x40, beside wings; parlors, sitting-room, bedrooms, and kitchen; stylishly furnished, complete; velvet carpets alone cost $1,500; three cows, pair oxen, three wagons, horses, harnesses, fowls, set farming implements complete, outbuildings complete; everything new; healthy and finely located in Monsey, New-York, 3 minutes from depot, 33 miles from City. F. J. BEAN, No. 15 John-st.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE, A FINE PROPERTY, situated in Westchester County, on old Boston Road, one-quarter mile from Harlem bridge, consisting of six front lots, with large house, grounds set out with vines and fruit trees, for a two-story and basement high-stoop brick or brown-stone front house; located between 4th and 20th sts. and 2d and 6th avs.; or will sell for cash. Address N. S., Box No. 3,554 New-York Post-office.

ON THE HUDSON—HANDSOME PLACE OF six acres, at Cold Spring, three-fourths of a mile from depot; modern house, 12 rooms, all modern improvements; carriage-house and stable, gardener's cottage, icehouse, fine garden, fruits, &c.; fine river and mountain views; convenient to churches, &c.; price $22,000. Further particulars with A. M. SCRIBA, No. 38 Pine-st.

EAST ORANGE, N. J., (NEAR DEPOT,) FOR SALE AND TO LET—One splendid new French-roof house, 12 rooms; grounds 37.6x150; $6,000. One house, 7 rooms; grounds 45x130; $4,000. A first-class building site, 100x261.6, cheap. To let—cottage in first-class location, 7 rooms; rent $400. Apply to owner.

M. B. WALLACE.

ON THE HUDSON—AT PEEKSKILL, FOR sale, a very handsome place of about 30 acres; large Gothic cottage house, 18 or 20 rooms, all modern conveniences, carriage-house and stable, elegant views of the river, highlands and adjacent country; about 10 minutes' walk from the depot, and very convenient to churches and schools. Price, $20,000. Further particulars with A. M. SCRIBA, No. 38 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT ENGLEWOOD, N. J., HOUSE and 12 acres of land, within one mile of depot. House has eight rooms on first floor, six bedrooms on second, hot and cold water, bathing-room, &c. Grounds stocked with fruit, &c. Would sell less land with house if desired. Also, 24 acres opposite the above, in good cultivation. Apply to J. WYMAN JONES, No. 6 Broad-st.

COUNTRY PLACES AT ORANGE, MONTclair, Passaic, Clifton, Tenafly, Newark, Rahway, Yonkers, Sing Sing, Mount Vernon, Stamford, Rye, Westchester, Bay Ridge and Staten Island. Also, desirable places in New-York and Brooklyn, for sale and to let. Apply to BUTLER & ECKERSON, No. 67 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—A PRETTY COTTAGE, 15 MINutes' drive from depot at Hackensack, N. J.; house 36x40, 10 rooms; barn and 1½ acres prettily laid out; plenty of small fruit; time from City to house, 1¼ hours; price $8,500. Apply to WM. L. TAYLOR, No. 17 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE AND PLEASantly located place in Flushing, within an hour's ride of the City; the house contains ten rooms; and grounds well laid out with choice fruit and ornamental trees and shrubbery. For particulars apply to C. P. FRAME, No. 252 Broadway, New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway, New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY RESIDENCES AT RYE, Orange County, Washington Heights, Fordham, Tremont, Yonkers, Sing Sing, Huntington and various places on Long Island and in New-Jersey. GRADY & McGRATH, No. 65 Liberty-st.

A FEW CHOICE LOTS AT CENTREVILLE, on the Central Railroad of New-Jersey; 25 minutes from foot of Liberty-st.; immediately at station. For sale by A. D. MELLICK, Jr., & BRO., No. 26 Pine-st.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—A FINE RESIDENCE, with 2¾ acres; ornamental and fruit trees in great abundance and variety; commodious stables and modern conveniences; to be sold with or without furniture. Call on J. H. PRATT, No. 86 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE—COSY COTTAGE; FINE ORDER; line of Staten Island Railroad, near depot, school and church; four minutes of seashore; half acre ground, (more land, if desired.) Price $4,000. Terms accommodating. Apply to A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE OR TO LET, furnished, in a desirable location, five minutes from depot, house containing eleven rooms; has gas, hot-air furnace, hot and cold baths, with a commodious carriage-house. Apply at No. 33 Spruce-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT HOUSE AND lands late of F. W. Edmonds, at Bronxville, on the Harlem Railroad, containing about 70 acres, with improvements. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

$25,000.—A VALUABLE PROPERTY at Newark, N. J.—Three-story brick house, with two-story side wing; grounds 107 by 218 feet; stable, with coachman's house. Inquire at Room No. 4 Custom-house, Newark.

FOR SALE—IN MORRISTOWN, THE TWO and a half story brick dwelling-house with basement, situated on the southeast corner of the Park. Address THEODORE AYERS, Morristown, N. J.

DESIRABLE PLACES ON ERIE RAILROAD, within 1½ hours' ride, from $4,000 upward; beautiful property at Englewood and other points.

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No. 29; seven stories; 115 feet deep, with rear entrance and hoistway for goods.

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TO LET—WITH STEAM POWER, BASEMENT and lofts of new and substantial brick building Nos. 112 and 114 Wooster-st., between Spring and Prince sts.; 50x100 feet, well lighted; adapted to any business or manufacturing purpose. Apply to BRUNER & MOORE, Nos. 75 and 77 King-st.

BROADWAY STORE TO LET OR LEASE—THE very desirable marble store No. 724 Broadway, 26x130 feet, to let or lease; possession May 1, 1868; suitable for wholesale book-trade. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

STORE TO LET OR LEASE—NOS. 37 AND 39 Greenwich-st., corner of Morris; terms reasonable. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or N. & E. CRUIKSHANK.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT OF THE BUILDING No. 18 4th-av.; also two lofts for storage of furniture. Apply on the premises to CONKLINS & BAYLES.

TO LEASE—THE NEW FIVE-STORY MARBLE-front store, No. 738 Broadway, near Astor-place; size 25x110 feet. Apply to GEO. L. OSBORN, 182 Grand-st.

TO LET—SPLENDID LIGHT LOFTS, NO. 31 Fulton-st., near Fulton Ferry, with steam-power. Apply at No. 219 Water-st.

TO LET—NO. 207 WATER-ST., NEAR FULTON Ferry, with steam power. Apply at No. 2 Water-st.

ROOMS TO LET, WITH STEAM-POWER, at No. 211 East 22d-st., near 3d-av.

DESK-ROOM TO LET—IN OFFICE NO. 8, No. 5 Beekman-st., first floor over Park Bank.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET.
AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT,
ON THE HUDSON, FULLY FURNISHED.
Apply to COVELL & CO.,
No. 554 Broadway.

FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT FOR RENT.—Will be leased for one or more years, the family residence of the late Thomas H. Leggett, in the village of Flushing, L. I. The dwelling is a large two-story double house, with wing attached. The grounds are ample and richly ornamented, comprising over six acres, with large gardens, lawns, &c., a good barn, carriage-house, work-shop, hennery, icehouse, and in fact all the surroundings of a first-class private residence. The furniture will also be let with the place, and early possession given. With best of schools, churches and society, and easy access to the City, this offers a rare opportunity to a gentleman of leisure or business. Apply to J. F. FRANKLIN, No. 112 Broadway, New-York.

TO LET—AT RYE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, one hour from New-York by the New-Haven Railroad, a furnished house, containing about 20 rooms and all the modern improvements, commanding an extensive view of Long Island Sound and surrounding country; lawn of about 15 acres; carriage-house and stabling for six horses; will be let to a responsible private family for two years or longer; rent $2,000 per annum. Photographs and particulars at HOMER MORGAN'S, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, beautiful Summer residence, twenty-three rooms, delightfully situated, commanding extensive water and land view; necessary outbuildings; everything in order; four acres; all kinds of fruits, shrubbery, vegetable garden, &c.; one hour and a half from City; fifteen minutes from steamboat landing, communication several times daily. Apply at No. 9 West 29th-st., between 8 and 10 A. M., or 6 to 8 P. M., or to ROSE, BALDWIN & ROSE, No. 29 Beekman-st.

TO RENT—FULLY FURNISHED—AT FORDham, Westchester County, an elegant private residence, with extensive grounds; large and commodious house, with modern conveniences; garden well stocked with every variety of fruit; barns, stables, carriage-house, gardener's house, &c.; one mile from Fordham depot, on Harlem Railroad, and quarter of a mile from steamboat landing on Harlem river. Apply to H. H. CAMMANN, No. 31 Pine-st.

A DELIGHTFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE, partially furnished, to let or for sale; 36 acres of land, beautiful, with walks and drives; an abundance of fruit, a good garden, and every convenience for a moderate sized family; adjoining the Roosevelt and Stuyvesant residences, 2½ miles north of Poughkeepsie. Apply to JAMES SMILLIE, No. 1 Wall-st., or on the premises.

TO LET—AT MORRISTOWN, N. J., 30 MILES from New-York, 12 trains daily, a furnished two-story and attic house; size 50x50 feet; gas throughout; icehouse filled; barn and stable-room for five or ten horses, with five acres laid with shade and fruit trees; within half a mile of depot. For further information apply at No. 128 Broadway, Room No. 1; or to GEO. W. FORSYTH, Esq., at Morristown.

TO LET—IN RYE, THE DESIRABLE RESIdence of the late Hon. N. D. Halsted, partially furnished, with a lawn of five acres, garden and large carriage-house; a high healthy location; unsurpassed in Rye; adjoining Rye Beach; fine bathing, fishing, &c. Will be leased for one or more years. Inquire of G. B. HALSTED, No. 25 Cliff-st., New-York; or of WM. B. HALSTED, Rye, Westchester County.

TO LET—CONVENIENT TO RYE AND PORT Chester depots on New-Haven Railroad, a large and good house containing fifteen rooms; good garden, pasture for cow, &c., situated on the Purchase Road, known as the Middlebrook Place; ground high, view good, location healthy; rent $1,000 per annum.

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TO LET—AT BARRYTOWN STATION, ON THE Hudson, the large mansion of the late Robert Swift Livingston, known as Almont, with stable, coach and other outhouses; surrounded by a very extensive lawn and affording one of the finest and most extended views on the river. Apply to EDWARD SCHELL, No. 64 Broadway, New-York City.

TO LET—A COTTAGE WITH ABOUT TWO acres of lawn and garden, well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees, pleasantly situated about nine miles from Brooklyn ferry on the Jamaica road; great facilities for reaching the City at any hour and short time. Rent $750. Apply to WM. H. ROSS, No. 111 Broadway.

TO LET—ON NEW-YORK BAY, AT THE NARrows, a beautiful country seat between Bay Ridge and Fort Hamilton, on the shore road, with six acres of ground; fine beach for bathing; communication by Hamilton Ferry cars every ten minutes, or via Bay Ridge Ferry six times a day. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE COUNTRY SEAT (FURNISHED) "Cragdon," at East Chester, with fine view, carriage-house, garden, &c., near depot, about 45 minutes from New-York. Also, a cottage, with garden, stable, &c. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 147 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO RENT—UNFURNISHED, THE ELEGANT four-story high-stoop brown-stone house, No. 42 West 14th-st.; has all improvements; 25 feet front; stable in the rear with four stalls; possession May 1, or sooner if desired. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—A PRETTY, CONVENIENT ENGLISH basement house in 10th-st., near 2d-av.; neighborhood unexceptionable; new range put in, and house put in order throughout last year; gas-fixtures with the house; rent $2,000. Apply to Mr. THATCHER, No. 25 Pine-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FOR SIX OR TWELVE months, or for sale, at Tarrytown, a first-class house, twelve rooms, two cellars and garret, gas and water, three-quarters of an acre ground in lawn, fruit and garden, half mile from depot; location every way desirable. Apply to L. J. MABIE, No. 14 Warren-st.

TO LET, AT FORDHAM—ONE QUARTER of a mile from the depot, a country place containing 13 acres of land, large house, garden, stable, carriage-house, &c; will be let for one or more years. Apply to H. H. CAMMANN, No. 31 Pine-st.

TO LET—A NEW THREE-STORY AND BASEment house in 84th-st., one door east of 1st-av.; rent $1,000. Also, a two-story and basement house on 1st-av., between 84th and 85th sts.; rent $700. All improvements, and good location. Apply to G. W. FANNING, No. 45 Rivington-st.

TO LET—AT STAMFORD, CONN.—HOUSE AND large lot, with carriage house, well situated; five minutes' walk from the depot; apples, pears, &c. Apply to L. H. HOLMES, No. 77 Cedar-st., or ELBERT WHITE, Stamford.

TO LET—AT FACTORYVILLE, STATEN ISLand, 10 minutes' walk from ferry, a double and single cottage, with about three acres of ground each, carriage-houses, stables, gardens, fruit, &c. Apply to JOSE MANZANEDO, No. 8 Cedar-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE, AT IRVINGton, N. J., 16 rooms, modern conveniences; 1½ acres ground; stable, fruit and shade; $1,800 per annum; also unfurnished house at $1,000 per year. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

AT YONKERS—TO LET, FURNISHED, A house with 12 rooms; gas, marble mantels, sliding doors; river view; near depot; only $130 per month. Also, five other houses. Apply to JAMES YOUMANS, Yonkers.

TO RENT—TO A VERY SMALL AMERICAN family, a second floor, part or third, and basement kitchen, in West 4th, near West 10th-st. Rent $540, gas inclusive. Address NINTH WARD, Box No. 119 *Times* Office.

TO LET—FURNISHED, WITH EARLY POSsession, at Far Rockaway, very near the beach, a cottage containing 12 rooms; barn, icehouse and half an acre. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—$300 A YEAR—COTTAGE OF EIGHT rooms and a small garden; possession given April 1 or afterward. Apply on the premises, to Mr. LEWIS, Henry-st., near Newtown-av., Astoria.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEment house, with stable, No. 1 Belmont-place, Bergen; 10 minutes by horse cars from Jersey City ferry; rent $500. Apply at No. 308 West-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—FOR A TERM OF years the four-story brown-stone front house, No. 51 East 10th-st., near Broadway. Apply to WM. & E. S. CRUIKSHANK, No. 55 Broadway.

NEWARK, N. J.—TO RENT OR SELL—FIRST-class double house, 18 rooms, garden, lawn, coach-house; No. 3 Wallace-place; Market-st. horse-cars. Apply on premises after 1st of April. JAMES FRENCHE.

TO RENT—A COTTAGE IN ELIZABETH, N. J., corner De Hart-place and Grand-st., containing nine rooms; a good garden attached; rent $600. Apply on the premises.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE ROOMS, UNfurnished, with closets, water, &c., or an upper story, unfurnished, between 8th and 14th sts. and Broadway and 6th avs., for a gentleman who passes a considerable portion of his time out of the City. Address C. B. S., Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED BY A very small family for July, August and September on Hudson River or Sound. 30 or 40 miles from the City. Address with terms and particulars, A. W. T. Box No. 140 *Times* Office.

WANTED—IN A RESPECTABLE NEIGHBORhood, a suite of from four to six rooms, by a small family; the best of references given and required. Address C., Post-office Box No. 4,401.

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The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

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VILLE DE PARIS..SURMONT.....SATURDAY, May 2
PEREIRE.........DUCHESNE....SATURDAY, May 16

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,)
TO BREST OR HAVRE,
First cabin, $140; second cabin, $85.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board,
First cabin, $145; second cabin, $88.

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

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American travelers going to or returning from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.

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THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

JAVA leaves.....................WEDNESDAY, April 1
CHINA leaves....................WEDNESDAY, April 8
AUSTRALASIAN leaves.............WEDNESDAY, April 15
CUBA leaves.....................SATURDAY, April 18
RUSSIA leaves...................WEDNESDAY, April 22
SCOTIA leaves...................WEDNESDAY, April 29

Chief cabin passage..........................$130
Second cabin passage.........................80
TO PARIS.
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Payable in gold.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
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From Pier No. 37 East River.

Cabin, (the accommodations being equal to any Atlantic steamer,) $80, gold; return tickets, $160, gold; in steerage, $30, currency.

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CITY OF ANTWERP............SATURDAY, April 11
CITY OF PARIS..............SATURDAY, April 18

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PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
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To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	50

Passage by the Monday steamers, first cabin, $90, gold; steerage, $35, payable in currency.

Rates of passage from New-York to Halifax: First Cabin, $20; steerage, $10—payable in gold.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

FURTHER REDUCTION IN PASSAGE RATES.

Favorite passenger steamers of the ANCHOR LINE sail every SATURDAY with passengers for LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW AND DERRY.

UNITED KINGDOM, DONALDSON, SATURDAY, March 21.
COLUMBIA, CARNAGHAN, SATURDAY, March 28.
CALEDONIA, MACDONALD, SATURDAY, April 4.
BRITANNIA, LAIRD, SATURDAY, April 11.

From Pier No. 20 North River, at noon.

Rates of passage, payable in currency:
Cabin to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $90 and $75, according to location.
Excursion tickets, good for twelve months, $165.
Intermediate to Glasgow or Derry, $35; Steerage, $30.
Prepaid certificates from these ports, $37.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Havre, &c., at very low rates.
For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York.
HENDERSON BROTHERS.

To avoid imposition, passengers will please come direct to the office, as this Company does not employ runners.

CUNARD LINE OF EXTRA STEAMERS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
FROM NEW-YORK EVERY THURSDAY.

PALMYRA...................April 9
TRIPOLI...................April 23

RATES OF PASSAGE:
Cabin...................$80 Gold.
Steerage................$30 Currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown at $40.
For Freight and Cabin Passage, apply at No. 4 Bowling-green.
For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 69 Broadway.
E. CUNARD.

LONDON AND NEW-YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.

Steamers fortnightly to LONDON DIRECT from Pier No. 3 North River.

CELLA, April 4. | ATALANTA, May 2.
WM. PENN, April 18. | BELLONA, May 16.

For passage at cheapest current rates apply to ROBT. N. CLARK, No. 26 Broadway.
For freight to HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, No. 54 South-st., New-York.

NATIONAL LINE.

THE STEAMSHIP ERIN will leave SATURDAY, March 28, from Pier No. 47 North River.

Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $100; Steerage, $30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown, $37, currency.

Apply at the Company's office, Nos. 57 and 27 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:
MISSISSIPPI, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, March 23.
MERRIMACK, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, April 23.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, May 23.

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

SAILING EVERY TWENTY DAYS.
The elegant, new steamship
VIRGO,
DEAKEN, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 16 East River, on SATURDAY, April 4, at 3 P. M.
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDER & SONS,
No. 44 Beaver-st.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SAILING REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY, AT 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS, April 2.
EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, April 9.
MISSOURI, Capt. G. W. PALMER, April 16.
For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. B. HARTSON, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE BAHAMA GOVERNMENT FOR CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

THE ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the splendid side-wheel steamer MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. Adams, on THURSDAY, April 23, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River. For engagements of freight or passage apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

REGULAR LINE.

FIRST STEAMER
FOR GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Freight taken at the lowest rate.
The favorite steamship
EQUATOR,
Capt. SPENCER,
will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on SATURDAY, April 4, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for Galveston.
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

No charge made for drayage in Galveston on goods forwarded to the interior by railroad; also goods forwarded to Indianola, Lavacca and Brazos without charge.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

MERCHANTS' STEAMSHIP LINE,
Comprising the first-class steamships
GEN. GRANT..........Capt. J. B. HILDRETH
CRESCENT CITY.......Capt. E. W. HOLMES
SHERMAN.............Capt. A. PENDLETON
GEN. MEADE..........Capt. A. W. SAMPSON
UNITED STATES.......Capt. GEO. L. NORTON

The steamship
GENERAL GRANT,
Capt. J. B. HILDRETH,
Will be dispatched on SATURDAY, March 28,
at 3 o'clock P. M.,
from Pier No. 12 North River.

Freight received at through rates for Mobile and Galveston.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations,
Apply to the agent,
SAMUEL STEVENS,
No. 40 Broadway.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.

THE CROMWELL LINE.
Steamships of this line will leave Pier No. 9 North River at 3 P. M., as follows:
GEO. WASHINGTON, SATURDAY, March 28.
CORTEZ, SATURDAY, April 4.
CROMWELL, SATURDAY, April 11.
MARIPOSA, SATURDAY, April 18.
For freight or passage apply to the agents,
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

EMPIRE LINE.
EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier No. 13 North River,
Punctually at 3 P. M.
The favorite side-wheel steamships
SAN JACINTO, Capt. ATKINS, SATURDAY, March 28.
SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, April 4.
Through tickets to all points in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia and Florida steamers.
For freight or passage apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

EVERY THURSDAY.
New sidewheel steamships
GEN. BARNES, MORTON, THURSDAY, April 2.
M. LIVINGSTON, EATON, THURSDAY, April 9.
Sailing from Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M. precisely, giving through passage tickets over the Central Railroad of Georgia, and Atlantic and Gulf Railroad, to points in the interior, and by Florida steamers to points on the coast of Florida.
For freight or passage apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 88 Liberty-st.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO PER STEAMER HAMMONIA, put back to Southampton, which cargo is now expected per steamer BORUSSIA, are requested to call at the office of the undersigned for the purpose of signing the average bond and getting the bills of lading of the Hammonia indorsed by us.
KUNHARDT & CO., No. 61 Broad-st.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA,

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon of the 1st, 11th, and 21st of every month, except when these dates fall on Sunday, then on Saturday preceding.

One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.

APRIL 1—ARIZONA, Capt. MAURY, connecting with COLORADO, Capt. SMITH.

Steamer March 21, 1868, connects closely with steamer CHINA, leaving San Francisco, April 14, for Japan and China.

For passage tickets and all further information apply at the Company's ticket office or the wharf, foot of Canal-st.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALIA, VIA PANAMA.

The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 24th of each month from Panama to Wellington, N. Z., and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 11th of each month. First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New-York to ports in New-Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, $340 to $364 for first class, and $218 to $243 for second class, payable in United States gold coin.

Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New-Zealand.

Arrangements are now completed for issuing through bills of lading. Freight payable here.

For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall-st., or to
CHARLES W. WEST, Agent,
No. 23 William-st., New-York.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY!
THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
Via Panama or Nicaragua.

Will dispatch their new and splendid steamships from New-York, from Pier No. 29 North River, foot Warren-st., at noon, at lower rates than by any other line.

For passage and freight, over both routes, as follows:

VIA PANAMA.

APRIL 7—Steamship GUIDING STAR, connecting with steamship OREGONIAN, for freight only.

APRIL 15—Steamship SANTIAGO DE CUBA, connecting with steamship OREGONIAN, for passage and freight.

VIA NICARAGUA.

APRIL 7—Steamship GUIDING STAR, connecting with steamship MOSES TAYLOR, for passengers only.

These steamships are expressly fitted for this trade, and are unsurpassed for safety, speed, elegance and comfort, and their rates for passage and freight will ALWAYS BE LOWER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.

For further particulars address the undersigned at No. 177 West-street, New-York.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.
WM. H. WEBB, President.
CHAS. DANA, Vice-President.
No. 54 Exchange-place, New-York.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.

REDUCED RATES OF FREIGHT.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Steamer ARIZONA, will sail on WEDNESDAY, April 1, at 12 o'clock, noon. Freight received until Tuesday at 3 P. M.

For rates, &c., inquire at Freight Office, on Company's Pier, No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st.

To ensure shipment freight must be sent down early.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
Sole freight agents P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.—MURRAY'S LINE.

Every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 16 East River, foot of Wall-st. The favorite steamships
LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, TUESDAY, March 31.
CLEOPATRA, Capt. PHILLIPS, TUESDAY, April 7.
For freight or passage apply to
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO.,
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, BEAUFORT, HILTON HEAD AND THE FLORIDA PORTS—THE PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

E. B. SOUDER, Capt. LEBBY, SATURDAY, March 28.
MONEKA, Capt. SHACKFORD, FRIDAY, April 3.

from Pier No. 4 North River, at 3 P. M. Through passage tickets and bills of lading issued to all points South, in connection with the South Carolina Railroad, and by steamers to Florida ports.

Freight taken as low as by any other line.
WHEELER & LINNARD, Agents, 13 Broadway.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.—REGULAR LINE—Cabin passage, $15. Freight lower than by any other line. The fast and popular steamship SARAGOSSA, M. B. CROWELL, Commander, will sail SATURDAY, April 4, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14 East River, foot of Wall-st. Bills of lading signed for all points in the interior. Agents in Charleston forward all goods free of commission.

MATANZAS will sail on following Saturday.
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

FOR CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

One of the elegant steamships of this Company will leave Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st., every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 3 P. M., connecting with the Richmond and Danville, Virginia Central, and Petersburgh and Weldon Railroads.

For freight or passage apply to
N. L. McCREADY, President,
No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner of Dey-st.

Bills of lading signed on the pier.

FOR NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

One of the elegant steamships of this Company will leave Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st., every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M. Connecting with the seaboard and Roanoke Railroad and the Virginia and Tennessee Air Line, and their connections.

For freight or passage apply to
N. L. McCREADY, President,
No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner of Dey-st.

Bills of lading signed on the pier.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

BLACK STAR LINE—EVERY SATURDAY.

The first-class steamships
HUNTSVILLE, CROWELL, leaves SATURDAY, Mar. 28
MONTGOMERY, LYONS, leaves...SATURDAY, April 4
At 3 P. M., from Pier No. 3 North River.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.

Through passage tickets given over the Central R. R. of Georgia and Atlantic and Gulf R. R., Florida.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. States passports indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE—AT LARGELY reduced prices. BRAUNSDORF & METZ, manufacturers, Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., between Norfolk and Essex sts., offer their large and well assorted stock of first-class furniture, consisting of sitting-room, parlor, library, bedroom and dining-room suites of the latest styles, to the public at wholesale prices. N. B.—All goods warranted.

A. L. BATTERSON, FURNITURE EXPRESS and Furniture Storage Establishment, Nos. 687, 690 and 695 6th-av., between 39th and 40th sts. Furniture boxed and shipped or moved in or out of the City. N. B.—The best storage stores and rooms for furniture by load or rooms. Unexceptionable references and twenty years' experience.

MACHINERY.

THE GERNER STEAM BOILER, 300 horse power, is now on exhibition on West-st., near Gansevoort, evaporating 12 pounds of water for each pound of coal consumed, saving one-half the fuel used in the best boilers.

The undersigned will be in attendance as above from 2 to 5 o'clock P. M.
HENRY GERNER.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 20th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of SIMON STERN, also known by the name of WOLF STERN, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 13th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MARCH 28, 1868.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BENJAMIN LEE HORTON, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Benjamin Lee Horton, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York City, March 26, 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
mh28-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN PIERCE, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of John Pierce, of the City of Brooklyn, in the County of Kings, and State of New-York, carrying on business in the City, County and State of New-York, in said district, and who was adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the said District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 13th day of March, A. D. 1868. JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
mh28-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 717.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of THOMAS A. MACNAIR, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Thomas A. Macnair, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 20th day of March, A. D. 1868.
JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
mh28-law3wS* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District New-York, of —In the matter of ANDREW L. MULL, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Andrew L. Mull, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 6th day of March, A. D. 1868. JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
mh14-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN B. FULLER, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John B. Fuller, of the City of New-York, County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York, the 26th day of February, A. D. 1868. JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
mh14-aw3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 548.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of MAURICE LEVY, a bankrupt.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Maurice Levy of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 7th day of February, A. D. 1868. JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
mh21-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 20th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of CYRUS LOSEE, of Brooklyn, in the County of Kings, and State of New-York, who has carried on business for six months next immediately preceding the filing of his petition in the City of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 1st day of May, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MARCH 27, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 16th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of FREDERICK G. SPRINGMEYER, WILLIAM H. SPRINGMEYER and JOHN H. SPRINGMEYER, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, and against the separate and individual estate of each of them, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts or either of them, to them, or either of them, or for their use or the use of either of them, and the transfer of any property by them or either of them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, and of each of them individually, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, and of the estate of each of them, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, Room No. 4, in the City of New-York, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MARCH 27, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 16th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JAMES PELTON, of New-York City, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M. R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MARCH 27, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 24th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIAM H. BERRYMAN, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MARCH 27, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 23d day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of HENRY SAGE, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 30th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New York.
MARCH 27, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 16th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of SAMUEL SCHUSTER, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, Room No. 4, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MARCH 28, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 17th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of FREDERICK ZIEGLER, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 20th day May, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MARCH 28, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 25th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of FRANK BILLS, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, before Edgar Ketchum, Register, on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MARCH 28, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 25th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of MORRIS SIMONS, of New-York City, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., corner of Nassau-st., Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, before Mr. James F. Dwight, Register, on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger, Southern District of New-York.
MARCH 28, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SAMUEL STEINREICH, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Samuel Steinreich, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 7th day of April, 1868, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.
Dated New-York, on the 13th day of March, 1868.
ml4-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM L. NORTHAM, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register.—Southern District of New-York, ss.: At the City of New-York, the 14th day of March, A. D. 1868. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of WILLIAM L. NORTHAM, of the City of Elizabeth, in the County of Union, and State of New-Jersey, who has carried on business for the six months immediately preceding the filing of his petition in the City of New-York, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
WM. D. MARVEL, Assignee,
mh14-law8wS* No. 119 Broadway.

ASSIGNEES' OR TRUSTEES' NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.—In the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL E. HULL, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Samuel E. Hull, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, in said district, and who was, to wit, on the 3d day of February, A. D. 1868, adjudged bankrupt, upon the petition of Samuel E. Hull, by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York City, the 10th day of March, A. D. 1868. JNO. SEDGWICK,
mh14-law3wS* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Samuel Stein, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—In the matter of SAMUEL STEIN, a bankrupt.
Dated at New-York, the 4th day of March, A. D. 1868.
WILLIAM H. GOODWIN, Assignee,
No. 209 Water-st., New-York City.
KAUFMANN, FRANK & WILCOXSON, Attorneys for the bankrupt, No. 39 Nassau-st., New-York City.
mh14-law3wSa*

NO. 702—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN A. SHULTS, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register. Southern District of New-York, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 13th day of March, A. D. 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of John A. Schults, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
mh14-law3wSa* ABEL HORTON, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Northern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy, No. 188.—In the matter of JOSIAH DAVIS, bankrupt, by order of the said Court, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all creditors of the said bankrupt, that the second and third meetings of said creditors will be had before Hull Fanton, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, in Havana, N. Y., in said district, on the 27th day of April, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., for the purposes named in the 27th and 28th sections of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867. Dated Watkins, N. Y., March 23, 1868.
mh27-law3wSa GEORGE SHEARER, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY BERNSTEIN, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, at the City of New-York, the 18th day of March, A. D. 1868. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Henry Bernstein, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of his creditors by the District Court of said district.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee.
mh28-lawSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Northern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy, No. 188.—In the matter of JOSIAH DAVIS, bankrupt, by order of the said Court, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all creditors of the said bankrupt, to appear on the 28th day of April, 1868, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, before the said Court, at the United States Court Rooms in Buffalo, in said district, and show cause why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. Dated Buffalo, March 14, 1868. W. P. PHILMORE, Clerk.
R. H. MARRIOTT, Attorney, Watkins, N. Y.
mh27-law3wSa

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 16th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JOHN SHARP, of New-York City, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MARCH 27, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 20th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIAM W. WINANT, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 39 Pine-st., New-York City, before John Fitch, Register, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MARCH 28, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 20th day of March, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of HARRY CONRAD, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 202 Broadway, Room No. 1, in the City of New-York, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
MARCH 28, 1868.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM R. BERGHOLZ, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by William R. Bergholz, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 20th day of April, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., before said Court, sitting in Chambers before Mr. James F. Dwight, one of the Registers of said Court, in Bankruptcy, at the office of said Register, No. 7 Beekman-street, (corner Nassau, Rooms Nos. 3 and 4,) is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.
Dated New-York, March 24, 1868.
GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
J. F. HARRISON, Attorney for petitioner, No. 132 Nassau-st. mh28-law3wSa*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID B. BRIDGFORD, a bankrupt.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.
Dated City of New-York, 27th day of March, A. D. 1868.
mh28-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.—In the matter of ROBERT ARNOLD, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—SIR: This is to give notice that a petition has been filed in said District Court by Robert Arnold, of Hawley, in said district, who has been heretofore duly declared a bankrupt, under the act of Congress, entitled "An act to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that a meeting of creditors be held on the 9th day of April, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., before the Register, W. A. Doster, Esq., at the Allen House, Honesdale, Penn., to be continued by adjournments, if necessary, when and where the examination of said bankrupt will be finished; and it is ordered that a hearing be had upon the said petition for discharge and certificate on WEDNESDAY, the 22d day of April, 1868, before the said Court at Philadelphia, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.
mh21-law3wSa* JOHN McINTOSH, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM WETMORE, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts—by order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers, of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.—Dated New-York, 21st day of March, 1868.
mh21-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of DARIUS TALLMAN, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By an order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.
Dated New-York, 27th day of February, A. D., 1868.
mh28-law3wSa* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY LEWIS, individually, and as a copartner and for and on behalf of the firm of R. & H. LEWIS, a bankrupt.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Henry Lewis, individually, and as a copartner and on behalf of the firm of R. & H. Lewis, of New-York, in the County and State of New-York, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York the 27th day of March, A. D. 1868. GEORGE C. COLBURN, Assignee.
mh28-law3wSa* No. 55 White-st., New-York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN M. REILLY, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John M. Reilly, of the City of Brooklyn, County of Kings, doing business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 18th day of March, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
mh21-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

NO. 571.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of LEOPOLD DAVIDSON, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 28th day of February, A. D. 1868.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Leopold Davidson, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
mh21-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, N. Y. City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy—In the matter of JACOB GOTTSCHALK, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Jacob Gottschalk, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York, the 13th day of March, A. D. 1868.
LEOPOLD WISE,
mh21-law3wSa* Assignee, No. 53 Park-place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY C. BOLTON, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Henry C. Bolton, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
Dated at New-York, the 19th day of March, 1868.
C. BOLTON, Assignee, New-York City.
mh21-law3wSa*

NO. 727.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ROBERT C. DAVIDGE, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Robert C. Davidge, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, and who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 20th day of March, A. D. 1868. JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee.
mh21-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of SOLOMON ZEMANSKY, a bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Solomon Zemansky, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within the said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 18th day of March, A. D. 1868.
JNO. SEDGWICK, Assignee,
mh21-law3wSa No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York. In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH L. SMITH, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Joseph L. Smith, of New-York City, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, in said district, and who to wit, on the 19th day of February, A. D. 1868, was adjudged bankrupt upon the petition of himself by District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 26th day of March, A. D. 1868.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
mh28-law3wSa* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN O'DWYER, bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John O'Dwyer, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 27th day of March, 1868.
JAMES DAVIS, Assignee,
mh28-law3wSa* No. 34½ Pine-st.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CALEB D. GILDERSLEEVE, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss. At the City of New-York, the 26th day of March, A. D. 1868.—To whom it may concern. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Caleb D. Gildersleeve, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
GROSVENOR S. HUBBARD, Assignee,
mh28-law3wSa* No. 64 Wall-st., New-York City.

AMUSEMENTS.

FRENCH THEATRE.

H. L. BATEMAN..........................Lessee and Director
THIRD NIGHT OF LA BELLE HELENE.
ANOTHER GRAND TRIUMPH!
THIS EVENING, March 28,
LA BELLE HELENE.
SPLENDID SCENERY, SUPERB COSTUMES,
ELEGANT AND APPROPRIATE APPOINTMENTS,
EFFECTIVE CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA.
ALL THE ARTISTS OF THE OPERA COMPANY combining to give the most complete effect to the representation.
ACT I.—THE TEMPLE OF JUPITER.
ACT II.—APARTMENTS IN THE QUEEN'S PALACE.
ACT III.—THE SEA SHORE AT NAUPLIA, the Newport of ancient Greece.

CHARACTERS.

Helene, Queen of Sparta	Mlle. Tostee
Paris, Prince of Troy	M. Guffroy
Menelaus, King of Sparta	Leduc
Agamemnon, King of the Kings	Duchesne
Calchas, Grand Augur of Jupiter	Lagriffoul
Achilles, King of Phthiotis	Valter
Ajax I., King of Salamis	Bendick
Ajax II., King of the Locrians	Monier
Philocome, servant of Calchas	Hamilton
Euthycles, a blacksmith	Fleury
Slave	Perrigueur
Orestes	Mlle. De Felcourt
Bacchis	Mlle. Juliani
Leona	Mlle. Marguerite
Parthenis	Mlle. Mathilde

Courtiers, guards, people, slaves, children, &c.
THIS EVENING AND EVERY NIGHT NEXT WEEK—LA BELLE HELENE.
NO MATINEE THIS SATURDAY.
Seats secured six days in advance at the theatre, Schirmer's, No. 701, and Peters', No. 202 Broadway.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
With the exception of the Press, the free list must be suspended.

STEINWAY HALL.

OLE BULL'S
GRAND CONCERTS.
Ole Bull will give his
FOURTH GRAND CONCERT,
SATURDAY EVENING, March 28.

OLE BULL will play Paganini's "ALLEGRO MAESTOSO," in B minor, and "LE STREGHE, (Witches Dance,) and Mozart's Larghetto.

Signor SEVERINI will sing "Am Meere," by Schubert; Adagio, (Rigoletto,) Verdi and Duo (Lucia) Donizetti.

Signor RANDOLFI will sing "Thou Art so Near, and Yet so Far," and Duo (Lucia) Donizetti.

Mr. GEO. W. MORGAN, the celebrated organist, who has been especially engaged for these concerts, will play the overture to "ZAUBER-FLOETE," by Mozart.

Mr. EDWARD HOFFMAN will play Fantasia, Un Ballo in Maschera, Withering Flowers, and Polka, "The Guards."

ADMISSION ONE DOLLAR.
Reserved seats 50 cents extra.
Tickets and seats for sale at Steinway Hall; Schubert's and Schirmer's music-stores, and No. 112 Broadway.
F. WIDDOWS,
Manager.

STEINWAY HALL.

OLE BULL
GRAND MATINEE,
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, March 28, at 2 o'clock.
OLE BULL will play
"CANTABILE DOLOROSO E RONDO GIOCOSA."
"THE MOTHER'S PRAYER,
AND
"RECITATIVE AND CARNIVAL OF VENICE."

Signor SEVERINI will sing "Vogelein," by Gumbert, and "Serenade," by Gounod.

Signor RANDOLFI will sing "Ah per Sempre" and "Thou Everywhere."

Mr. GEO. W. MORGAN, the celebrated organist, will play the overture to "Martha."

Mr. EDWARD HOFFMAN will play Fantasie "Faust" and "Murmures Eolienne."

ADMISSION ONE DOLLAR.
No extra charge for reserved seats.
Tickets and seats can be had at Steinway Hall, Schubert's and Schirmer's music-stores, and No. 112 Broadway.
F. WIDDOWS, Manager.

STEINWAY HALL—SUNDAY, MARCH 29.

TWENTY-SIXTH
GRAND SUNDAY CONCERT.
GREAT CLASSICAL AND POPULAR
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL COMBINATION.
Miss Jenny Landsmann, the popular contralto.
Leopold De Meyer, the renowned pianist.
Signor Ardavani, the favorite baritone.
Mr. B. Listemann, the celebrated violinist.
Mr. G. W. Colby, accompanist, and
THEODORE THOMAS' FULL ORCHESTRA.

GRAND SACRED CONCERT.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH, EAST 28TH-ST.
SUNDAY EVENING, March 29, 1868.
The following distinguished artists,
Mme. GAZZANIGA, the renowned Prima Donna;
Mme. E. DE LUSSAN, Soprano;
Mme. ANSCHUTZ, Contralto;
Mr. BROOKHOUSE BOWLER, the celebrated English Tenor;
Signor RANDOLFI, Baritone;
Mr. S. P. WARREN, Accompanist;
Mr. JAMES CAULFIELD, Organist and Conductor;
will render the STABAT MATER of ROSSINI and other GEMS OF SACRED MUSIC.
TICKETS $1. Doors open at 7 P. M.

THERE IS TO BE A GRAND ORGAN exhibition of the new organ at the Church of the Incarnation, corner 35th-st. and Madison-av., on THURSDAY EVENING, April 2, at 8 P. M.

G. W. Morgan, the distinguished organist, is to preside at the organ. The concert is partly to be of a vocal character.

The programme will be out in a few days.

NOW ON FREE EXHIBITION, FROM 9 A. M. to 7 P. M., in the parlors of Fifth-avenue Art Gallery, Mr. JEROME THOMPSON'S new picture, "The Old Oaken Bucket," representing the early home of Samuel Woodworth.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Eighty-second-street, from the Second-avenue to the Fifth-avenue, (where not already opened,) in the City of New-York.—Pursuant to statutes in such case made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York hereby give notice that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on Wednesday, the fifteenth day of April, 1868, at the opening of the Court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, in the above-entitled matter: that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the opening of Eighty-second-street, from the Second-avenue to the Fifth-avenue, (where not already opened,) in said City, as laid out on the map or plan of the City, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the people of the State of New-York, entitled "An act relative to improvements touching the laying out of streets and roads in the City of New-York, and for other purposes," passed April 3, 1807.
RICHARD O'GORMAN,
Counsel to the Corporation.
Dated New-York, March 21, 1868.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of One Hundred and Thirty-first-street, from Eighth-avenue to the Harlem River, (where not already opened,) in the City of New-York.—Pursuant to statutes in such case made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, hereby give notice, that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a special term of said Court, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on Wednesday, the fifteenth day of April, 1868, at the opening of the Court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, in the above-entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the opening of One Hundred and Thirty-first-street, from Eighth-avenue to the Harlem River, (where not already opened,) in said City, as laid out on the map or plan of the City, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the people of the State of New-York, entitled "An act relative to improvements touching the laying out of streets and roads in the City of New-York, and for other purposes," passed April 3, 1807. RICHARD O'GORMAN,
Counsel to the Corporation.
Dated New-York, March 21, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, ACCORDING to law, to all persons having claims against CATHARINE COLYER, late of the County of Richmond, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the Administrator of the said deceased, at the office of A. de Groot, at Port Richmond, Staten Island, N. Y., on or before the 5th day of May next.—Dated this 19th day of October A. D. 1867. PETER COLYER,
o19-law6mSa* Administrator.

STEAMBOATS.

BRISTOL LINE.

FOR BOSTON VIA BRISTOL.
For PROVIDENCE, TAUNTON, NEW-BEDFORD, CAPE COD and all points of railway communication East and North.

The new and splendid steamers BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE leave Pier No. 40 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 5 P. M. daily, Sundays excepted.

Connecting with steamboat express at Bristol at 4:30 A. M., arriving at Boston at 6 A. M., in time to connect with all the Eastern and Northern morning trains from that city.

Tickets and staterooms obtained at office on the pier, (40;) and Westcott's Express office, No. 1 Park-place; also, tickets sold and baggage checked through at the offices of Westcott's Express Company in New-York and Brooklyn.

Freights taken at the lowest rates. Freight express train leaves Bristol at 4 A. M., arriving in Boston at 8:30 A. M. H. O. BRIGGS, General Manager.
G. W. TIERS, Agent.

STONINGTON LINE.

GREAT INSIDE ROUTE
FOR
BOSTON
VIA STONINGTON AND PROVIDENCE.

The new and elegant sea-going steamers
STONINGTON, Capt. WILL M. JONES, } MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.
NARRAGANSETT, Capt. GEO. B. HULL, } TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY;

leaving Pier No. 33 North River, foot of Jay-st., at 5 o'clock P. M., connecting with the Stonington and Providence, and the Boston and Providence Railroads.

NO CHANGE OF CARS.

These splendid steamers are unsurpassed for safety and comfort, and passengers will be landed in Boston in ample time for all the early trains.

For passage, or for freight at the lowest rates, apply at Pier No. 33 North River.
SAMUEL DEVEAU, Agent.
D. S. BABCOCK, President, Stonington Steamboat Company.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH.—The SEA BIRD, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave pier foot of Chambers-st., N. R., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Thursday, March 19, 2 P. M.	Friday, March 20, 2:30 P. M.
Saturday, March 21, 3 P. M.	Monday, March 23, 7 A. M.
Tuesday, March 24, 7:30 A. M.	Wednesday, Mar. 25, 8 A. M.
Thursday, Mar. 26, 8:30 A. M.	Friday, March 27, 9 A. M.
Saturday, March 28, 10 A. M.	Monday, Mar. 30, 9:30 A. M.
Tuesday, March 31, 12 M.	

NAVIGATION ON NORTH RIVER RESUMED.

The boats of the PEOPLE'S LINE, the ST. JOHN and DREW, commence their regular trips to Albany on MONDAY, the 23d inst., at 6 o'clock P. M.

FOR ALBANY AND TROY, FARE $1 50, and proportionate reduction to all points West and North. The steamers C. VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT leave Pier No. 44 North River, (near foot Spring-st., daily, Saturdays excepted,) at 6 P. M. This is the cheapest and pleasantest route to the great West. Fare on Sunday evenings, $2.

FOR SAUGERTIES, LANDING AT Rhinebeck, Barrytown and Tivoli.—The steamer ANSONIA, Capt. OSTERHOUDT, will leave the Pier foot of Franklin-st. every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY afternoon at 5 o'clock. Returning, will leave Saugerties TUESDAY and FRIDAY afternoons at the same hour.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager....MR. LESTER WALLACK
PARTICULAR NOTICE.
DOORS OPEN 7¼; PERFORMANCE COMMENCES AT 10 MINUTES BEFORE 8.
It is respectfully announced that
ROSEDALE,
although in the zenith of its attraction and success, can only be performed
SEVEN NIGHTS MORE,
in consequence of forthcoming novelties.
NEW SCENERY,
BEAUTIFUL APPOINTMENTS,
NOVEL EFFECTS,
SPLENDID COSTUMES,
AND THE FOLLOWING GREAT CAST:
MR. LESTER WALLACK, MR. JOHN GILBERT, MR. GEO. HOLLAND, MR. B. T. RINGGOLD, MR. C. H. ROCKWELL, MISS LIZZIE TIMONEY, MR. J. C. WILLIAMSON, MR. G. F. BROWNE, MR. W. H. POPE, MR. T. J. WARD, MR. E. CASHIN, MISS ROSE EYTINGE, MRS. VERNON, MISS FANNY MORANT, MRS. CLARA JENNINGS, MRS. JOHN SEFTON, MISS MARY BARRETT, MISS CARMAN.

STEINWAY HALL.

FINAL FAREWELL READINGS.
FIVE IN NUMBER.
Mr.
CHARLES DICKENS
WILL READ
(for the last time but four,)
On MONDAY EVENING, April 13,
his
DOCTOR MARIGOLD,
and
(for the first time in New-York,)
MRS. GAMP.
On TUESDAY EVENING, April 14,
(last time but three,)
his
NICHOLAS NICKLEBY
(at Mr. Squeers' School,)
and
BOOTS AT THE HOLLY TREE INN.
On THURSDAY EVENING, April 16,
(last time but two,)
his
DAVID COPPERFIELD
and
MR. BOB SAWYER'S PARTY,
(from Pickwick.)
On FRIDAY EVENING, April 17,
(last time but one,)
his
DOCTOR MARIGOLD
and
MRS. GAMP.
On MONDAY EVENING, April 20,
(last time,)
his
CHRISTMAS CAROL
and
THE TRIAL FROM PICKWICK.
The Readings will commence at 8 o'clock.

Reserved Seats $2 each.

The sale of tickets for the Course of Five Readings only will take place at Steinway Hall on MONDAY, March 30, commencing at 9 A. M.

Should any tickets remain unsold they will be disposed of on TUESDAY, March 31, and following days, at the same time and place.

BENEFIT OF THE BOONE FAMILY.

At Steinway Hall, on MONDAY EVENING, March 30, 1868, Mrs. ANNA B. BOONE and her four CHILDREN, including Daniel, the youngest orator in the world, will appear at Steinway Hall, assisted by Mme. Marie Abbott, Vocalist; J. R. Thomas, the Vocalist; J. E. Frobisher, the Reader, and others.
Tickets, 50 cents. Reserved seats, $1.
Doors open at 7 o'clock; commence at 8.

MISS LACOSTE'S RECITAL OF JULIUS CÆSAR.

DE GARMO'S HALL—5th-av. and 14th-st.,
NEXT MONDAY EVENING, AT 8.
Tickets $2, at Hall, Nos. 895, 701, 652, 114 Broadway.

THE NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, No. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st., No. 820 Broadway, and Nos. 128, 130 and 132 Court-st., corner of State-st., Brooklyn.
EDWARD MOLLENHAUER, }
ALOIS F. LEJEAL, } Musical Directors.
HENRY MOLLENHAUER, }
S. N. GRISWOLD, Treasurer.

FINE ARTS.

NEW PAINTINGS.

AT S. P. AVERY'S GALLERY,
No. 82 5th-av.
Open daily from 9 A. M. until dark, and MONDAY EVENINGS from 7 until 10 P. M.

LECTURES.

COOPER UNION, FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE AND ARTS.—The last lecture of the course on Practical Physiology will be delivered by Dr. J. S. LAMBERT, in the music-room of the Cooper Institute, THIS (Saturday) EVENING, March 28, at 8 o'clock. Subject: *Causes that Influence Personal Appearance Favorably or Unfavorably, Permanent or Controllable, Practical not only to the Artist and Student, but to All.* Admission free.
ABRAM S. HEWITT, Secretary.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE MANTELS—A LARGE STOCK ON hand all ready for setting up in buildings, which must be sold in the next thirty days, at any price, on account of rebuilding. A. KLABER, No. 134 East 18th-st., near 3d-av.

MARBLE MANTELS.—A FINE SELECTION at reduced prices, at S. KLABER'S manufactory, No. 52 1st-av., near 3d-st. Call before buying elsewhere.

MARBELIZED SLATE MANTELS—Half the price of marble. Send for a circular. T. B. STEWART, 605 6th-av., bet. 35th and 36th sts.

HOTELS.

WESTMINSTER HOTEL,

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
CORNER OF IRVING-PLACE AND 16TH-ST.
And PUBLIC RESTAURANT for ladies, gentlemen and families, fitted in superior style, and its larder constantly supplied with the choicest luxuries of the season.
ROBERTS, PALMER & FERRIN, Proprietors.

RAILROADS.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT—CHANGE OF TIME.
Leave James-slip:
9 A. M., mail train, for Greenport and all way-stations, connecting at Mineola with trains for Glen Cove and Hempstead.
11 A. M., Syosset passenger trains and all way-stations.
3 P. M., Express train for Riverhead.
4 P. M., Syosset and Glen Cove passenger train and all way-stations.
5 P. M., Farmingdale and Hempstead, passenger train, and for North Islip SATURDAYS only.
Sunday excursion train leaves Hunter's Point 9:15 A. M., arrives at Hunter's Point at 4:40 P. M. To take effect Nov. 4, 1867.
I. D. BARTON, Superintendent.

PEIPHER'S DAILY LINE OF TRANSPORTATION.

On and after Nov. 1, 1867, the Peiphers' Daily Line will receive and transport goods and merchandise to Harrisburg and stations beyond, from the depot of the Morris and Essex Railroad Company, Pier No. 26 North River. All goods received up to 4 o'clock P. M. will be forwarded the same day. Freight taken at lowest rates and forwarded with dispatch.

Mark goods "Via Peipher daily line to Harrisburg, Penn." J. B. MONTGOMERY,
Proprietor Peipher Line.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:

8 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
8:30 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville and intermediate stations.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
3:30 P. M.—Way Train for Middletown and intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M.—Way Express, stopping only at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and stations west of Turner's, to Port Jervis, Newburgh and Warwick.
5 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
5:30 P. M.—Night Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points South and West.
6 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South. By this train sleeping-coaches will run through to Cincinnati without change.
8 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.
Also, Way Trains for Boiling Spring, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M. and 1:45, 4, 6:45 and 11 P. M. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock for Suffern and intermediate stations.

SUNDAY TRAINS.—8:30 A. M. Way Train for Otisville; 12 M. and 3:30 P. M. for Paterson; 6:30 P. M. Night Express for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca and all points West and South; 8 P. M. Emigrant and Way Train; 11 P. M. for Paterson and Port Jervis.

Express Trains run through to Salamanca, Dunkirk and Buffalo without change of coaches, and in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.

Perfectly ventilated and luxurious sleeping coaches accompany all Night Trains.

Tickets can be obtained at the Company's offices, No. 241 Broadway; depot foot of Chambers-st., New-York, also at Long Dock Depot, Jersey City.

An illustrated Guide to the principal suburban places on the line of the Eastern Division of this Railway has been prepared, and can be obtained at the office of the Company, free of charge, by those wishing to personally examine the region referred to, with the view of settlement.
WM. R. BARR, H. RIDDLE,
Gen'l Pass. Agent. Gen'l Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 25, 1867, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

8 A. M. Express train, via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.

10 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with trains for the West, and at Troy with trains for the North.

11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.

3:45 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.

4:35 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; and at Albany with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.

6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection for Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.

11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North.

A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 9 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 3 P. M., arriving in New-York at 6:40.

Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:40 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 4:20 P. M., arriving in New-York at 12 M.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5:30 and 9:25 A. M., 1:22, 4:22, 5:23 and 6:30 P. M. The 5:30, 1:22 and 4:22 run to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Supt.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—SATURDAY.

THE "RAGE" OF THE TOWN.
Signal triumph of G. L. Fox's new comic pantomime,
AFTERNOON at 1½, and TO-NIGHT at 8. | HUMPTY DUMPTY, HUMPTY DUMPTY, HUMPTY DUMPTY.
G. L. FOX..CLOWN
Densely crowded. Throngs turned away. Reserved seats all sold one days ahead. Uproarious fun, splendid comic tricks. "The" event of the theatrical year.
Mlles. RITA SANGALI, BETTY RIGL,
Mlle. LEAH, Mons. BAPTISTAN.
Grand Skating Scene, led by
Miss CARRIE A. MOORE and J. ENGLER.
FUNNIEST PANTOMIME | BEST BALLET.
BEST SCENERY. | FINEST SPECTACLE.
MATINEES WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.

HUMPTY DUMPTY ON THE WALL.

PANTOMIME. | MATINEE AND NIGHT. MATINEE AND NIGHT. MATINEE AND NIGHT. | BALLET.
Just the entertainment for children. Full of Fun, and brilliantly diversified with excellent Singing, Dancing, Comic Tricks, Magnificent Transformations, Grotesque Humor, Startling Illusions, and Matchless Scenery.
BURLESQUE. | MATINEE AND NIGHT. MATINEE AND NIGHT. MATINEE AND NIGHT. | SPECTACLE.
MATINEE PRICES.—Admission, 75c.; Balcony Chairs, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Family Circle, 50c.; children, 50c. Open at 12½; begins at 1½.
EVENING.—Open at 7; begins at 8 o'clock.
OLYMPIC THEATRE—SATURDAY.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager...........................WM. WHEATLEY
Curtain rises 7¾. Terminates at 11 o'clock.
TWO PERFORMANCES.
AFTERNOON AT 1—EVENING AT 7¾.
SATURDAY, March 28, 1868,
will be presented, for the 72d and 73d times, the
WHITE
FAWN,
introducing JARRETT & PALMER'S great Parisienne BALLET TROUPE.
Perfect Acting, New Dances,
Superb Scenery, Delightful Music,
Splendid Effects, Spirited Marches,
Rich Costumes, Increased Orchestra,
Full Chorus, Grand Tableaux.
The piece, pronounced the
BEST AND MOST COSTLY
EVER PRESENTED IN AMERICA,
concludes with
THE DESCENT OF THE DRAGON FLY,
A TRANSFORMATION SCENE
OF PLEASING DEVICE,
unapproachable for its
BEAUTY, ENCHANTMENT, FASCINATION,
AND FINISH.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY,
AT ONE O'CLOCK.
Seats secured six days in advance.

WORRELL SISTERS' NEW-YORK THEATRE,

Nos. 728 and 730 Broadway.—Admission, 50 cents. Last night of the highly successful engagement of Miss KATE REIGNOLDS. CAMILLE MATINEE at 2 o'clock; at night 8 o'clock. MONDAY—Joint benefit of Messrs. J. S. Shell and J. C. Denham, Scenic Artist and Stage Machinists. The HIDDEN HAND and the screaming farce of NO will be given with a host of volunteer talent. TUESDAY—Benefit of Mr. G. H. Clarke, on which occasion LIGHT AT LAST will be presented. The beneficiary performs his original character of John Wilkins Millstone, the performance commencing with a laughable farce. Box-book now open.

BARNEY WILLIAMS' BROADWAY THEATRE.

THIS SATURDAY. TWO PERFORMANCES.
CHANFRAU and JOE AT BOTH.
ONLY JOE MATINEE.
MATINEE at 1½. | EVENING at 7¾.
CHANFRAU. | CHANFRAU IN
ONLY JOE | Four Characters
MATINEE. | IN JOE.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

Fourteenth-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT..Director
MATINEES AT 2½ O'CLOCK,
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
First week in America of
THE WONDERFUL CYNOCEPHALUS;
THE WONDERFUL CYNOCEPHALUS;
THE WONDERFUL CYNOCEPHALUS;
OR, L'ECUYER QUADRUMANE.
OR, L'ECUYER QUADRUMANE.
THIS REMARKABLE ANIMAL
RIVALS THE GREATEST HUMAN RIDERS
IN DARING FEATS OF EQUESTRIANISM.
MR. H. B. WILLIAMS,
THE GREATEST OF ENGLISH JESTERS,
THE MAMMOTH CIRCUS TROUPE,
IN BRILLIANT AND VARIED ACTS,
TRAINED HORSES, PERFORMING PONIES
AND COMIC MULES.

BANVARD'S OPERA HOUSE,

Corner Broadway and 30th-st.
SATURDAY MATINEE, AND EVENING
BENEFIT OF J. H. BUDWORTH,
who will appear in three glorious pieces,
RIP VAN WINKLE, THE VICTIMS, AND
PERSECUTED DUTCHMAN.
Matinee commences at 2 o'clock.

BOWERY THEATRE.

Mr. and Mrs. EDWIN BLANCHARD, Miss TERESA BERRY. Don Juan. The Spectre on Horseback. Peggy Green. A Tale of a Tar. Ronzani. Bella Jerenia.

IRVING HALL—TO-NIGHT.

FIFTH SOIREE OF CHAMBER MUSIC,
THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, MARCH 28, AT 8.
PROGRAMME.
Octet, Spohr; Faschingsschwank, Schuman; Quartet, string, B flat, op. 130, Beethoven.
WILLIAM MASON, THEODORE THOMAS,
JOSEPH MOSENTHAL, GEORGE MATZKA,
FREDERICK BERGNER.

GRAND DUCHESSE OF GEROLSTEIN.

"Song of the Letters," 50c.; "Sword of my Father," 40c.; "Tell Him," 40c.; "Grand Valse," 40c.; "Sabre Galop," 35c.; Flute or Violin Arrangements, 15c.
FREDERICK BLUME, No. 1,125 Broadway,
Second door above 25th-st. Branch No. 208 Bowery.

CHAMPAGNE CHARLIE.

Song, 30c.; with colored lithograph, 50c.; schottisch, 50c.; galop, 40c. Flute or violin arrangement, 15c.
FREDERICK BLUME, No. 1,125 Broadway,
second door above 25th-st. Branch No. 208 Bowery.

MUSICAL.

HAZELTON BROS.

OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES,
With Full Iron Frame and Agraffe Treble.
Factory and Warerooms, Nos. 147 and 149 Greene-st., corner of Houston-st.

NEW PIANOS TO RENT.

First-class in every respect, at decidedly lower rates than any other first-class house in the City.
HAINES BROTHERS,
New warerooms, No. 46 East 14th-st., Union-square.
N. B.—Please call and satisfy yourself.

WATERS' FIRST PREMIUM PIANOS, with iron frame, overstrung Bass and Agraffe bridge, melodeons, parlor, church and cabinet organs, the best manufactured, warranted for six years. 100 pianos, melodeons and organs, of six first-class makers, at low prices for cash, or one-fifth cash and the balance in monthly installments, for rent, and rent-money applied if purchased. Illustrated catalogues mailed. Warerooms, No. 481 Broadway, New-York. HORACE WATERS & CO.

ARION PIANO-FORTE.—PATENTED; highest premium awarded over all, even the renowned World's Exposition Pianos. Send for descriptive pamphlet, price list, &c. Manufactory and warerooms, Nos. 187 and 189 Bowery. MANNER & CO.

20 SECOND-HAND PIANOS OF VARIOUS makers for sale at low prices by
CHICKERING & SONS, No. 652 Broadway.
Pianos to rent.

A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED stock of new and second-hand pianos for sale and to let on the most resonable terms at L. P. CUMMINGS', No. 8 Union-square.

WEST SIDE; OR CHAMPAGNE CHARLIE GALOP—Price 40 cents; the best arrangement published. For sale by G. SCHIRMER, No. 701 Broadway.

WANTED—FOR AN EPISCOPAL CHURCH, A leading soprano, competent and a good reader; salary $150. Address SOPRANO, Box 195 *Times* Office.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.

PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.

Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine, at one interview.

Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, 129 Liberty-st., N. Y., or sent by mail, free of postage.

TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery over 30 years, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all obstructions from whatever cause, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Her INFALLIBLE FRENCH MONTHLY PILLS, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, price $5, which are specially prepared, and can never fail, are safe and healthy. Sold ONLY at her office, No. 1 East 52d-st., first door from 5th-av., or sent by mail. CAUTION—All others are counterfeits. No charge for advice. Her circular, "TO THE MARRIED" sent free.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 130 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

NEW TREATISE ON STRICTURE.—Its true Nature and Rational Treatment; its Symptoms, Causes, Varieties and Consequences; also diseases RESEMBLING IT. By Dr. RALPH. Price 25 cents. Office No. 141 8th-st., near Broadway, from 8 to 1 and 6 to 9, or address Box No. 5,753 Post-office.

THE PRIVATE LYING-IN INSTITUTE, No. 8 Amity-place, Dr. H. D. GRINDLE, Physician and Accoucheur.—Sure relief in all female complaints from whatever cause produced; pleasant rooms, skillful nursing and medical attendance.

LADIES, DOCTOR ALLEN, NO. 119 Greenwich-av., insures immediate relief from whatever cause produced, with safety. An experienced female physician in attendance. Consultation letter free.

LADIES' SURE ASSISTANT IMMEDIATELY.—Dr. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st., with or without medicines. Can return same day. Certain at one trial.

YOUTHFUL VIGOR AND MANHOOD REGAINED by using Dr. Powers' Elixir, and unfortunates cured without mercury positively. Office, 191 Stanton-st.

RELIEF TO LADIES IN TROUBLE, BY DR. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st. His medicines act immediately. Confidential circular sent by first post.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED, WITHOUT MERCURY, by Dr. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st. Invigorating pills for impaired manhood. Ladies' troubles cured.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORSE cases of certain diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. No. 3 Division-st. Book of sixty pages and advice free.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROPS—THE ONLY thing on earth that will really cure certain diseases without injury to the constitution; all others dry it in the blood. $1 per vial. No. 3 Division-st., since 1834.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores vigor of youth in one week; gives health and strength to the most debilitated; $5 per bottle. No. 3 Division-st. Book on nervous debility, 60 pages, gratis.

THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

Progress of the Campaign—National Issues Alone Discussed—Each Party Confident of Success—Incidents of the Canvass—Estimates and Prospects—The Foreign and the Native Vote—Change in the Character of the Population, &c., &c.

From Our Special Correspondent.

NEW-HAVEN, Friday, March 27, 1868.

Whichever way the Connecticut election may go this year, neither party can complain that its cause has not been fully and fairly presented to the people on its merits, unembarrassed by side issues. The canvass is conducted on both sides solely with reference to national politics, and free from local questions of any sort. Nor can there be any complaint of a want of exertion on either side. Both parties are doing everything that lies in their power to carry the day, and they have succeeded in enlisting the attention of the people to an extent never before witnessed in a political campaign in this State.

The meetings of both sides, but more especially those of the Republicans, are more largely attended than was ever known before, and a deeper interest seems to be felt by the masses in the result of the contest. On the Republican side upward of four hundred meetings are appointed to be held in different parts of the State during the next eight days, and among the speakers whose services have been secured are Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine; Gov. Curtin and Hon. W. D. Kelly, of Pennsylvania; Gen. Gibson, Gov. Blair and Gen. Garfield, of Ohio; Gov. Williams and Gen. Washburn, of Indiana; Hon. Ignatius Donnelly, of Wisconsin; Gen. Hite, of Missouri; Gen. Sickles, Gen. Pleasanton, Gen. Cochran, Gen. Harriman, Major Heggerty, and others of New-York; Gen. Benham, of Washington; Carl Shurz, Richard McCloud, and a score of others. The Democrats have a programme of nearly equal length with such stars as Senator Doolittle, Dan Voorhies, E. O. Perrin, Perkins Cleaveland, Mayor Hoffman, and others of less brilliancy. The Democracy, however, are compelled to exercise more caution here than in some other States in the selection of their speakers. They have not deemed it prudent, for instance, to invite that staunch New-Jersey Democrat, Rev. C. CHAUNCEY BURR, whose notions about assassination and the "patriotism" and "courage" of WILKES BOOTH, it was feared, might not accord with Connecticut Democracy. HENRY CLAY DEAN, too, has been left off the list; and even Mr. BABCOCK, the Collector of New-Haven, and Mr. CLEAVELAND, the Postmaster of Hartford, are asked to keep shady.

Somehow or other, the more respectable Democrats from abroad appear to hesitate about coming here to take part in the campaign; or, if they do consent to come, they seem to think they owe an excuse to the public for so doing. For instance, the New-Haven public were considerably amused at seeing it announced in several of the New-York morning papers, yesterday, that Gen. HANCOCK was to leave Washington for Connecticut to attend the bedside of his sick son, who is at school here. It may relieve the anxiety of the fond parent to be told that this announcement, which was paraded with such unanimity by the Washington correspondents, was read to the invalid son while partaking of a hearty breakfast, and that he and his comrades had a jolly laugh at the expense of the politicians and their tricks. The Democratic leaders here have made great efforts to induce the General to come to Connecticut; and it is surmised that they intend, when he arrives, to nominate him for President, and thus settle by one grand extemporaneous stroke of policy the embarrassing question as to who is to lead the National Democracy to defeat in the contest next Summer.

The extraordinary exertions being made by both parties will doubtless draw out the largest vote ever polled in the State. Last year the total vote was 94,143. This year it will not probably fall short of 100,000. The majority for ENGLISH last year was 987, but the Governor ran ahead of his ticket—the average Democratic majority being only 600. Of course, with such a close vote as this, and in so even-balanced a State as Connecticut always is, it would be folly to attempt to predict with any great degree of confidence what the result will be on Monday week. The State Central Committee, however, and the Republicans, so far as I have observed, feel very sanguine of winning. As the time for registration only expired yesterday, they have not been able yet to fully complete the canvass of the State, but they rely upon large gains to the party over last year's vote from the following causes: In the first place the Eight-hour law, which the Democrats last year took under their special championship, has not fulfilled the expectations which the workingmen were led to indulge in by its advocates, but has rather fulfilled the predictions of the Republicans, who, without actively opposing the law, were honest enough to tell the workingmen that it would do them no good. It has turned out as they said, and a reaction has taken place among laboring men against the party that deceived them. They have discovered that Democrats are no more willing than Republicans to pay as much for eight hours labor as they would pay for ten, and the result is they get pay by the hour, and they can work ten hours or five, just as they please.

In the second place, there is a large number of Federal office-holders who, last year, went almost in a body for ENGLISH, but who will this year go for JEWELL. In the canvass last Spring the Democrats used to head their handbills "ENGLISH and JOHNSON," and those who held office under the latter, however strong Republicans they might be at heart, were, in a measure, compelled, by the aspect which the canvass took, to vote the Democratic ticket if they wished to hang on to their places. Now, however, it is entirely different. The Government office-holders are now all either active Republicans or open avowed Democrats. No one seems to stand in any fear of ANDY JOHNSON, or to care anything about him, one way or the other. This, indeed, is a very noticeable feature of the campaign here on both sides. The President appears to be regarded on all hands as a "dead duck," about which the less said the better. The Democratic speakers, generally, do little more for him than to adopt the language of their platform, and tell the people that he has done nobly, and that he "deserves and will receive the thanks of the country."

On the subject of impeachment, too, they are strangely reserved, and only cite it as one of the many evidences of the recklessness and tyranny of the Radical "Rump." The Republican speakers, on the contrary, boldly justify and advocate impeachment, and invariably receive the unbounded applause of their hearers. The Central Committee say that they have yet to see the first Republican in the State who is not heartily in favor of impeachment, and they even claim this as one of the causes which is to increase their vote at the coming election; and this too among the Irish as well as the American population. Large numbers of the Irish hereabouts are loud in their cries for "impeachment," owing to JOHNSON's alleged coldness toward the Fenian movement. RICHARD MCCLOUD, the "Head Centre" of the Connecticut Fenians, is stumping the State for the Republicans, and a large share of the votes of the order will doubtless be cast for JEWELL.

Lastly, the name of GRANT, who has been indorsed by the Republican State Convention as their candidate for the Presidency, is proving of immense advantage to the party in the campaign. At all the public meetings I have attended the mention of his name is received with unbounded cheers, and the feeling everywhere seems to prevail that a vote for JEWELL in the coming election is a vote for GRANT. The personal popularity of Mr. JEWELL, by the way, is also a strong element on which the Republicans base their hopes of success. The City of Hartford, where he resides, which gave four or five hundred majority for the Democrats last Spring, is regarded as sure to go Republican at this election.

Their candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. FRANCIS WAYLAND, who resides here, is also a popular and highly esteemed gentleman, and enters into the canvass with the spirit of a man who is determined to win. He is a son of the late Dr. WAYLAND, so long the distinguished President of Brown University and writer on moral science and political economy, and has been Judge of Probate of this city. The other candidates on the State ticket are all unexceptionable men, and popular in their respective districts.

On the other side, the Democrats profess to be equally confident of carrying the State, and are laying their pipes with great diligence and shrewdness. Their chief reliance is on the manufacture of new voters from the foreign population. They estimate an addition of 3,000 votes to their ticket from this source, and the Republicans generally concede them two-thirds of that number. They have been running the naturalization mill with great activity during the last two weeks in this city, where more than in any other place the foreign vote abounds, and where they claim to have added over 1,000 to their ranks this year. The Courts, the prosecuting officer and all other functionaries whose duty it is to guard against a violation of the law, are active partisans of the Democratic Party, and the Republicans complain of the most barefaced frauds in naturalization and the registering of voters, which they are utterly powerless to prevent. The Democratic majority in New-Haven last year was 1,800 out of a vote of 7,000, and the opposition assert that the fraudulent foreign vote in one ward of the city was more than enough to make up ENGLISH's majority. This year the Democrats feel sure of 2,500 majority in the city, and the Republicans are by no means sure they won't get it. As an offset to this, the Republicans claim the larger share of the new American vote throughout the State, which is to be cast by young men who have attained their majority since last election, and which will probably not fall short of 2,000.

Thus it will be seen that so far as the figuring goes the slate remains about the same as last year; but the Republicans expect to bring out their whole strength this Spring, which, owing to the mixed condition of things in the political world, they did not do last year, and this, in connection with the fact that the canvass is now waged on national issues exclusively, and is regarded by the people as the first heavy gun of the Presidential campaign, may work a much greater change in the vote of last year than is anticipated by either party. Were the vote confined to the native population of the State there would no doubt about the result; the Republican majority might be estimated by thousands; but Connecticut, like other manufacturing portions of New-England, is rapidly changing the character of her population. Two-thirds of the vote of the State lies along the New-Haven, Hartford and Shore Line Railroads, where the foreign element is becoming stronger and stronger every year, with little or no increase in the native population. In twenty years more the real New-England of the past will be found in the valley of the Mississippi, and then Gov. SEYMOUR and Mayor HOFFMAN and the Democracy of the country generally will have to cease berating the "Puritanism" of this unhappy section, lest they tread on the corns of two Irishmen to one Yankee. By that time Connecticut will go the straight Democratic ticket every pop, provided the Democratic party shall survive so long. S.

Republican Mass Meeting at Hartford—Speeches by Carl Schurz and Gens. Sickles and Pleasonton.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

HARTFORD, Friday, March 27.

The Republicans had a large gathering at Allyn Hall, in this city, to-night, which was ably addressed by Ex-Gov. BLAIR, of Michigan, and Major HAGGERTY, of New-York. A meeting of Germans was also held at Central Hall, to listen to a speech from CARL SCHURZ, who has just returned from Europe.

Gen. SICKLES and Gen. PLEASONTON spoke to-night in Brooklyn, and on Monday evening are to address a mass-meeting in this city, to be held under the auspices of the Grand Army of the Republic, which will be the largest meeting of the campaign.

VIRGINIA.

The Judiciary Settled—Progressing to a Conclusion—Our Embassy to Washington—Interview with Gen. Grant—What Came of it—Serious Shooting Affray.

From Our Own Correspondent.

RICHMOND, Monday, March 23.

The Convention is progressing, and if the money can be raised to pay the expenses, it is highly probable our Constitution will be framed and ready for the verdict of the people before the 1st of May. To-day, after a full and free debate, the Judiciary article was finally adopted. It provides for Judges of the Supreme Court, five in number, and sixteen Judges of Circuits, to be selected by the Legislature, and a county Judge for each county. Dr. BAYNE made no less than twenty-five speeches during the day on their qualifications and character, and the proper mode of electing the Judges. His remarks were characterized by the usual amount of logic and good sense. He thought if the people were good enough to elect the Legislature they might also be trusted with the choice of their Judges.

This article being completed and sent to the Committee on Revision, the next subject in order will be the article reported by the Committee on Education. But as to-morrow has been fixed for the further, and it is to be hoped final, discussion of the elective franchise question, education will have to go over. In view of the fact that the suffrage question comes up to-morrow, a Republican caucus is called for to-night to complete the list of those whom it is intended to disfranchise.

BAYNE AND PLATTE.

Before the adjournment this evening, Dr. BAYNE rose to a privileged question, and asked what action the Convention intended to take in the case of Mr. PLATTE, (Radical, white,) who, on the 17th inst., committed a breach of the rules by calling him an impudent, or lying, or negro scoundrel.

The Chair ruled him out of order; as the objectionable words were not noticed at the time, it was now too late to call the gentleman from Petersburg to account. BAYNE appealed from the decision of the Chair, but the appeal was not sustained. Mr. PLATTE said that under the same circumstances he should use the same language. He had no apology to make. The colored members were very generally indignant. Mr. LEWIS LINDSAY said if such insulting language was to be allowed, he too knew how to use it.

Mr. NORTON (colored) was surprised at such language so insulting to their race, coming from their own side of the House, and from one indebted to their votes for his position. The white Republicans must recollect that they were all in the same boat, and that they must not only be recognized as the political, but as the social equals of their white friends. Mr. MORRISSEY (Radical) said it was too late now to rectify the matter before the Convention, although he would like to see the gentleman from Petersburg rebuked for so gross a violation of the rules.

Mr. PLATTE—Sir, if you wish to take it up you can get whatever you want.

Mr. MORRISSEY—I am speaking to a parliamentary question, Sir, and will attend to the gentleman, who seems to be getting rather hot, when I get through.

Dr. BAYNE—Mr. President, I wish to ask if it has been decided that the Convention has nothing to do with the matter?

PRESIDENT—Such is the decision, Sir.

BAYNE—That's all I wanted to know. Now I can settle it with the gentleman outside.

The Convention then adjourned, and the reporters rushed frantically to the front of the Capitol, where PLATTE had taken his position, anxious to see this anticipated "Fort Sumter" of the war of races. But BAYNE did not make his appearance. He remained inside, surrounded by LEWIS LINDSAY, JOE COX and a strong body-guard of his black friends.

OUR WASHINGTON EMISSARIES.

One day last week, before the great snow fell, but just after the first thunder shower of the season, a party of the leading white Republicans of the City, consisting of J. L. C. DANNER, a German lawyer, who took an active part in the war for the Confederacy, but who six months ago was healed and made whole by joining the Union League, (the only Confederate in Virginia who has had the courage to do so,) BURNHAM WARDWELL, Mr. WEGAND, Mr. VAN LEW and two others left for Washington in a very mysterious manner. Various were the surmises and rumors as to the objects of the embassy. The papers here said DANNER had gone for the purpose of having registration of the naturalized citizens declared null and void by Gen. GRANT, while others came nearer the mark by guessing that it was to work for the recall of Gen. SCHOFIELD, who cannot suit them, no matter what he may do short of giving to each a good fat office.

Well, this morning they returned, and I now learn that they had an interview with Senators WILSON, MORTON and others at the Capitol, and laid their grievances before them, which were that Gen. SCHOFIELD paid no regard to the Radicals here in his appointments to office, but when he turned out one set of officers he replaced them by others who favored the rebels and would show no respect whatever to the Republicans. They also represented that, as Radicals, they were held in such detestation by the white element here as to be almost deprived of the means of gaining a living, and unless they were aided by the party and placed in power, it would be impossible for a white Radical to live in Virginia.

After hearing what they had to say, the Senators gave them a letter of introduction to Gen. GRANT. They called upon the General, and laid their complaints before him. He said he would write to Gen. SCHOFIELD. This did not suit their purpose, however, and finally the General told them that he would send one of his aids down to investigate their causes of complaint. One of Gen. GRANT's aids, Col. BABCOCK, has been in the city ever since Saturday, and has had business at headquarters in regard to this very matter.

THE SHOOTING SEASON.

The snow has melted away, the wind is gentle, the weather fair and pleasant, the shooting season has commenced. This morning, just before daylight, a party engaged in gambling got into a row at the Monticello House, in Broad-street, and a recently discharged soldier, named GEORGE MEYER, was shot and mortally wounded by a merchant named VINCENT BORGOMEN. The latter was arrested, and was this morning admitted to bail in the sum of $3,000. The wounded man is still alive, but it is said cannot survive his injuries. This is the first case approaching anything like murder that we have had in the city for more than six months. About 10 o'clock in the morning, Main-street, near the *Dispatch* office, was the theatre of a most exciting scene. A guard of soldiers were escorting a prisoner to the Libby, when he broke and ran. The guard pursued and fired at the fugitive three times in the street, which was filled with men, women and children. Fortunately nobody, not even the escaped prisoner, was hurt, but it was not the fault of the guard. KAPPA.

The Westcott Homicide Case—Verdict Against the Prisoner, Who is Admitted to Bail.

Coroner FLYNN concluded the inquest yesterday over the body of HENRY WESTCOTT, *alias* Wallace, who died from compression of the brain caused by a beating at the hands of PATRICK D. BYRNES. The investigation was held at the Coroner's office, No. 4 Centre-street, which was crowded by politicians of all grades in the Democratic Party. Detective IRVING was examined and testified that between 1 and 2 o'clock on the morning of the 24th inst. he heard a disturbance at No. 45 East Houston-street. When he went there he saw the deceased lying on the floor, in an insensible and bleeding condition, from wounds on the right side of the head. Dr. POOLER ordered WESTCOTT to be taken to the New-York Hospital, as he would probably die before he could reach there. The witness asked for BYRNES, but could get no information regarding his whereabouts. He followed Mrs. LEWIS to the corner of Elizabeth and Houston streets, where the prisoner does business, when she told the officer on post to look out for and arrest BYRNES, as WESTCOTT was likely to die. BYRNES subsequently came out and was arrested, he saying that he intended to surrender himself, remarking also that it was a very unfortunate affair for the deceased and himself also.

Hugh Really, of No. 171 Forsyth-street, testified that on Monday evening he and Bernard Cotter met the deceased, who was intoxicated, and wanted them to go to Mrs. Lewis' to get some wine, saying that he intended to make that Irish gin-peddling —— Byrnes sick; he left the witness soon after, who knew nothing of the homicide until he read it in the papers.

Bernard Cotter of No. 218 Mott-street, corroborated the testimony of the last witness. The case was then given to the jury who after protracted deliberation returned the following verdict:

"That the deceased came to his death by blows received from PATRICK BYRNES, together with stamping and beating him in such a manner as to cause congestion of the brain and death."

The prisoner BYRNES was then formally examined by the Coroner. He is a native of Ireland, 27 years of age, a dealer in liquors, and resides at No. 71 East Houston-street. In answer to the charge preferred he made the following statement: "On the night in question about 12:10 o'clock, I was coming toward No. 45 East Houston-street, and heard a noise. I proceeded up stairs to quell the disturbance, when I was assaulted by deceased, and thinking my life in danger, I turned to leave the room when HARRY WESTCOTT seized me by both arms and butted his head with great violence against mine. I tried to extricate myself by slinging him forcibly across the room, and getting disengaged I left the room. Further than that I have nothing to say."

The Coroner then allowed the prisoner to remain in temporary custody of an officer until 7 o'clock last evening, when he admitted BYRNES to bail in the sum of $2,500, to await the action of the Grand Jury. In order that this proceeding may be properly understood, it may be mentioned here that the Coroner's papers in the case bear the following note in pencil: "At the best, or rather worst, the offence is manslaughter in the fourth degree. Bail in $2,500, and papers to Grand Jury. A. O. H., D. A."

The Pavement Question.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The Mayor tells us in his veto message to the Common Council, that no petition has been presented by the owners and occupants of property on Maiden-lane for paving that street with the Nicolson pavement. The question arises, what has become of a petition signed by nearly *two hundred* of the owners and occupants of property, to have said street forthwith paved with the Nicolson pavement? Perhaps some one near the throne, who is largely interested in another wooden pavement, can tell.

MAIDEN-LANE.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

THE GREAT SHOOTING FESTIVAL of the North American Shooting Association, which is to be held from June 25 to July 6, will be, it is thought, one of the grandest affairs ever celebrated in this City. Already letters have been received promising a large attendance from nearly every town in the United States where there are shooting associations, and delegations are expected from kindred European societies. In Jones' Wood, the place selected for this great international shooting contest, workmen have already begun to prepare the ground for the erection of buildings necessary for the purpose, and for which no less a sum than $30,000 will be spent. These buildings are to remain in the park and will be a lasting ornament to it. Of the paper which, under the able superintendence of Gen. SIGEL, is edited to further the ends of this festivity, three numbers have been issued and the fourth will be ready in a few days. The Shooting Association, although consisting mostly of Germans, does not exclude any other nationality, a great many Americans being among its members.

ARRIVALS IN THE CITY.—Senator J. W. Grimes, of Iowa, and Hon. W. B. Allison, of Dubuque, are at the Brevoort House. Gen. Wager Swayne, of the United States Army, Hon. C. W. Woolley, of Cincinnati; Hon. W. P. Blake, of California, and Hon. J. W. Courtnay, of New-Orleans, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Hon. H. C. Lord, of Cincinnati; Hon. W. H. Draper, of Canada; Hon. Ira Goodnow, of Washington, and Hon. J. M. Walker, of Nevada, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Hon. J. H. Kemper, of Albany, is at the Metropolitan Hotel. Lieut.-Gov. Green, of Kansas, is at the St. James' Hotel. Gov. Curtin, of Pennsylvania; Hon. Luther Coldwell, of Albany; Hon. A. J. Storey, of Little Falls; Col. Johnson, of Florida; Major Mallery, U. S. A.; Mr. G. W. Holmes, of Philadelphia; Mr. J. W. Whitatch, of Montana; Gen. G. B. Dandy, U. S. A.; Judge Porter, Albany; Dr. Massie, J. C., of Texas; Mr. C. M. Smith, Springfield, Ill.; Capt. J. Murray, of California; Sam. S. Smoot, of Washington; Hon. N. Young, of New-York; Hon. Dewitt C. West, of Louisville, Ky.; Major C. C. Fitzgerald, Nicaragua, and J. Walter Scammell, of St. John, N. B., are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

POLICE ITEMS.—JOSEPH WOLFE, of No. 34 Orchard-street, aged 50 years, accidentally fell overboard yesterday, at the foot of East Fifth-street, and was rescued by Officer GOODWIN, of the Eleventh Precinct.... The public are cautioned against counterfeit 10s on the Flour City National Bank of Rochester, N.Y., now in circulation.... GABRIEL WHITE, of No. 7 Norfolk-street, was thrown out of his wagon in South-street, by a collision with a truck, yesterday, sustaining dangerous injuries.... Yesterday afternoon an unknown woman asked HONORA COLLINS, who was standing in front of a store in Grand-street, to hold her child a moment while she stepped in to make a purchase. The woman did not return, and the child, which is an infant a few weeks of age, was given in charge of the Police.

CHRISTIANITY AND THE LAW.—Last evening, JOHN NORTON POMEROY, LL.D., delivered a lecture on "Christianity and the Law," before the Young Men's Christian Association, corner of Fifth-avenue and Twenty-second-street. The lecturer reviewed in an able manner the origin and progress of Christianity, and noted the influence which it had exerted on different nations of the earth. He also dwelt on the law, human and Divine, and its relation to Christianity, pointing out the benefits which were enjoyed by communities that lived in accordance with the truths and teachings of Scripture.

ACCIDENTS.—THOMAS NEVENS fell on the sidewalk yesterday afternoon and cut his head so badly that he was removed to Bellevue Hospital.... JOSEPH CLOSSY fell from his cart and injured his head—sent to Bellevue Hospital.... JAMES A. REYNOLDS, of Chicago, fell from a stage yesterday afternoon in front of the Astor House and broke his ankle. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital.... At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon LOUIS NEIL, a boy of 17 years, employed in SHAEFFER's kindling-wood factory, in Twentieth-street, near Avenue A, was caught by one of the saws and his head terribly cut. He was removed to Bellevue Hospital in a dying condition.

AFFRAY IN WEST-STREET.—At 7 o'clock last evening an affray occurred in the liquor saloon No. 209 West-street, between THOMAS FITZPATRICK, the proprietor, and CHARLES NORRIS, who resides at No. 76 Greenwich-avenue. NORRIS was shot in the right breast, causing a severe wound, and was removed to the City Hospital. FITZPATRICK was arrested by Officer FULMER, of the Fifth Precinct.

A BOY STEALS A WATCH.—Dr. D. B. HOLTON, of No. 124 West Fifty-fourth-street, last evening took to Police Headquarters a boy named ARTHUR E. BICKSBY, whom he charged with stealing a valuable gold watch. The boy had been in Dr. HOLTON's employ for some time, and, having taken the watch, had attempted to sell it. He was locked up, and will be arraigned this morning.

SEMI-CENTENNIAL ANNIVERSARY.—The Seventh Presbyterian Church, corner of Monroe and Bridge streets, will hold its semi-centennial anniversary to-morrow. The sermon will be preached by Rev. J. M. DAWSON at 10 A. M. An historical address will be delivered by Rev. L. RALSTON, D. D., at 3 P. M., and addresses will be delivered in the evening.

NEW-JERSEY.

FOUR PERSONS POISONED.—Mrs. THOMPSON, wife of HENRY THOMPSON, residing at No. 45 Montgomery-street, Jersey City, her two small children and the servant girl, were poisoned and narrowly escaped death, the past week, through the carelessness of a druggist. It appears that Mrs. THOMPSON has been in the habit of purchasing small quantities of senna and figs from the druggist, to relieve costiveness. On Monday her little girl was sent for ten cents' worth, and upon taking a small quantity, Mrs. T. was prostrated with numbness of the nerves and dimness of vision. The child at her breast was affected in a similar manner, but nothing strange was thought of the matter until a couple of days after, when the little girl, and the servant-girl who also partook of the medicine, were taken down in a like manner. Dr. VARICK being called in, was of opinion that they had all been poisoned, and prescribed antidotes to counteract the effects, and the patients are all doing well. The case having been investigated, it was yesterday ascertained that Belladonna had been mixed with the senna and figs. Mr. THOMPSON intends to apply to the Courts for redress.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE HENRY WESCOTT.—The funeral of the late HENRY WESCOTT, who was killed in East Houston-street, New-York, took place yesterday afternoon from the residence of his mother in Grove-street, Jersey City. A large attendance of relatives and friends was present, and the services were conducted by Rev. Mr. RICE, in accordance with the forms of the Protestant Episcopal Church. The pall-bearers were Hon. Jacob R. Wortendyke, Wm. C. Traphagen, G. M. Olmsted, J. B. Cleveland, Mayor Van Reipen of Hudson City, Senator Winfield, Jacob Weart and A. A. Hardenburgh. The remains were conveyed to Hudson, New-York, for interment.

ITEMS.—The principal groceryman and tea-dealers have agreed to close their places of business at 8 P. M., except on Saturday.... JOHN HANNON, employed on the Morris and Essex Railroad, was struck by a locomotive near Orange, on Thursday, and was fatally injured.... The erection of a large public market has been commenced on the block of ground, corner of Warren and York streets, Jersey City.... Late on Wednesday night a difficulty occurred at Trenton between two colored men, HENRY JOHNSON and ANDERSON "BUCK" HOGLAND, and the latter received five stab wounds in the back, and will probably die.... The funeral of Col. CARTWRIGHT, formerly of the Twenty-eighth Massachusetts Regiment, took place in Newark yesterday.... A bill to establish the New-Jersey Detective Agency has passed both the Houses of the Legislature.

FOUND DEAD.—Yesterday forenoon, a man named PETER VANDERHOOF, while gathering wood on the meadows near the plank road bridge, discovered the body of a boy apparently 12 to 14 years of age. It was removed to the deadhouse in Newark, and an inquest will be held to-day.

PERSONAL.—List of Americans registered at J. W. TUCKER & Co.'s, Nos. 3 and 5 Rue Scribe, Paris, up to 12th March, 1868.—Mr. and Mrs. George Ronalds, Mrs. A. E. Vintorn, H. B. Townsend, W. S. Wilson, New-York; D. C. Griswold, Master L. C. Griswold, Newell Clark, Mrs. H. B. Erskine, Dr. C. R. Broadbent, Mrs. C. R. Broadbent, Mrs. D. C. Griswold, Boston; George Gage, George Gage, Jr., Buffalo, New-York; George H. Howe, Cleveland, Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Wales and children, New-York; Geo. H. Kirby, M. D., R. F. Gatling, United States; Richard Evans, London.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Friday, March 27—11:15 A. M.

Consols are steady at 93@93⅛ for money and the account.

American securities open at the following rates:

United States Five-twenty Bonds steady at........72⅛

Erie Railway Shares........46

Illinois Central Railway Shares........89¼

FRANKFORT, Friday, March 27.

United States Five-Twenty Bonds open at 75¾@75⅞ for the old issue.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, March 27—11:15 A. M.

COTTON—The Brokers' Circular published to-day gives the following statistics of the Cotton market for the week: The total sales of the week ending last evening were 75,000 bales, including 11,000 for export, and 10,000 on speculation. The total stock of Cotton in port and on shipboard at present is estimated at 391,000 bales, of which 232,000 are American. The market has been generally quiet and steady, with a moderate business doing. The following are the authorized quotations:

Middling Uplands........10⅝d.

Middling Orleans........10⅞d.

The market to-day opens firmer, though quotably unaltered. The market is quite active, under a more favorable trade report, and the day's sales will probably foot up 12,000 bales. There is nothing doing in Cotton to arrive.

BREADSTUFFS—The market opens firm, though prices are unchanged. Corn 42s. ℔ quarter for New Mixed Western. Wheat—15s. 10d. ℔ cental for California White, and 14s. 1d. for No. 2 Red Western. Barley, 5s. 6d. ℔ bushel. Oats, 4s. 3d. ℔ bushel. Peas, 46s. 6d. ℔ quarter. Flour, 37s. ℔ bbl. for Western Canal.

PROVISIONS—The market opens quiet and steady. Beef, 120s. ℔ bbl. for Extra Prime Mess. Pork, 79s. ℔ bbl for Eastern Prime Mess. Lard, 62s. ℔ cwt. Cheese, 56s. ℔ cwt. for the best grades of fine. Bacon, 42s. 9d. ℔ cwt. for Cumberland Cut.

PRODUCE—Sugar, 25s. 6d. ℔ cwt. for No. 12 Dutch Standard. Resin, 6s. 9d. ℔ cwt. for common North Carolina: 12s. for medium. Turpentine, 34s. ℔ cwt. Tallow, 44s. 9d. ℔ cwt. Refined Petroleum, 1s. 3d. ℔ gallon. Spirits Petroleum, 1s. ℔ gallon. Linseed Cakes, £10 15s. ℔ ton for thin oblong for feeding.

LONDON, Friday, March 27—1:30 P. M.

Consols are quiet at 93@93⅛ for money and the account.

American securities are quoted at this hour as follows:

United States Five-twenties........72⅛@72¼

Erie Shares........46¾

Illinois Centrals........89½

LIVERPOOL, Friday, March 27—1:30 P. M.

COTTON—The market is active, and prices have advanced ⅛c. on American descriptions since the opening. It is now thought that the sales of the day will exceed the estimate made at noon by 3,000 bales, footing up at least 15,000 bales. The following are the quotations at this hour:

Middling Uplands........10¾d.

Middling Orleans........11d.

There is a large business doing in Cotton to arrive, and prices have advanced to 10¾d. for Middling Uplands. Circulars issued to-day give as the total stock of Cotton of all sorts afloat, and bound to this port, at 332,000. Of this amount, it is estimated, that at least 150,000 bales are on the way from the United States.

BREADSTUFFS—The market is firmer, and nearly all the articles in the list have materially advanced. Flour, 37s. 6d. ℔ bbl. for Western Canal. Wheat, 16s. ℔ cental for California White; 14s. 3d. for No. 2 Red Western. Corn, 42s. 3d. ℔ quarter for Mixed Western.

PROVISIONS—Bacon 43s. ℔ cwt. for Cumberland Cut. Cheese, 55s. 6d. ℔ cwt. for American fine. Pork, 79s. ℔ bbl. for Eastern Prime Mess.

PRODUCE—Spirits Petroleum 1s. ℔ gallon. Refined Petroleum, 1s. 3d. ℔ gallon.

ANTWERP, Friday, March 27.

PETROLEUM—The market is steady, and Standard White is quoted at 44 francs ℔ bbl.

LONDON, Friday, March 27—5 P. M.

Consols closed at 93@93⅛ for money and account.

United States Five-twenties........72¼

Illinois Central........89½

Erie Railway Shares........46

Atlantic and Great Western Consolidated Bonds........29¼

FRANKFORT, Friday, March 27—5 P. M.

United States Bonds closed firm at 75¾@75⅞.

LIVERPOOL, Friday, March 27—5 P. M.

COTTON—The market closed buoyant at the following authorized quotations:

Middling Uplands........10¾d.@10⅞d.

Middling Orleans........10⅞d.@11⅛d.

The sales of the day foot up 18,000 bales.

TRADE REPORT—Advices from Manchester are favorable. The market for goods and yarns is advancing.

BREADSTUFFS—The market closed strong at the following quotations: Corn, 42s. 3d. Wheat, 16s. for White California, and 14s. 3d. for No. 2 Red Western. Barley, 5s. 6d. Oats, 4s. 3d. Peas, 46s. 6d. Flour, 37s. 6d.

PROVISIONS—Beef, 120s. Pork, 79s. Lard, 62s. Cheese, 55s. 6d. Bacon, 43s.

PRODUCE—Sugar, 25s. 6d. Resin, Common, 6s. 9d.; Medium, 12s. Turpentine, 34s. Tallow, 44s. 9d. Refined Petroleum, 1s. 3d.; Spirits Petroleum, 1s. Linseed Cakes, £10 15.

ANTWERP, Friday, March 27—Evening.

PETROLEUM—The market closed firm; Standard White, 44 francs.

Domestic Markets.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, March 27.

TOBACCO active and higher; Lugs, $5 50@$9; Common to Medium Leaf, $9@$13 50; Good Shipping, $13 50@$15; Fillers and Wrappers, $17@$18; Bright Leaf, $18@$50. COTTON quiet; Low Middling, 21½c.@22c. FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT, except Fancy, declined 5c.; strictly Prime Red and Choice White sold at $2 60@$2 70; Spring, $2@$2 10. CORN slow and unchanged. OATS steady at 69c.@70c. BARLEY—Nothing done. RYE easier at $1 70@$1 73. PORK dull and weak; offered freely at $25. BACON dull and unchanged. BULK MEATS firm, but inactive; loose Shoulder, 10½c.; Rib Sides, 12¼c.; Hams 13½c. LARD very quiet at 16c. for choice Steam, and 17c. for Keg. CATTLE quiet, with a small business; common to choice Beeves, $4@$7 50; extra choice, $8@$8 25, gross. SHEEP, $4@$8 ℔ head. RECEIPTS to-day—3,200 bbls. Flour, 13,000 bushels Wheat, 7,000 bushels Corn, 12,000 bushels Oats, 3,200 bushels Barley, 1,000 bushels Rye.

CHICAGO, Friday, March 27.

FLOUR more active but unchanged. WHEAT more active and advanced 1c.@2c.; No. 1 Fresh, $2 24; No. 2, $1 96@$1 97, closing firm. CORN firmer; New steady; buyers at 81c., sellers at 81½c.; fresh receipts, 82c.@83½c.; No. 1 nominal at 84c.@84½c. OATS more active; Regular, 57½c.@58½c.; Fresh, 58½c.@59½c. RYE quiet and unchanged. BARLEY—Nothing doing. PORK unchanged; Mess nominal at $24; Prime Mess steady at $21; Rough Sides, loose, 11½c.; Bellies steady at 12½c., sacked. LARD nominal at 16c. LIVE HOGS firm, and advanced 15c.@25c.; Common to Extra Choice, $8@$9 50. BEEF CATTLE dull and declined 25c.; prime butchers' to good shipping Beeves, $5 75@$7 25. RECEIPTS to-day—7,000 bbls. Flour, 12,000 bushels Wheat, 19,000 bushels Corn, 9,000 bushels Oats, 1,700 Live Hogs. SHIPMENTS—6,000 bbls. Flour, 10,000 bushels Wheat, 14,000 bushels Corn, 10,000 bushels Oats, 1,800 Hogs.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, March 27.

COTTON active; sales to-day 9,000 bales; Middling, 25c.; receipts, 1,388 bales; exports, 210 bales. Sales of the week, 20,300 bales; receipts, 14,459 bales; exports—foreign, 25,266 bales; coastwise, 13,188 bales; stock on hand, 73,875 bales. SUGAR—The demand is confined to local trade; Fully Fair, 14½c. MOLASSES, 60c.@80c. for Common to Choice Reboiled. FLOUR weaker; Superfine, $10; Double Extra, $10 62½; Choice, $14 25. CORN active at $1@$1 05. OATS very firm at 77½c.@78c. HAY—Prime and Choice Western 19c.@20c.; held $1 higher. PORK dull and unsettled at $26@$26 50. BACON dull, with a jobbing business, at 12c.@16c. for Shoulders, Clear Ribbed and Clear Sides. LARD firm; Tierce, 17½c.; Keg, 18c. Gold, 139½@140. Sterling Bank Exchange, 151½@152. New-York Sight Exchange ¼ ℔ cent. premium.

CINCINNATI, Friday, March 27.

FLOUR in moderate demand at unchanged prices. WHEAT firmer and in good demand; Winter Red, $2 38 for No. 2 and $2 42@$2 45 for No. 1. CORN demanded at 84c.@85c. OATS advancing; sales at 70c. for No. 1. RYE and BARLEY unchanged. COTTON advancing and in good demand; Low Middling, 24c. PROVISIONS quiet and little doing; MESS PORK nominally unchanged. BULK MEATS in moderate demand at 10¾c.@12½c. for Shoulders and sides. BACON unchanged; fair jobbing business in Clear Rib and Clear Sides at 14½c.@15c., and sugar-cured HAMS, which are quoted at 18c.@18½c. LARD dull at 16c.@16½c. for Country and City. Gold, 138⅜. Money quiet.

OSWEGO, Friday, March 27.

FLOUR quiet and unchanged; sales of 600 bbls. at $11 for No. 1 Spring, $12 50 for Red Winter, $13 50 for White, and $13 75 for Double Extra. WHEAT scarce and firm at $2 45 for No. 1 Chicago Spring, $2 58 for No. 2, and $2 85 for Red Winter. CORN quiet but firm; sales of small lots at $1 27. BARLEY, RYE and OATS are scarce and nominal. MILL FEED steady; Shorts, $36; Shipstuffs, $40@$42 per ton. RAILROAD FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, $1 10; to New-York, 81c., and to Albany, 87c.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, March 27.

COTTON advanced ½c.; Middling Uplands, 25½c.; Middling Orleans, 26½c. CLOVERSEED declined to $7 50@$8 25. FLOUR less active; Northwestern Extra Family, at $10 50@$11 75; Pennsylvania and Ohio do., $11@$12; Fancy, $13@$15. WHEAT in good demand; sales 2,000 bushels Red at $2 70; 15,000 bushels No. 2 Spring for export at $2 33. RYE steady at $1 85. CORN firmer; sales 3,000 bushels Yellow at $1 20. OATS, 85c.@87c. GROCERIES and PROVISIONS unchanged.

BUFFALO, Friday, March 27.

Markets generally are dull; but few transactions are reported at $10 25 for City ground Flour; $2 30 for one car lot No. 1 Milwaukee Club Wheat; $1 09 for new Corn on the track, and $2 14 for 10,000 bushels Barley on the Canal at Rome. Other articles without quotable change.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, March 27.

Stocks dull. Pennsylvania State Fives, 99; Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 26½; Reading Railroad, 45; Pennsylvania Railroad, 55. Gold, 138¾.

[Advertisement.]

FURNITURE COVERINGS,
Brocatel, Reps, Terry, &c.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY & CO., No. 447 Broadway.

[Advertisement]

LACE CURTAINS,
Swiss and Nottingham.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY & CO., No. 447 Broadway.

[Advertisement]

SPRING STYLES.—Setting all lengthy preface aside, we confine ourselves to announcing the fact that KNOX's Spring style hats are now to be had. This, we take it, will be glad news to the male votaries of fashion. Those who have not already purchased of the great hatter, and have not become regular customers, will do well to proceed at once to No. 212 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

That bank at Scituate, R. I., could not have been robbed had the cashier's house been protected with the Burglar Alarm Telegraph; he would have had ample time to create an alarm that would have caused the burglars to skedaddle.
E. HOLMES, No. 201 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

Members of Congress, State legislators and others find the effects of KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE most salutary. Sold by all grocers. Depot Nos. 233, 234 and 237 Washington-street.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Erin	March 28	New-York	Liverpool.
Columbia	March 28	New-York	Glasgow.
Tarifa	March 28	New-York	Liverpool.
City of Baltimore	March 28	New-York	Liverpool.

Departure of Foreign Mails.

SATURDAY.

Mails for Ireland, *via* Queenstown, by the *City of Baltimore*, close at the General Post-office at 12 A. M. Supplementary mail for *paid* letters on Pier No. 45 North River, 1 to 1:30 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at........5 A. M., 1:30, 2:30 and 6 P.M.
Western Mails...5 A. M., 3:30, 4:30, 6:30 and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island........5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River........5 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad........5 P. M.
North Mails........5 A. M. and 4 P. M.
North Mail, Way........5 A. M. and 2 P. M.
South Mail at........5 A. M., 6:30, and 4:30 P. M.
On Sundays all mails close at........1:30 P. M.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.. 5 51 | Sun sets.... 6 20 | Moon sets.. 10 59

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.. 10 50 | Gov. Island. 11 39 | Hell Gate .. 1 61

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, March 27.

Cleared.

Steamships Franconia, Sherwood, Portland, J. F. Ames; Erin (Br.,) Forbes, Liverpool, National Steamship Co.; Tarifa, (Br.,) Murphy, Liverpool, E. Cunard; City of Baltimore, (Br.,) Leitch, Liverpool, J. G. Dale; Columbia, (Br.,) Smith, Glasgow, Henderson Bros.

Ship Energy, Canklins, Liverpool, Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Barks Ossuri, (Br.,) Ruton, Liverpool, Arkell & Tufts; J. L. Thiermann, (Brem.,) Nordenbold, Bremen via Philadelphia, L. Meyer.

Schooners Village Queen, Walter, Barsa and a market, Yates & Porterfield; L. P. Godwin, Waterbury, Stamford; Fanny Elder, Shay, Nassau, Moss & Ward; Alice Merch, Roberts, Pembroke, Simpson & Clapp; Ida May, Buck, St. John's, N. F., P. I. Nevins & Son; E. S. Gildersleeve, Carroll, Philadelphia, Bentley, Miller & Thomas.

Arrived.

Steamship Santiago de Cuba, Smith, Aspinwall March 19, with mdse., treasure and 247 passengers to North American Steamship Co. March 25, off Cape Hatteras, had a very heavy N. E. gale. 24th, Cape Florida W. by N. 10 miles, passed an Am. ship showing Marryatt's Nos. 760, 2d dist. pendant, (the Semeramis,) bound N.

Steamship Denmark, (Br.,) Thomson, Liverpool March 11, and Queenstown 13th, with mdse. and 489 passengers to National Steamship Co.

Steamship Niagara, Blakeman, Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to N. L. McCready.

Steamer Pelican, Clark, Providence.

Steamer Shetucket, Clark, Norwich.

Steamer Galatea, Nye, Providence.

Steamer United States, Davis, Fall River.

Bark Cuba, Sundberg, Havana March 13, with sugar to J. E. Ward & Co. March 20, lat. 36, lon. 72, had a heavy gale from E. to N. E.; was hove to for 3 ds., and driven 200 miles southeast.

Bark Minnanueth, (Br.,) Christopher, Rio Janeiro 49 ds., with coffee to Weston & Gray—vessel to G. F. Bulley. March 20, off the Capes of Delaware, had a gale from N. N. W. to E., and was driven 200 miles east.

Brig J. & H. Crowley, (of Boston,) Crowley, St. John, P. R., March 11, with sugar to Snow & Richardson. March 20, in lat. 36, lon. 74, had a gale from N. E. to E.; was hove to for 3 ds., and was driven as far south as lat. 34 30, lon. 70 30. 24th, lat. 38 32, lon. 72, spoke schr. Jarchin, from Wilmington, N. C., for New-York.

Brig Emma Dean, (Dutch,) Atkinson, Curacoa 19 ds., with hides and salt to Theodore Foulke. March 20, off Cape Hatteras, had a gale from N. W. to S. E.; was driven as far south as lat. 32, lon. 72.

Brig Amazon, (of St. John's, N. F.,) Brascomb, Pernambuco 44 ds., with sugar to order.

Schr. E. Richardson, Thompson, Arroyo, P. R., 20 ds., with sugar to Simpson & Clapp. March 21, lat. 35 00, lon. 73 30, had a gale from E. to N. W., and was driven as far south as lat. 33, lon. 72; lost jibboom, foretopmast and fore-gaff; sprung head of foremast, split mainsail and lost outer jib; had to lay to for 3 days.

Schr. William, (of St. John, N. B.,) Outhouse, Matanzas 13 ds., with sugar to P. I. Nevius & Son. March 20, off Cape Hatteras, had a heavy gale from E. to N. E.; was hove to for 60 hours; lost and split sails; stove water-casks and boat on deck, and was driven 214 miles E. S. E.

Schr. Nellie Treat, (of Bangor,) Trim, Gunioo, P. R., 22 ds., with sugar to Farr & Sargent. Left no vessels. March 21, off Hatteras, had a gale from N. W. to S. E.; was driven south as far as lat. 32, lon. 72; lost and split sails.

Schr. Emily M. Welles, Kelsey, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. S. Applegate, Stillman, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. E. T. Smith, Haney, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. John Manlove, Stabe, Elizabethport, for Newport.

Schr. Phebe Elizabeth, Hill, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Franklin Pierce, Hodgdon, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Everglade, Leland, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. J. M. Kissam, Kissam, Northport, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Hydranger, Prentiss, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Caroline & Cornelia, Crowley, Fall River, for Elizabethport.

Schr. New Record, Fisher, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. James S. Hoffman, Belknap, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Samuel P. Hawes, Jackson, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. John Beatty, Price, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Oceanus, Satterly, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Pearsall, McGinnis, Greenwich.

Schr. Elizabeth, Smith, Norwich.

Schr. Mary Langdon, Bennett, Rockland.

Schr. Sarah, Boardman, Newport, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Townsend S. Jackson, Averill, Roslyn.

Schr. President, Bailey, Clinton, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Falcon, Wheeler, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Warren, Warren, Cold Spring.

Schr. Mail, Mead, Greenwich.

Schr. Horace L., Johnson, Norwalk.

Schr. Mariner, Davis, Greenwich.

Schr. Orlanda Smith, Ferris, Portchester.

Schr. James K. Polk, Buckley, Westport.

Schr. Daniel McFell, Farland, New-Bedford.

Schr. Chase, Ingham, Rockland.

Schr. Almira, Harold, Glen Cove.

Schr. A. S. Buckingham, Bartlett, Portland.

Schr. Allie Raynor, Lockwood, Portland.

Schr. Vermillion, Markwood, Port Jefferson.

Schr. Herbert Manton, Crowell, Boston.

Schr. Maria Louise, New-Bedford.

Schr. Phenix, Gilbert, New-Haven.

Schr. Willie G. Mangam, Chase, Providence.

Schr. Edwin Crozier, ——, Gloucester.

Schr. Nelson, Weed, Northport.

Schr. Compromise, Perry, Jacksonville, Fla., 21 days.

Schr. Americus, Terry, Elizabethport, for Portland.

Schr. Mail, Merrill, Elizabethport, for Bristol.

Schr. H. Torrance, Philbrick, Elizabethport.

Sloop Temperance, Mackay, Philbrick, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

BELOW—Bark Palestina, from Sicily 45 ds., with lemons to Peniston & Co.

SANDY HOOK, Sundown—Wind light S. W., cloudy.

Sailed.

Ship Alexander Marshall, for Liverpool. Bark Catalina, for St. Jago de Cuba. Brig Centaur, for Gibara, Cuba.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, March 27.—Arr. steamer Nereus, from New-York.

Below—Bark Roebuck, Accra; brigs J. W. Drisko, Matanzas; Valencia, Trinidad; Chimborazo, Remedios; schrs. Jas. W. Vanaman, Cienfuegos; C. P. Hodgdon, Jacmel; S. J. Waring, Charleston.

CHARLESTON, March 27—Arr. brig J. W. Woodruff, from Boston; schrs. A. P. Crammer, New-York; Maria Lunt, Baltimore.

Off the port, ship Charleston, from Liverpool: schrs. J. J. Parsons and Richard Vaux, Philadelphia.

Sld. ship Hope, for Savannah.

FORTRESS MONROE, March 27.—Arr. brigs Wilmington, from Halifax, with plaster for Baltimore; Ephraim Williams, Baltimore for Mobile; schr. John Cowper, Matanzas for Baltimore; lost sails and deckload in the gale of the 21st.

HOLMES' HOLE, March 25—Arr. schrs. Tokolita, Philadelphia, for Portland; L. & A. Babcock, Philadelphia, for Boston; Wellington, Boston, for New-York; M. R. Palmer, do. do.; Darius, Rockport, for New-York; Richard Bullwinkle, do. do.; Winfield Scott, Wellfleet, for Keyport, N. J.; Rising Sun, Rockport, Me., for Charleston, S. C.; brig Elena, (Br.,) New-York, for St. John, N. B.

March 26—Arr. schrs. Henrietta Simmons, Philadelphia, for Salem; J. P. Foster, Jr., Chatham, for Hartford; Fred Warren, Rockland, for New-York; James Alderdice, Philadelphia, for Boston; Aid, Portland, for New-York.

Wind W. N. W., most all the fleet going out.

MOBILE, Ala., March 27—Arr. bark Brage, from New-Port, Wales; schr. Joseph Warren, Boston.

SAVANNAH, March 27.—Cld. ships Lilian, for Philadelphia; Frances B. Cutting, Baltimore; schr. Competitor, New-York.

Arr. steamship Cleopatra and schr. James Emson, from New-York.

Miscellaneous.

BOSTON, March 27.—The schr. Ada F. Brooks, of Provincetown, from Barbados for Boston, went ashore on the 26th inst. on the southeast side of Cattybunk. She lies on a sandy bottom, is tight, and will probably soon be got off by the help of a steamer.

Spoken, &c.

Nazarine—brig, of Maitland, N. S., bound to Portland, March 26, lat. 37 24, lon. 73 40.—By pilot-boat James Avery, No. 9.

S. M. Tinker—brig, from Matanzas for Boston, March 25, lat. 39 15, lon. 73 25.—By pilot-boat Isaac Webb, No. 8.

Edward De Hart—schr., from Arroyo, P. R., for New-Haven, March 17, lat. 29 50, lon. 72.

Henry & Louisa—brig, hence for Cuba, March 24, lat. 38, lon. 72.

Foreign Ports.

At Arroyo, P. R., March 6, schrs. Fred Smith, for New-York in 7 ds.; Delmont Locke, hence, dischg. The schr. Keokuk, for Norwich, Conn., sailed the day previous.

At St. John, P. R., March 11, Br. brig Kate, from St. John, N. F., dischg.; brig Princess, from Bangor, do.

At Caracoa, March 7, U. S. steamer, all well.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals Out.

QUEENSTOWN, March 27—11:15 A. M.—The Royal Mail steamship Russia, Capt. Cook, of the Cunard Line, which left New-York on the 18th inst., arrived at this port at an early this morning, after an unusually rapid passage. After the usual short delay for the landing of the London and Continental passengers and mails, the Russia proceeded to Liverpool, where she will be due in a few hours.

GLASGOW, March 27—11:15 A. M.—The steamship Europa, Capt. Craig, of the Anchor Line, which left New-York on the 14th inst., was signaled in the Clyde at an early this morning on the way to this port.

THE FINEST
DIAMONDS,
FROM OLD AND NEW MINES,
IN ARTISTIC MOUNTINGS.
AN EXTENSIVE SELECTION.
STARR & MARCUS,
NO. 22 JOHN-ST., Up Stairs.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S
CLOTHING.
We open the Season with the following Specialties:
BOULEVARD, PRINCE IMPERIAL AND BEN FRANKLIN SUITS.
BISMARCK AND GARIBALDI SUITS,
in great variety and very low in price.
DEVLIN & CO.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.
HAND-PLATED AND BRONZED DOOR KNOBS, BUTTS, BELL PULLS, SASH FASTENERS,
And other Furniture to match.
MORTICE AND RIM LOCKS,
PORCELAIN AND MINERAL KNOBS,
and all articles necessary for
FIRST-CLASS HOUSES, IN GREAT VARIETY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
F. & L. MANY & MARSHALL,
No. 48 Warren-st., New-York.

THE JEWS AND JUDAISM.—Revs. Morris, J. Raphall, Samuel M. Isaacs, Isaac Leeser, Abraham De Sola, Dr. Samuel Adler, Dr. Bernard Illoway, James K. Gutheim, Dr. M. Jastraw, Dr. H. Vidaver, B. Szold, A. J. Messing, George Jacobs; with Portraits, Biographies, and a Sketch of the Jewish Doctrines, Creeds and Ceremonials, in April Number PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL; 30 cts. or $3 a year. Newsmen have it.

MRS. M. G. BROWN'S METAPHYSICAL DISCOVERY is the only logical treatment extant. It kills the root of all disease, deafness, noises in the head, discharges from the ear, blindness, baldness, catarrh, &c., &c. The discovery penetrates the system by absorption through the eyes, ears and scalp, and is safe for a new-born babe. $3 per package.

Extracts from a letter from a gentleman in California.

"SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20, 1868.

I talk to you as a philosopher, so that I shall say something I otherwise might not. Well, the Catarrh is gone, and my hearing wonderfully improved.

I have been deaf for more than twenty-seven years. For twelve years past I have had piles—blind, bleeding and itching. For a year past I have had eight outgrowths of flesh under my arm, as large as a finger end, and torpid. Now, after two months' use of your Metaphysical Discovery, the piles, lumps, &c., are all gone. What shall I say? I feel jubilant like a freed bird—like one free after twenty-seven years' imprisonment. Thank you. The song of my heart is—God bless Mrs. M. G. BROWN."

Many such letters are in my possession.

Thousands die at the age of fifty who might have lived fifty years longer had they occasionally, through life, used the Metaphysical Discovery.

Understand! Remember! People are sinking into the arms of Death many years before laid in the coffin.

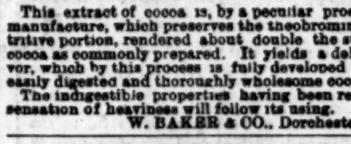
Full directions accompany each package.

The Metaphysical Discovery is put up in neat cases. If you cannot get them of your druggist send to No. 51 Bond-st.; will be forwarded to any address on receipt of the price, THROUGH POST-OFFICE ORDER.

Mrs. M. G. Brown will be at her office, No. 51 Bond-st., EVERY MONDAY; hours from 9 to 3. PERSONAL CONSULTATION and EXAMINATION, $5. ADVICE BY LETTER, $1.

TRY
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BREAKFAST COCOA.
This extract of cocoa is, by a peculiar process in its manufacture, which preserves the theobromine and nutritive portion, rendered about double the strength of cocoa as commonly prepared. It yields a delicious flavor, which by this process is fully developed and is an easily digested and thoroughly wholesome cocoa.
The indigestible properties having been removed, no sensation of heaviness will follow its using.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

IMPROVED NATIONAL REVOLVER



AND NATIONAL DERRINGER,
MANUFACTURED BY
THE NATIONAL ARMS CO.,
Penn-st., between Kent and Wythe avs.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.
For sale by the trade generally.

CEDAR CAMPHOR
Stifling to insect life. Superior against Moths. Sold by druggists everywhere. THEOD. S. HARRIS, Successor to HARRIS & CHAPMAN, Boston. New size, 50c.

PHILIP PHILLIPS & CO.,
NO. 37 UNION-SQUARE, BROADWAY, N. Y.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
SMITH'S UNRIVALED AMERICAN ORGANS.
Also, Manufacturers of SUPERIOR PIANOS and Publishers of SUNDAY-SCHOOL MUSIC.
Organs to rent by the month.

BEEBES RANGES
The best cooking apparatus for family use; durable, economical, and sure bakers. Made, put up and warranted by
JAMES, KIRTLAND & CO.,
Corner Reade, Centre and Elm sts.

J. SANGER & CO., NO. 355 BOWERY,
Recommend their new MUSIC STORE to the public, and offer their large stock of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS (own importation) at the very lowest prices. Sheet music of the latest American and European publications. Musical instruments carefully repaired.

RAYMOND'S
STOCK OF
SPRING CLOTHING,
IS COMPLETE.
SPRING
OVERCOATS!
REMARKABLE FOR VARIETY
AND
Unrivaled Cheapness,
$8 TO $24.
Nos. 121, 123 and 125 Fulton-st.

PRICES FOR HARD TIMES.
Davis Collamore & Co.,
NO. 479 BROADWAY,
FOUR DOORS BELOW BROOME-STREET.

White China Dinner Sets, second choice, 163 pieces, good style	$35
White China Tea Sets, second choice, 44 pieces	$7
White China Tea Cups and Saucers, per dozen	$6
White and Gold China Tea Sets, 44 pieces	$12
Plain Goblets, Cut Bottom, per dozen.	$1 75
Colored Finger Bowls, per dozen	$2
Service of Cut Glass, viz.: 12 Goblets, 12 Champs, 12 Wines, 12 Clarets, 2 Decanters, 2 Salts	$30
Service of Engraved Glass, Same number of pieces	$50
Decorated Dinner Sets, $75 and upward.	
Parisian Granite China Dinner and Tea Sets, 136 pieces	$30
Parisian Granite Chamber Sets, 11 pieces	$6

Plated Ware from the celebrated house of
ROGERS, SMITH & CO.
CLOCKS, BRONZES, CUTLERY.

PROF. MAYER'S ANALYSES OF CONDENSED MILK shows the proportion of BUTTER found in each, viz.:

		Per cent.
BORDEN'S	CONDENSED MILK.	13 2-10
AMERICAN	COMPANY'S CONDENSED MILK.	5 9-10
UNITED STATES	DO.	3 9-10

CONSUMERS WHO PREFER
UNSKIMMED MILK
WILL PURCHASE
BORDEN'S.
The New-York Condensed Milk Company has for TEN YEARS delivered milk that has always been perfectly pure. Depot, Nos. 34 and 36 Elizabeth-st.

NAPOLEON III
HERRING'S SAFES

30,000 FRANCS.
HERRING'S PATENT
CHAMPION SAFES.
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68, 38, 62, 3, 54, 13, 73, 26, 4, 36, 43.
PADUCAH—EXTRA CLASS No. 299, March 27, 1868.
48, 12, 33, 36, 58, 13, 45, 47, 8, 68, 1, 4.
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TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

THE SEVENTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of Broome and Ridge sts., will hold its 50th anniversary on SUNDAY. Semi-centennial sermon by the Pastor, Rev. T. M. DAWSON, at 10½ A. M.; an historical address to the Sabbath-school by Rev. T. RALSTON SMITH, D. D., at 3 P. M.; addresses by the Rev. EDWIN F. HATFIELD, D. D., and others, at 7 P. M. Ample provision has been made for the accommodation of all the old members and friends who can find it convenient to be present. All are invited.

TWENTY-FOURTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, SUNDAY, March 29, Services by the Praying Band, S. HALSTEAD, Leader.